For The
BEST AGENCY CONTRACT
GET IN TOUCH WITH
MOHAN SONS & CO.,
185, MAHATMA GANDHI ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY 1.
Tel. 22127.
Chief Agents to:—
THE BOMBAY MUTUAL LIFE
ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD. ESTD. 1871

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXV NO. 233 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

For 1st Class Upholstery Work
GENUINE "Rexine" BRAND
LEATHER CLOTH
of Best quality in various colours and designs has just been received.
Write to:—
P. SHAH & CO. DWARKADAS MANSION, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.
Tel:— 41684 Telegram:—"BUSBODY."

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Linking Up Rural Economy With Credit Resources

Lively Debate On Bill To Regulate And License Warehouses For Agricultural Produce

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, Oct. 3.

"This Bill seeks to provide godown accommodation for the storage of goods which in the conditions of rural economy as they obtain today is badly required, particularly for certain agricultural commondities; and secondly it mobilises all the produce which lies in the godowns for increasing and strengthening the credit resources of the agriculturists. It also links up the produce of the agriculturist and the marketing of that produce with the Reserve Bank of India".

In these words Mr. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Finance Minister, summed up the scope of the Bill to provide for the regulation and licensing of warehouses in the Province of Bombay in the course of his speech on the first reading of the Bill in the Legislative Assembly today.

The course of a lucid exposition of the Bill, Mr. Mehta said that what was sought to be provided by the Legislation was not merely physical accommodation but the creation of an instrument of credit which might pass right from the village to central banking organisation in India namely the Reserve Bank.

Commending this novel legislation, the first of its kind in India, the Finance Minister said that in the present unorganised state of agricultural economy, the Bill might appear to be a small step. It might even appear to some captious critics an unnecessary. But Government looked forward to the day when the economic life of the Province might be placed on an organised footing. The Legislation would then be found to be as necessary for mobilising the credit resources of the agriculturists as it has proved in other predominantly agricultural countries of the world.

The House passed the first reading of the Bill after a brief debate in which Messrs. J. H. Shamsuddin, M. N. Memane, G. E. Simhasane, B. A. Khimjee, B. M. Gupte, S. R. Kanthi, S. B. Kutre, V. P. Pawar, T. S. Jadhav, N. A. Patil, S. H. Dhumma and Shivbishalsing Harpalsing participated. The House took up consideration of the second reading of the Bill.

Twelve of the 34 clauses were gone through at a rapid pace before the House rose for the day.

TWO-FOLD NEED

Moving the first reading of the Bill, Mr. V. L. Mehta said that the Bill was being sponsored to meet a real need in the life of the community. That need was two-fold. The need had arisen because of the change that had come over rural life in India by the impact of modern economic conditions. Most of the agricultural produce of the Province had now become article of inter-provincial or even of international trade. Farming was no longer of the self-sufficient variety. In order to adjust themselves to the economic life as it had now developed in India, the agriculturist needed a credit organisation. It was the duty of the Legislature to sanction and of the administration to provide such an organisation. The bulk, if not the whole of the agricultural produce of the Province came into the market at a particular time. This created conditions of glut in the market. Orderly and methodical marketing was not possible unless first, the agriculturist had facilities for stocking and storing his produce and secondly to get against that produce the credit accommodation he needed for his domestic or agricultural requirements. It was necessary to make provision for the storing of produce and to use stored and stocked produce as a security against which he could borrow money.

THE IDEA TAKES BIRTH

Tracing the origins and history of this Legislation, Mr. Mehta said that the idea of providing licensed warehouses was first made in India in the report of the Royal Commission on Agriculture. The credit for putting forth this demand in a concrete form went to a Parsi economist and financier, Mr. B. F. Madon, who educated public opinion on the subject and also presented a memorandum and draft Bill to the Provincial Banking Inquiry Committee. That Committee recommended that experiments should be made for setting up licensed warehouses. The recommendation was endorsed and amplified by the Central Banking Inquiry Committee which suggested that the receipt or the warehouse warrant in respect of goods stored in a licensed warehouse should be a document which would be a suitable instrument of credit. Two of the Sub-Committees of the National Planning Committee presided over by Mr. Manu Subedar and the late Ramdas Pantulu had made similar suggestions. Meanwhile the Reserve Bank of India had come into being and one of its chief functions was to provide agricultural credit. The Bank had moved various Provincial Governments to adopt legislation in the matter of licensed warehouses. But due to war preoccupation nothing was done. The present Government had taken up the question, conferred with the representatives of the Re-

(Continued on page 7)

TIT FOR TAT!

WASHINGTON, October 3 (Reuter): "The United States Army announced to-day that Russian military attaches had been excluded "on purpose" from recent ordinance demonstrations here because United States attaches had been barred from similar affairs in Russia.

The Army spokesman referred particularly to a demonstration held in the United States Army Proving Grounds at Aberdeen, Maryland, yesterday, attended by attaches of many other countries and by 2,500 industrialists, Army and Navy officers and newspapermen.

Queen Wilhelmina

THE HAGUE, Oct. 3 (Reuter): Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands will shortly "temporarily resign" for health reasons in favour of Princess Juliana, who will act as Regent, an official communique said today.

HONG-KONG TO REMAIN BRITISH COLONY

NANKING, October 3 (Reuter): Sir Alexander Grantham, Governor of Hong-Kong, who arrived in Nanking two days ago on a "purely courtesy visit" to-day denied that changes were pending in the status of Hong-Kong. "Hong-Kong will not become a Dominion, but will remain a Colony," he said.

He declined to comment on questions about the possible transfer of Hong-Kong to China, declaring that the Colony had long-range reconstruction plans.

Prof. Sir Patrick Abercrombie, the town planning expert, was going to Hong-Kong next month to consult with engineers, he said.

CONTRIBUTIONS TO U.N.O.

India And Pakistan Appeal For Review Of Whole Question

LAKE SUCCESS, October 3 (Reuter): India and Pakistan appealed to the United Nations yesterday for a review of the whole question of contributions to the organisation for 1949.

Addressing the Budgetary Committee during discussion of the report of the Committee on Contributions for 1948, the Indian Delegate, Mr. Sundaresan, said he presumed the figure of 3.95 of the total contributions for 1948, would be distributed between India and Pakistan. He added: "I trust, however, the whole question of contributions for the year 1949 will be a matter for further review."

Pakistan's delegate, Mr. M. M. Farookhi, sitting on the Budget Committee for the first time, said he agreed with the Indian Delegate.

"BIG FOUR" DEPUTIES MEET

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter): Sir Noel Charles, Special Deputy for British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin, opened the Italian Empire Conference at Lancaster House here today, with a call for as much speed as possible in the dispatch of the Investigating Commission to the Italian Colonies.

Satyagraha Without Truth Is Mockery

Gandhiji's Warning On Improper Use Of Weapon For Sake Of Power

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3, (API): The following is the authorised version of Mahatma Gandhi's post-prayer speech: Congratulatory wires keep pouring in on Mahatma Gandhi.

Today he was getting news of Satyagraha being started in many places. Often he wondered whether the so-called satyagraha was not really Duragraha. Whether it was strikes in mills or railways or post offices or movements in some of the states, it seemed as if it were a question of seizing power. A virrulent poison was leavening society today and every opportunity for attaining their object was seized by those who did not stop to consider that means and ends were convertible terms.

But those who resorted to satyagraha should search their hearts and find out whether it was Truth that they were seeking. If not then insistence became a mockery. He affirmed that those who were trying to get what was not in reality theirs could not possibly abide by Ahimsa and Truth could not be found without it.

FASCISM—MENACE TO COUNTRY

Nehru Concerned Over Reactionary Elements Gaining Foothold

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): Addressing a gathering of Congress workers and students in Delhi today, Pandit Nehru expressed his concern about Fascist tendencies which were spreading in certain sections of the people of India at present.

This wave of Fascism, the Prime Minister said, which was gripping India now was the direct outcome of hatred for the non-Muslims the Muslim League had preached among its followers for years. The League, had accepted the ideology of Fascism from the Nazis of Germany. Pandit Nehru recalled how, immediately after his return from Europe in 1938, he found in the League distinct influences of European dictators. The ideas and methods of the organisation were now gaining popularity among the Hindus also and the demand for the establishment of a Hindu state was its clear manifestation.

If the Muslims proved traitors to this country then, he added, India had every right to punish them, but it was not possible to force them to migrate to any other country. There were Hindus too who had acted treacherously towards India: to which country could they be asked to migrate, he asked.

The demand for sending away all the Muslims from India and the lawlessness prevailing at present was proving of great help to the reactionary elements who were gradually gaining footholds in the social and political life of the people. This, Pandit Nehru declared was a serious menace and it was the duty of every honest Congress worker to fight It.

The Prime Minister reminded them of India's case against the South African Government in the U.N.O. India had protested afainst the order banning Indians from entering certain areas, but their whole case would collapse if they in their own country put restrictions upon loyal Muslims.

Pandit Nehru complained that the Congressmen of today were frittering away their energies in petty squabbles and were not doing very much of honest constructive work. The confidence which the Congress enjoyed among the masses was a fruit of sacrifice of the past and it was being shaken by the way real work among them was being neglected by Congressmen. Public memory was short and they could not depend upon the reserve of popularity for very long, he warned.

U.N. BATTLE OVER GREECE

LAKE SUCCESS, New York, Oct. 3 (Reuter): The United Nations Political Committee today resumed the general debate on the Balkans issue with a long statement by M. Dmitri Manuisky (Ukraine) vehemently attacking Britain and the United States for what he called their "illegal intervention" in Greece.

He declared, "The only solution of the Greek problem is— (1) Immediate evacuation of foreign troops. (2) Ban on any Government sending military aid to Greece (3) Give the Greek people an opportunity to solve their own problems without foreign interference".

Lord Ismay To Fly To London Next Week

Pakistan's Appeal To Dominions And Repatriation Of Br. Troops To Come Up For Discussion

LONDON, Oct. 3, (Reuter): The visit which General Lord Ismay, Senior Adviser to Governor-General Lord Mountbatten, is paying to London early next week will enable the British Cabinet to hear a personal report on conditions in India, a spokesman of the Commonwealth Relations office said tonight.

PERIODICAL VISIT

Lord Ismay, who is due to reach London by air on Monday afternoon, is paying one of the periodical visits which were arranged at the time of Lord Mountbatten's appointment to supplement the regular service of information by official telegram.

Official circles in London, while discounting suggestions that Lord Ismay's visit was caused by any specific development, agreed that Pakistan's appeal to the Commonwealth and the pace of repatriation of British forces were questions which might come into general review. The reply Britain will send to Pakistan, however, depends more on the result of the consultations now taking place among the Dominions, bearing in mind that Pakistan asked for comment and advice on the whole situation rather than direct aid

"Economist's" Plea For Joint Declaration

"The Economist" in a note on the situation in India and Pakistan, declared today that Pakistan's appeal to the British and Commonwealth Governments for aid and advice had "caused no little embarrassment".

"The British Commonwealth is not a collective security organisation for the protection of its members against one another and there is nothing they can do in such a situation except to use their influence for peace-making and to provide urgent relief for the refugees on both sides", the pap said.

"But within the limits set by the Commonwealth's lack of any Supreme Executive authority, it would be of value if the concern felt by Britain and other Dominions at the turn of events in India and their will to give whatever assistance is in their power to both India and Pakistan as soon as they can compose their differences should find expression in some joint declaration.

"There may be danger in even verbal involvement in such an explosive quarrel, but they are less than the impression of indifference and apathy which would be given by a failure to manifest any interest in what is going on".

Indian Troops In Bantwa And Sardargadh

RAJKOT, Oct. 3 (API): Detachment of troops of the Indian Dominion were moved from Rajkot, probably to Bantwa and Sardargadh Talukas adjoining Junagadh at the request of the rulers of these Talukas who, it is learnt, have not yet acceded to either of the Dominions of India or Pakistan.

Two More States Accede To Pakistan

KARACHI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): **The States of Bahawalpur and Khairpur have decided to accede to the Dominion of Pakistan, it is understood.**

INDIA'S ENVOY TO IRAN

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3: Syed Ali Zaheer, Shia leader of Lucknow and formerly Member for Communications in the first Interim Government of India has been appointed India's Ambassador to Iran.

Suhrawardy Flies To Karachi

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3 (API): Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy left for Karachi this afternoon by plane. Prior to his departure Mr. Suhrawardy had prolonged talks with Mahatma Gandhi.

Mr. Suhrawardy is likely to hold discussions with the Governor-General of Pakistan and the Ministers there on the subject of minorities' rights and protection.

Gazdar's Call For Mobilisation

KARACHI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. H. Gazdar, Development Advisor to the Government of Sind and a member of the All-India Muslim League Council, in the course of a statement today said that Muslims in India are passing through the darkest period of their history. It is the duty of every Muslim in this emergency to prepare himself for defence.

We must immediately organise ourselves.

Every Pakistan Muslim should remember that his infant of Pakistan born only six weeks ago had no time to breathe freely. It is sought to be strangulated on the morrow of its birth. Our responsible leaders have been kept busy from the day they took office in succouring Muslim refugees. They had no time to stabilise Pakistan.

Impatience of Muslims has apparently grown so much that they have started enrolment of "Mujahids" under the guidance of our revered Maulanas like Shabbir Ahmad Usmani and others. But this may also do less good and more harm.

The initiative, in my opinion, should rest with the Government and they must themselves act and act immediately.

They should train and arm every Muslim between the ages of 18 and 50.

They must train our women for war services.

This must be done within the next two months. The task is gigantic and most trusted, energetic and experienced men should be placed in charge of it.

"Mobilise"—must be the watchword.

"Life Impossible For Minorities In Western Pakistan"

Congress Leaders Appeal To India Govt. "To Deal Firmly With Pakistan And Expedite Evacuation"

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3, (A.P.I.): After a three-day long conference, Congress leaders from Western Pakistan—Sind, West Punjab and N.-W. F.P.—have issued a statement to the press, embodying six suggestions made to the Government of India to expedite the evacuation and rehabilitation of refugees from Western Pakistan.

The leaders also suggest that the term "refugees" has come to denote complexes of superiority and inferiority among our brethren in India".

The Congress leaders include: Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President, Sind Provincial Congress Committee, Chaudhri Krishna Gopal Dutta, M.L.A., former Deputy Leader of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party, Mr. Girdhari Lal Puri, Deputy Speaker of the N.-W.F.P. Legislative Assembly, Dewan Hanju Ram Gandhi, ex-Finance Minister, N.-W.F.P., Lala Behari Lal Chanana, President, Punjab Beopar Mandal, Mr. Virendra, M.L.A., former Secretary of the Punjab Assembly Congress Party, Lala Bhagwan Das, M.L.A. (West Punjab), Mr. Madan Lal Mehta, Parliamentary Secretary, N.-W.F.P. Mr. Ramchandra, President, Lahore District Congress Committee, and Yogi Ramnath President, Rawalpindi District Congress Committee.

"BEASTIAL CARNAGE"

The following is the statement:—

"Words fail us to describe the beastial carnage which the minorities in the West Punjab, N.-W.F.P. Baluchistan and to some extent in Sind have witnessed or experienced for some time past particularly during the last few weeks. Thanks to the vigorous censorship imposed by the Pakistan Government, not one-tenth of it has seen the light of day in any section of the press. The fact that hundreds of thousands of innocent men, women and children have been killed in Western Pakistan rather pales into insignificance before the ineffably barbarous nature of the atrocities perpetrated on them. It is a slur on animals to call the perpetrators beasts.

MINORITIES NOT WANTED IN W. PAKISTAN

"All through our public life, in many cases spreading over many years, we have consistently worked and suffered for inter-communal unity. But the swift and tragic march of events and their climax in Western Pakistan have forced us to realise that in Western Pakistan life, in any of its sense, has become impossible for the minorities. The plain fact is that they are not at all wanted there and any attempt on their part, under any material or ideological impulse, to return to their hearths and homes, is bound to lead to a repetition of the horrors they have witnessed and experienced.

We have no hesitation in declaring that the present assurances of safety and security being offered to the minorities by the front-rank leaders of Pakistan are devoid of any reality and are just made to throw dust in the eyes of international opinion. Let it be clearly understood by one and all that the whole attitude and conduct of the Government and people of Western Pakistan make it impossible for the minorities to return to, and

(Continued on Page 7.)

Million Sterling To Put Tories Back In Power!

Conservative Party Conference Decides To Boost 'New Empire Unity'

BRIGHTON, England, Oct. 3 (Reuter): The 3,000 delegate Conservative Party conference meeting in Brighton today drew the broad outlines of a new Empire Unity policy, heard a sharp warning from a young delegate about "subversive foreign influences" in the Commonwealth, and witnessed the launching of a million sterling fighting fund to put the Conservative Party back in power.

The party's three-day agenda was disorganised for the first time by the decision to move tomorrow a resolution put forward by Mr. Andrew Fountaine, a young New Zealander representing West Norfolk, calling for action "to root out the ever-increasing subversive foreign influence in Britain and the Dominions." The motion, which caused an uproar, will be taken jointly with one already on the agenda on Communist activity in Britain.

ATTACK ON LABOUR GOVT.

Mr. Fountaine attacked the Labour Government for transferring power to India and blamed "Communist influence" for the present state of affairs in India. He also attacked the Government for their handling of the Palestine situation and wanted his clause included in a general resolution calling for increased political and economic unity within the Empire, but the conference insisted that it be considered separately.

After energetic appeals for Empire Unity from Mr. L. S. Amery, former Dominions Secretary and former Secretary for India, and Mr. Olivier Stanley, former Colonial Secretary, the Conference also endorsed an appeal to the present Government not to make tariff agreements with foreign countries which would weaken the system of Imperial Preference.

HYDERABAD POLICE FIRE ON VILLAGERS

12 Killed, 30 Injured On Way To Flag Hoisting Ceremony

BOMBAY, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): Twelve persons were killed and thirty others injured when Hyderabad police fired upon 200 villagers of Unari and Patarde in Nanded District on September 29, states a Hyderabad State Congress news bulletin issued in Bombay.

The villagers were proceeding to Dorli for a flag hoisting function of the State Congress, adds the bulletin.

About 5,000 shendi trees were cut during the last week in Hadgaon taluka, district Nanded, in defiance of the Excise Laws. Another 2,000 trees were cut in Ambad taluka of Aurangabad District.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON DECEMBER.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

Previous Closing	30.80
Today's Opening	30.85
Difference	+5
Today's Closing	30.83
Difference	+3

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

Anaconda Copper Mining $34-7/8.
General Motors $58-3/4.
United States Steel Common $71-3/4.
United States Steel Preference unquoted.—(Reuter).

LAST QUOTATIONS.

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

	Rs.	as.
Cotton Jarila Jan.	470	0
Cotton Jarila March	475	0
Silver Bullion	164	8
Gold Forward	106	6
Sovereign	24	4

Stop Press

LATEST FROM MYSORE

BANGALORE, Oct. 3. (API): Members of the Mysore State Congress Working Committee were lodged in Hassan and Chikmagalur jails have, it is understood, been now brought under one roof, perhaps to facilitate consultation among themselves.

News has reached Bangalore of tampering with rails at two different places in the Bangalore-Hindpur section. It is stated fishplates were found removed on one side.

MYSORE RAILWAY STRIKE

BANGALORE, October 3 (API): According to the Mysore Railway authorities nearly 2,000 workers out of a total of 11,000 had resumed work by this evening.

HOW TO AVERT WORST FOOD CRISIS

WASHINGTON, October 3 (Reuter): Sir John Boyd Orr, Director-General of the Food and Agricultural Organisation, declared to-day "only concerted national and international action in all economic fields" could avert the worst ever food crisis this winter.

SUHRAWARDY IN KARACHI

KARACHI, October 3 (API): Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, former Premier of Bengal, arrived here this afternoon by air from Delhi.

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

TENDERS ARE INVITED for taking, developing and printing of about 12,000 photographs in duplicate of passport size of the Municipal licensees in the City. Tenders are to be enclosed in sealed envelopes addressed to the Municipal Commissioner, superscribed Tender for "photos", and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Bombay Municipality, Cruickshank Road, Fort, so as to reach him not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on Wednesday, 15th October, 1947. A tender deposit of Rs. 100/- (one hundred only) should accompany every tender.

Further particulars can be had from the Office of the undersigned at Improvement Trust Building, 7, Napier Road, Fort.

A. H. K. SHAIKH,
Superintendent of Licences,
Shops and Establishments.
(5491)

AMERICAN
PEDESTAL FANS

(24" Blades, A.C. 50 Cycles)

for

STUDIOS, CINEMAS, HOTELS & FACTORIES.

BAHAVISTAN LIMITED,
Vithal Sayana Bldg.,
Lohar Chawl,
BOMBAY 2.
7123

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING OF THE CORPORATION called for MONDAY, the 6TH OCTOBER, 1947 at 3 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME):—

146-147. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For (146) using well-water for flushing purposes in view of the shortage of water, etc., and (147) requesting Government to make available unoccupied premises owned by Government and private individuals for housing needy persons.

148. From Mr. K. H. Goregaokar—For enquiring into the letting of a portion of the Municipal School premises at Love Lane for residential purposes.

149-150. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For (149) conveying to Government the Corporation's apprehension at the proposed inclusion in the Rent Restriction Act of a provision enabling landlords to eject tenants on the ground of the premises being required for the use not only of the landlord but also his relatives, etc.; and (150) requesting Government to re-introduce the subsidized milk scheme so as to make milk available for infants, etc., at annas 6 a seer.

151. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For providing free tram and bus passes to such of the peons of the Municipality as are provided with railway passes at present.

152-153. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For (152) requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee to take action to set right certain defects in the Trams and Buses; and (153) obtaining a report from the Commissioner regarding the extent of the inadequacy of the existing rolling stock both trams and buses, etc.

154-155. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For (154) increasing the number of buses serving the Walkeshwar locality and increasing their frequency, etc.; and (155) expressing the Corporation's regret at the tendency of certain newspapers to distort and misrepresent facts in reporting the Corporation's proceedings.

156-157. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For circulating to Councillors (156) the last statement or memorandum dealing with the revenue and expenditure position of the B.E.S. & T. Company; and (157) a hand-book indicating the activities, etc., of the various departments of the B.E.S. & T. Co., etc.

158. From Mr. Ganpatishankar N. Desai For posting traffic starters or regulators at important bus stopping stations for regulating the queues of the passengers.

159. From Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For taking immediate action with regard to the complaints of the residents of Shivaji Park locality about non-removal of KUTCHRA from that locality by the Conservancy Department.

160-162. From Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—For (160) requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee to circulate the rules of procedure of its meetings to the Municipal Councillors; (161) for celebrating fittingly the Diamond Jubilee of the Corporation and (162) requesting Government not to enact proposed amendment of the Rent Restriction Act preventing sub-letting of premises by tenants.

163. From Mr. Soonderdas Morarjee—For expressing the Corporation's regret at the death of Sir Hugh Clayton.

164. From Mr. K. A. Subramanian, seconded by Mr. Soonderdas Morarjee—For requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee to adopt strict measures to prevent the systematic misappropriation of fares paid by the Bus and Tram passengers by the Conductors, etc.

165. From Mr. K. A. Subramanian—For requesting the B.E.S.T. Committee to take steps to enforce rules prohibiting carrying of passengers on the trams and buses in excess of the prescribed accommodation.

By Order of
His Worship the Mayor,
B. V. MODY,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 3rd October, 1947.

PUBLIC NOTICES

★ **STAR LINE** ★

WE ARE PLEASED to inform our patrons, clients and well-wishers that one of the Telephone Numbers in our new premises at MAYFAIR, Churchgate Street, is

27172

MISTRI AIRWAYS LTD.,
Mayfair, Churchgate Street,
Fort, Bombay
(5502)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VISHNU BALKRISHNA PARANJPE of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, (if any), will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground together with the three-fourth portion of a well standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Vile Parle, Registration Sub-District Bandra District, Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement 5,000 (five thousand) square yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey No. 22, Hissa No. 1 (part) and Plot Nos. 29C, 29-D, 29 E, 29F and 29-G of Paranjpe Scheme A at Vile Parle and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North and East by the Roads of the said scheme now declared as public roads, on or towards the South partly by Plot No. 29B and partly by Plot No. 29H of the said Scheme and on or towards the West partly by the Road of the said Scheme now declared as Public Road and partly by Plot No. 29B of the said Scheme.

Dated this 3rd day of October, 1947.

BHAISHANKER, KANGA AND GIRDHARLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(5501)

AUCTION SALES

Auction Sale of property in Hyderabad (Sind).

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay the right, title, interest and share of insolvent Dayaldas Rijumal in House situate at Hyderabad (Sind) at Lutafali or Chokdi Incline, registered as Chadur 65, Ward D. Bearing (1) S. No. 2568, 2600 area 488 sq., ft. (2) S. No. 2595-2596 area 604 sq., yds. & 4 sq., ft. (3) S. No. 2597 area 62 sq. yds. & 8 sq. ft., will be sold by public auction on 9th October, 1947, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at our rooms.

CRAWFORD & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. Property of N. Morton, Esqr., and others at Chowpatty seaface, near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, mirror door steel almirah, Godrej safe, typewriter, Singer machine, Zoola sofa cabinet, large ice-box, cottage piano by Rose, dining, writing and dressing table, chairs, show case, Chesterfield, almirah, bed, hall carpet, gramophone, etc. (Sales-Tax). T. 40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.

ARYAN PAPER MILLS LTD.
DISTRIBUTORSHIP OF PRODUCTS

Most Successful Share Selling Agents will have preference for District or Divisional Zones.

For Particulars write to
MANAGING AGENTS,
12, Chowringhee Square,
CALCUTTA.

ENGLISH
CARBIDE OF CALCIUM
IMPORTERS
RADHAKANTO DOSS & SONS, LTD
Glassware Enamelware Lampware
Cutlery and Aluminium Dealers.
211, Old China Bazar St Calcutta

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of about 190 Fuel Tanks size 140" x 33" x 36" about 2,500 Rubber—V Belts size 30 in. to 90 in. about 88 Fuel Tanks, 32-36-49 Gal. Kedge Wire Reels, Motor Starter and generators, 12 Volts, Battery Parks 12 volt, 60 Tanks refuelling, about 22 Novo Petro Engines, about 14 Worthing Simpson Elec. Pumps, size 31.2" x 3" 30 AMP's D. C. Cowles, about 22 c/s Sponge Rubber diff. size, Rudders, Tank Lashing, Preventor chains, about 17' long etc., on THURSDAY, 9th Inst. at 2-30 P. M. (S.T.) at the godown of M/s. Ina Machinery Corporation, Behind Bombay Hosiery Works, Mogal Lane, near Matunga Station (B.B. & C.I.) under instructions from the Party Concerned.

Terms: 25 p.c. cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of 5 Bales Towels, 5 Cases Handgloves, and 1 Bale Underwears on Wednesday, 8th Inst. at 2-30 P. M. (S.T.) at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from M/s. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan, Solicitors for M/s. International Bank of India Ltd., pledgees and on a/c and at risk of Pledgors concerned.

Terms: 25 p. c. cash deposit.

AUCTION SALE of IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT JAGJIVAN KIKA STREET, (GULALWADI). M/s. GANDHI & CO. will under instructions from M/s. Shastri & Co., Attorneys for Surviving Mortgagee and at risk of Mortgagors Mahadev Keroba Mantri and Wasudeo Keroba Mantri under and by virtue of power of sale contained in Indenture of Mortgage of 20-2-36. Transfer of Mortgage dated 31-3-36 and Further Charge dated 31-8-36, sell by Public Auction on Wednesday 15th Inst. at 4-30 P. M. (S.T.) undermentioned immovable property on premises.

All that piece of Fazandari land with dwelling house or chawl of three stories on West side of Jagjivan Kika Street admeasuring 124 square yards according to the Cadastral Survey (formerly believed to contain 113.6 Sq. Yds.) bearing New Survey No. Part of 577 Cadastral Survey No. 2488 of Bhuleswar Division and C Ward No. 5404 and Street Nos. 184, 186, 188, 190, 192 and 194.

For further conditions apply to M/s. Shastri & Co., Solicitors or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS at lost Property Office, V.T. including articles said to be of gold and silver, new and old clothes, blankets, dhurries, pillows, books, brass, copper and alum, vessels, boots and shoes, caps and hats, empty tins, empty trunks, medicines, cycles, watches, biddis, cigarettes and cigars etc. on Wednesday and Thursday 29th and 30th Inst. at 11 A. M. (S.T.) each day, respectively, under instructions from G.I.P. Rly. and in accordance with section 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act 9 of 1890.

Terms: Full cash and immediate delivery, license required for controlled articles, lots fetching not reasonable prices, will be withdrawn and lots once sold, in no circumstances, will be taken back.

GANDHI & CO.

REWARD RS. 5,000

"OTOGEN" Vitamin TONIC prepared according to improved Formula and 4 times stronger and effective than one which was manufactured in past years. A surprising increase in vitality and energy is noticeable within the first 24 hours. If you suffer from loss of vigour, weak memory and body nervousness, Impure Blood, Sickly Skin, Depression, Insomnia Giddiness, Mental or Physical Exhaustion etc., there is new hope for you. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 per cent. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts sparkle into your eyes, Rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. "OTOGEN" as tried in SWITZERLAND upon an emaciated male patient aged bove 100 years. By one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation this patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man. It has been tested and approved by thousands and thousands in ENGLAND and is now available in India. You will feel yourself extra-ordinarly healthy and an improvement in your appearance will be observed. A cash Reward of Rs. 5,000 will be awarded to any one, who proves that testimonials received so far regarding the efficacy of OTOGEN are false. Price Rs. 5/- only per box with directions.

OTOGEN LABORATORIES
P. O. Box No. 5567 Bombay 14

II—PRACTISE HOMOEOPATHY—II

(1) It is harmless and easily practised. It forms part of Naturopathy, which is encouraged and freely practised by Mahatmaji. Learn it now if you would be a member of the A.I.A (H & N) and serve your country. A working knowledge of Homoeopathy can easily be gained by correspondence, it is not so with Allopathic or Ayurvedic Systems Diploma granted.

(2) Scholarships and Free Medicine Chests are offered to the deserving. The Medicine Chest will be helpful in practical study.

For Prospectus, Apply to:— THE GRACE MEDICAL MISSION
Mavelikara, Travancore.

Sardar Patel Praises Cochin Ruler

Acknowledges His Full Co-operation During Days Of Accession

ERNAKULAM, Oct. 2. (A.P.I.): "The people of Cochin are fortunate in having Your Highness as their ruler and as usual Your Highness has been the first in democratising the State Government", says Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, Government of India in a communication to His Highness the Maharajah of Cochin expressing his appreciation of the Maharajah's announcement of full responsible Government for Cochin and his gratefulness for the assistance and co-operation received by the India Government from His Highness during the days of negotiation by states for accession to the Indian Union.

In another communication to the Maharajah Sardar Patel acknowledges the assistance and co-operation received from His Highness during the difficult days of accession by all fully empowered states excepting Hyderabad and Junagadh and recalls the "intriguing atmosphere in which they had to work when attempts were made again and again to sabotage the whole scheme and thus give a deathblow to their ideal of a strong united and powerful India". He adds "fortunately for us all those efforts failed, thanks to the unswerving loyalty to the cause of the United India shown by Your Highness and other patriotic rulers and Ministers of states. I am fully conscious of the trouble taken by you to dispel the doubts and misgivings deliberately created to mislead the princely order. It indeed gives me pleasure to recall on this occasion the support then received from Your Highness, I hope we shall be able to march forward with trust, confidence and understanding and we shall have Your Highness' co-operation and support in the difficult tasks which lie ahead of us".

The Maharajah in his reply it is understood, has reiterated his hope that a strong India would emerge as a result of the selfless and unceasing efforts of Sardar Patel and his colleagues".

REFER TO PLEBISCITE TO DETERMINE ACCESSION

Dhrangadhra's Appeal To Junagadh Ruler

In a statement to the Press the Maharaja Rajasaheb of Dhrangadhra says:—

I wish to associate my people and myself with the righteous indignation prevailing all over Kathiawar at the extraordinary and wrongful step taken by Junagadh by their accession to Pakistan.

A few days after my return from abroad I thought it fit to address a letter to His Highness the Nawab Saheb, conveying my feelings and requesting him to reconsider his decision. He has, however, not replied to this letter.

I must disassociate myself completely from the rumours of possible war between the two Dominions. I cannot think of an eventuality more calamitous to the whole country.

I pray that wisdom will prevail on the Ruler of Junagadh and that he will refer the issue to a plebiscite and thereby avoid any further popular suffering.

Letter To Nawab

Following is the text of the personal letter dated the 5th September, 1947 from His Highness the Maharaja Rajasaheb of Dhrangadhra to His Highness the Nawab Saheb of Junagadh:—

"I have received with much surprise the news of the accession of Your Highness' State to the Dominion of Pakistan. This surprise is occasioned by three cogent and inescapable considerations which cannot be ignored or altered. Firstly it means the disruption of Kathiawar, rendering all its problems embarrassingly difficult, almost unsurmountable; secondly, the Junagadh State is no wise territorially contiguous with the Dominion of Pakistan; and thirdly, the majority of Your Highness' subjects, of whom you are the father, are of Hindu persuasion, and if freely consulted would choose to remain together with the rest of Kathiawar.

Your Highness has taken this action by virtue of your sovereignty in and over your State. I humbly submit to Your Highness that the supreme authority we enjoy as Rulers is of tacit delegation to us from our people as a body and if we claim our rule to be benevolent we are in duty-bound use this authority in the general interest of the people and as they generally would wish it itself. Moreover if we continue to disregard democratic principles, such as of consultation, especially in so far-reaching a step as this, I very much fear we shall be laying ourselves open to dangerous consequences.

This is a matter in which I have felt deeply and hence I have made bold to write. This I have now done in all humility as a matter of duty to Your Highness and your State. I would beg of you to reconsider your decision."

PROVISIONAL GOVT. DISTRIBUTES PORTFOLIOS

(From Our Correspondent)
RAJKOT, Oct. 3.

The Junagadh Provisional Government has distributed portfolios of work to different members. A second office of the Government has been opened at Sanghrajka House near the Dewan's Bungalow. The Working Committee of the Kathiawar Rajkiya Parishad has passed a resolution of accepting the Arzi Sarkar and promising all support to the cause of the people of Junagadh.

NAGPUR GUJRATIS' SUPPORT
(From Our Correspondent)
NAGPUR, Oct. 2.

Local Gujratis pledged their support to Junagadh's Parallel Government formed under the leadership of Mr. Samaldas Gandhi, at a public meeting held this evening at the Town hall under the chairmanship of Mr. Popatlal Shah.

CHIANG'S TROOPS LOCKED IN BITTER BATTLE WITH REDS NEAR MUKDEN

Nationalist Warships Shell Port Of Weihaiwei

NANKING, Oct. 3 (Reuter): Chinese Nationalist warships shelled the former British-leased port of Weihaiwei in the Shantung peninsula today as Government and Communist troops in Manchuria were said to be locked in a bitter battle near the Mukden rail junction, according to press dispatches reaching here.

Dispatches described the Shantung peninsula fighting as the final phase of the Government's drive there.

The Government forces, after consolidating their position at Chefoo, large port captured by Government troops two days ago, were pressing towards Wenten, 45 miles south-east.

Ex-Viet Nam Envoy In Paris For Saigon

PARIS, October 3 (Reuter): Duong Back Mai, former delegate in Paris of the Viet Minh (the Nationalist Party in Indo-China), arrested in March on charge of "attempted breach of State security", embarked to-day under police escort at Djibouti, French Somaliland, for Saigon in Indo-China, France Press Agency reported to-day. Duong Back Mai had been detained in Djibouti pending a decision by the French Army legal authorities there.

His transfer to Saigon was requested by the military tribunal in Saigon which has taken charge of the case.

It has been stated in Saigon that he would be charged with ordering the killing of Frenchmen in French Indo-China during the Japanese occupation.

"Islami" Will Not Sail

KARACHI, Oct. 2. (A. P. I.): The Haj Office, Karachi, has issued the following to the press:—

"The sailing of S. S. "Islami" which was scheduled to sail on the 11th October from Karachi has been cancelled as her propeller has been damaged and the ship will not be sea-worthy till after the middle of October. Under the circumstances pilgrims booked in that ship must not come to Karachi as the Government will not be able to provide passages to them. No alternative shipping arrangements can be made at this late stage."

SHADOW OF GREAT POWER ON AUSTRIA

VIENNA, Oct. 3 (Reuter): To deliver Austria to "the dictatorship of a minority" would be one of the most certain causes of a new war, Dr. Karl Gruber, Austrian Foreign Minister, who has been violently attacking the Communist Party in recent speeches declared today in the People's Party organ "Tages Zeitung".

He said: "Her situation as a Democratic State surrounded by states in which Communism rules or is on its way to power, is far too delicate for us to be neglectful. It is not the size of the Austrian Communist Party which causes us uneasiness but the shadow of a greater power which falls upon our land and whose influence grows more obvious day by day."

Burma Premier To Visit Delhi

RANGOON, Oct. 3. (Reuter): Thakin Nu, Burmese Prime Minister, who will leave for London on October 12 to sign the new Anglo-Burmese Treaty, plans to pay a brief visit to New Delhi on his way home towards the end of the month, it was officially learned today.

He has been invited to India by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Indian Prime Minister.

59 MILLS START WORK

BOMBAY, Oct. 3. (A.P.I.): "The drawers-in of the Bombay cotton textile mills have begun returning to work as the strike has been called off", states a press note issued by the Director of Publicity Bombay this morning.

"59 out of 68 mills are working normally today, eight are working partially and one remains closed".

Rocky Graziano's Army Record Lands Him In Grave Trouble

Barred From Boxing In Chicago And New York

NEW YORK, Oct. 3. (Reuter): Rocky Graziano, world middle weight champion, who was suspended indefinitely by the New York State Athletic Commission last year following an investigation into an alleged 100,000 dollars bribe which he failed to report has met more trouble.

Barred from boxing in New York State Graziano now finds himself barred from boxing in Chicago, which welcomed him with open arms this summer and gave him the chance of meeting and beating Tony Zale for the world title.

The United States War Department has made a belated announcement that Graziano was given a dishonourable discharge from the army after his conviction on charges of being absent without leave in 1942.

The Illinois Boxing Commission, which controls sport in Chicago, followed the War Department statement with the announcement that in future they will debar any professional fighter who was dishonourably discharged from the armed services.

The Boxing Commission added they regretted that the War Department had not seen fit to disclose information about Graziano's war record earlier, which has given rise to the supposition that they probably would not have sanctioned Rocky's successful challenge for the world middle weight crown nor they known them what they know now.

UPSET

This latest storm swirling about Graziano's head came at a time when the New York State Athletic Commission was preparing to hear an appeal for the removal of his suspension, which would have enabled him to meet Tony Zale for a third time, this time at Madison Square Garden.

Graziano's manager Cohen was reported as saying after the War Department disclosure: "I am glad the whole story is revealed. Now maybe it will put a stop to the black-mail threats against Rocky."

Why the officials in Washington have suddenly released the details of the fighter's Army careers after so many years' silence has not been explained.

Rover's Cup 'Irrevocably Dropped'

W.I.F.A.'s Decision

BOMBAY, Friday.

In the words of Mr. Brandon, the President of the W.I.F.A. Committee, "the Rober's Cup has been irrevocably dropped". This is a sequel to the inability of the Bangalore Young Men to accept the terms offered by the W.I.F.A.

The following is the full text of Mr Brandon's statement:

"Owing to the inability of Bangalore Young Men to accept our terms, the question of playing the remaining matches in Rover's Cup has been irrevocably dropped".

It is understood that the Mohan Bagan had accepted the W.I.F.A. terms.

TRADES WIN REPLAY

Western India Football Tournament

BOMBAY, Friday.

TRADES 5
DOCKYARDS 1

After putting up a stout-hearted display in their drawn semi-final against Trade, Dockyards put up a very tame show this evening, their only consolation being that they were the first to score a goal.

In the fifth minute Vickers converted a splendid pass to score the first goal. The losers' lead was, however, short-lived as only a mile later Thomas equalised from a melee. Thereafter Parab and Thomas again scored before the interval to give their side a 3-1 lead.

Those who expected the Dockyards to put up a good fight in the second half were disappointed. Some three minutes after the restart, Malloo Nur fouled Raymond in the penalty area, but Parab wasted the resulting penalty by putting it straight into the hands of Santiago. The same player made amends some time later when Santiago allowed a feeble shot to slip through his hands. The Dockyard custodian made another similar error and this time Bhimrao profited by the lapse.

THE TEAMS:

TRADES—Sanjiva; Manuel and Rathnam; Perumal, Rashad and Govind; Bhimrao, Parab, Raymond, Thomas and Punxram.

DOCKYARDS —Santiago, Mulloo Nur and Dhankodi; Middlecoat, Sampeys and Rodrigues; Roy, Alexander, Vickers, Robertson and McMurray.

REFEREE—Jayaraman.

Russi Modi To Join His Mates Fortnight Later

Russi Modi, who early this week was reported to be a doubtful starter for the Australian cricket tour, will, it is learnt now, definitely undertake the trip after a fortnight.

The Indian team will be leaving for Australia on October 7 and Modi, who is under treatment for a slight indisposition expects the O.K. from the doctor within a fortnight from that date.

This report, it is hoped will set at rest all apprehensions about his possible inability to join the team.

'TUDOR MINISTREL' WINS K. R. STAKES AT ASCOT

LONDON, Oct. 3 (Reuter): John De. war's "Tudor Ministrel" the most discussed horse of the year wound up his short but glamorous career in a blaze of glory by cantering home in the Knight's Royal Stakes at Ascot to prove himself without question the best miler in Britain and Europe, if not in the world.

BARDOLOI ON ASSAM ADMINISTRATION

GAUHATI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): The general administration of the Province of Assam was one of the best in India today, said Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, Premier of Assam, speaking to Pressmen here this morning. He made the claim because the people of the Province could live without any fear or danger to their person or property. The man in the street had experienced absolutely no fear and there was complete communal harmony.

Mr. Bardoloi emphasised that to keep the administration of the Province at an efficient level there must be complete co-operation and understanding between the public and Government officers.

LANGUAGE POLICY

Discussing the language policy of Government, the Premier said that Assamese would be the official and state language. Steps would be taken as soon as possible to have Government proceedings and records conducted and maintained in Assamese in so far as affairs within the Province were concerned Assamese would also be the medium of instruction in schools.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

All Bombay Players Ready For Calcutta Trip

BY J. C. MAITRA

All doubts about Bombay's participation in the Inter-Provincial Football Tournament for the Santosh Trophy have now been completely set at rest by the acceptance of W.I.F.A.'s invitations by all the selected players. Thrice the Committee had decided not to take part in it for one reason or another. The last was on the belief that the Trades and Tata players would not be available for the trip. I had my grave doubts about this plea. In fact I was confident all the time that our players would jump at the very suggestion of figuring in the National Championship. So I am glad that the Cooperage bosses changed their views ultimately.

KEEP TEAM-MATES TOGETHER

Our team will be a fairly strong combination, though I cannot say that I am well satisfied with our pivot or left winger. I would certainly have preferred Duncan of the G.I.P. as centre half. But he is not quite fit. So there is no better alternative to Rashad or Krishnan.

As for the left extreme, Shiva would have been a more appropriate choice, as he is quite at home in that position. The same cannot be said about any of the selected players. As a matter of fact, I am afraid Tully would be a square peg in a round hole. He would be a positively dangerous player as Centre-forward. I should also like to keep the team-mates together in the attacking line as far as possible.

NEED FOR SELECTORS

I have no space at my disposal to discuss above aspects in detail in these columns. I would only suggest to the Committee that they should appoint a small body of selectors—say of three—to accompany the team. The Manager, the Captain and one of the senior players would be an ideal Committee, unless one of the Committee members is at hand to guide and help the Captain and the Manager. This will save bickering and unpleasantness among the players and at the same time create confidence and team-spirit among themselves.

I notice that the selectors have not chosen a captain yet. As the Trades have provided nearly half the number of players I think it would be wiser to appoint their skipper as Captain of our side. I do not see a more capable one than Manuel among the lot either. I wish the team all luck.

ROVERS CUP AGAIN

The W.I.F.A. Committee has at last decided to re-start the Rovers Cup early next week, provided Mohun Bagan and Bangalore Young Men agree to come back by then. It is now an open secret that the Calcutta side has consented to play on the 7th. I have every hope Bangalore would take the field on Monday against the Rangers. So the recommencement of our premier tournament is a dead certainty, unless something unforeseen crops up to alter the situation.

The Committee has wisely decided to restrict the number of spectators to manageable proportions. Now there is no stand either on the north or South side of the ground. So the seating accommodation will be very limited. Those who are wise should therefore reserve their seats beforehand or reach the ground in good time. Otherwise they may find the gates locked.

MORE DEFECTIONS

It is now authoritatively mentioned that Russi Modi and Fazal Mahmood may not accompany Amarnath and Co. to Australia on the 7th. This is most unfortunate, indeed. Without Vijay Merchant, the team had lost a good deal of its strength both in leadership and batting. Now it is further weakened by the absence of these two stalwarts. Russi may make the journey a little later but there seems little chance for Fazal to join up. It seems to me that Indian cricket is not destined to play its proper part in the outside world. Otherwise why should we have some trouble or other every time our team goes abroad?

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

C. R. Says:

'Voice Of God Comes Through Gandhi'

Mahatma Is Greater In His 79th Year

U. P. Muslim Surrenders Arms In Honour Of Mahatma's Birthday

NEW DELHI, OCT. 3. (UPI): FROM AN AEROPLANE FLYING GROUND AT THE BIRLA HOUSE IN HONOUR TO MAHATMA GANDHI, ON HIS 78TH BIRTHDAY, PROVIDED THE VAST CROWD WHICH HAD SHOWERS OF FLOWER PETALS LOW OVER GANDHIJI'S PRAYER LAST EVENING AS A MARK OF FATHER OF INDIAN NATION, AN AGREEABLE SURPRISE TO ASSEMBLED THERE.

The novelty of this plan which was timed to synchronise with Gandhiji's arrival at the prayer ground evoked admiration from one and all present on the spot and was highly appreciated.

CALCUTTA Oct. 3. (UPI). Mahatma Gandhi is a greater man in his 79th year than he was even before and the whole world is going to say as I have said", observed Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, West Bengal Governor, presiding over the Gandhi Jayanti celebrations of the Harijan Sevak Sangh and Harijan Balmandir here.

The function began with the singing of Gandhiji's dearest song 'Who is a real Vaishnava' Mrs. Soudamini Mehta welcoming the guests deplored the communal disturbances. She also regretted that there was lack of funds for Harijan work.

Rajaji in his characteristic numorous style said: "I am like a Harijan just now. because people cannot touch the Governor. I am put apart in a Harijan's house, they call the "Government House".

Referring to communal disturbances, Rajaji advised people to listen to the voice of Mahatmaji, as, he said, the voice of God came through him.

CAWNPORE, Oct 3 (UPI): On the accasion of Gandhi Jayanti a Muslim of Patkapur surrendered one sword, six karaulies and two spears to the Congress Committee here.

The authorities had announced that if unlicensed arms and weapons were surrendered immediately no action would be taken against them.

Follow Gandhiji's Principle Of Non-Violence

KARACHI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): Karachi celebrated Mahatma Gandhi's 79th birthday with a meeting in Sharda Mandir followed by a whole-day spinning in the Mandir on Thursday.

The meeting was attended amongst others by Mr. Sri Prakasa, the Indian High Commissioner in Pakistan, members of the Indo-British Goodwill Mission and other local Congress leaders.

Mr. Sri Prakasa addressing the meeting said that if the people followed the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi it would lead to peace and tranquillity not only in India and Pakistan but in the whole world.

Swami Avyaktananda said that the people in Europe were tired of their present material life and were seeking a life which could give them peace and contentment.

Miss Jenkings told the meeting that she was a follower of Mahatma Gandhi's principles. The West, after all the bloodshed, had realised that violence did not solve our problems and non-violence alone could give us peace and happiness.

GODLINEES IN MAHATMA

BOMBAY, Oct. 3, (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi treated every human beings alike, and, this was a sign of godliness, said Dr. R. R. Thakar, presiding at a meeting held here last night under the auspices of the Western India Homoeopathic Medical Association to celebrate Gandhi Jayanti. If the world followed the teachings of Mahatma Gandhi, it could be sure of peace and prosperity, Dr. Thakar added.

Sikhs Do Not Want Sikh State

(From Sri Guru Singh Sabha, Bombay).

Certain people in despair are striking right and left without proper consideration. The Free Press Journal in its issue of October 1st, accuses the Sikhs along with Hindus of trying to set up a theocratic State. This shows mere ignorance. The Sikhs have never demanded a Sikh State in the sense in which Pakistan is a Muslim State. They have always fought against the idea of one community ruling over others. Did not Guru Nanak say, "Only fools and idiots try to rule over others." All Sikh history reveals the concern of Sikhs to maintain the liberty of the Punjab against the aggressive encroachments of one community against another

The Sikh leaders put forward their scheme of Azad Punjab, which was not to be a Sikh State but a non-communal state, in which no community would be in absolute majority.

A statement has appeared recently in the press that Master Tara Singh has announced the abandonment of the idea of having a Sikh State. This is totally wrong. He never advocated the idea of creating a state exclusively for Sikhs in which non-Sikhs would occupy an unequal or subordinate position. What happened was this:

Somebody asked him in an interview (which is reported in papers), "Is it not possible to create a Sikh unit now that the Jullundur Division, Amritsar, Gurdaspur and parts of Ambala Division have become Sikh majority areas through exchange of population?" He is said to have replied, "Yes, it is quite feasible and I would impress upon the Indian Union Government to create a Panjabi-speaking Province in which Sikhs would now be in a majority. These joined to the Sikhs States, will create a powerful Sikh area of influence and an asset to the Indian Union. This is, however a matter between us and the Indian Union, and the British and Muslims should not worry about it."

He deplored the attempt made by the British press to poison the minds of Hindus against Sikhs by telling them that the Sikhs wanted a State for themselves, to gain which they would drive both Hindus and Muslims out of the Panjab. In reality they have no such intension.

Gandhi Library In Wardha

WARDHAGANJ, October 3 (UPI):—Principal Agarwal made an important announcement yesterday at a meeting held here regarding the establishment of the Radhakrishna Poddar Gyan Mandir at Wardha. The meeting was attended by Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa, Governor of C. P. and Berar.

It may be recalled, the late Jamnalal Bajaj had the desire to have in Wardha a 'Gyan Mandir' Library possessing a treasure of literature regarding Mahatmaji and his work—besides Gandhiji's writings, literature on Gandhiji, written and published in different languages in India as well as in foreign countries. Seth Jankipra sad Poddar of Calcutta has donated one lakh of rupees for the proposed 'Gyan Mandir' in memory of his father Seth Radhakrishna Poddar. The full scheme of 'Gyan Mandir' would vest in a registered Trust.

The following will be permanent trustees: Messrs. Jankiprasad Poddar, Kamalnayan Bajaj and Principal Shriman Narayan Agarwal.

Radhakrishnan Says:—

MAHATMA SETS TASK FOR NATION

NEW DELHI, Oct. 2 (API): Mr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan in a broadcast from All-India Radio tonight in connection with the celebrations of "Gandhi Jayanti" said the British Government had inflicted a grievous wrong on this country by imposing partition and we had acquiesced in a grave blunder in accepting it. No amount of regret would bring back a lost opportunity. Mistakes of an hour might have to be atoned for by the sorrow of years. Of course we cannot build as we will but only as we can.

PRICE OF PARTITION

The conception of Indian as one nation, a multi-communal state was resisted by the Muslim League leaders who taught the Muslim masses that they belonged to a different nation from the Hindus, in spite of their racial kinship, common cultural heritage and economic interests. The infection spread to the people eating away their tissues, penetrating their mind so that those poisoned by this doctrine found cruelty glorious, treachery noble and retaliation a moral impeative. Innocent and kindly people became possessed, fanatical and mad and communal killings spread in Bengal, Bihar and the Punjab. Our leaders were hustled into the acceptance of the partition of the country against their better judgment. The price of partition has not yielded the expected communal peace. We are passing through a fiery trial and the eyes of the world are on us.

REPLY TO CHURCHILL

If the situation is not to worsen; if the 2 Dominions are not to merit the ridicule of the world, if we wish to disappoint Mr. Churchill and his friends, if we are to settle down as good neighbours, we must trun over a new page, remove from our hearts every trace of bitterness, and resentment, shake off that pride which prevents us from confessing our faults and makes us unwilling to open our hearts to one another. Gandhi himself calls upon the minorities to stay where they are, give up belief in the two-nation theory and whole heartedly work for the States to which they belong. He is doing his best to undo the effects of the poison instilled into men's minds in recent years or he will die in the process that Hindus and Muslims may live peacefully. It is the cross laid on the great-hearted that they shall exhaust themselves in sorrow and suffering that those who come after them may live in security.

Such men who are filled with spiritual poise and yet take upon themselves the burden of suffering humanity are born into the world at long intervals.

All-India Education Week

The All-India Education Week sponsored by the All-India Federation of Educational Association commences from Saturday, October 4. In his message to the organisers of this week Dr. Amarnath Jha, President of the Federation, says: "More than ever the teacher has a vital part to play in the New India which is now coming to shape. No state can prosper unless there is a sound system of education and unless those who are in charge of it are inspired by a lofty ideal. At the same time it is of the utmost importance that the teachers should be placed above want. As has been truly said, 'a discontented teacher is an unsatisfactory teacher; a teacher in distress is a menace to society.' The main theme of the week is "Build Education for a Free India" which includes seven topics: (1) Education and New Citizenship; (2) Education and Home, (3) Education and Communal Harmony; (4) Education and Health; (5) Education and Character; (6) Education and Development of Personality and (7) Education and Internationalism.

The magic of Mahatma Gandhi's personality brought together on one platform the hitherto rival camps in Indian politics, when a packed gathering at the Jinnah Hall haerd on Thursday evening the Congress and the League chiefs carry the message of peace in humble tribute to Mahatma on his 78th birthday Picture shows Bishop Valerian Gracies (left and Bombay League President Hasanally Ebrahim (right) addressing the gathering.

The Siegfried Line

(From SEAGHAN MAYNES, Reuter's Correspondent)

HAMBURG (British Occupation Zone of Germany), Evidence of high-level graft in the construction of Germany's great Siegfried Line has been uncovered by British officers surveying the fortifications prior to blasting operations which will draw the Line's "Dragon's Teeth" and reduce the West Wall to dust.

Tests with various types of explosives on the formidable-looking "Dragon's Teeth" which were designed to halt the Allied tank armies from the Swiss border to the Dutch frontier and beyond, have shown that the contractors of the Todt organisation who built the Line, were making fat profits at the expense of the trusting millions of the Third Reich.

The quality of the concrete used has been found to be below normal standards and experiments with even small amounts of explosives have blown the vaunted anti-tank defences to pieces, leaving only the metal framework, according to the British Army magazine "Soldier".

The magazine reports that great stretches of the Siegfried Line were a shoddy make-believe and preliminary surveys show that the Nazis worked a gigantic "racket" from the millions of Reichmarks poured into the construction of the chain of fortifications.

The sub-standard materials used helped to line the pockets of grafting Party leaders and other hangers-on.

Today, men of the B.A.O.R. No. 1 Mine Clearing Office are "sweeping" great stretches of the Line to clear the mine-infested territory before the work of actual demolition begins.

The code name for the razing of the Line will be "Operation Peacock."

Already more than one million mines have been lifted and an area of roughly 10,000 miles has been cleared by Labour Service Companies.

The dangerous work of finding, lifting and destroying British, German, American, and even Dutch mines of 1940 vintage laid by the Germans, has been carried out with remarkably few casualties.

The recovered mines are collected in deep pits and exploded. Nowadays, the roar of exploding mines along sections of the West Wall has ceased to disturb farmers working in their fields, and even the cows no longer raise their heads.

Officers in charge of the eleven German labour service companies clearing the minefields in the Ach Aachen area have found the well-organised bands of smugglers who infest this border region more trouble than the actual mines.

The smugglers who prefer to call themselves "Free Traders", have stolen miles of the white tape used by the Mine-clearing squads to mark out safe passages through the minefields.

They use it to mark out their own paths through minefields at points much more convenient for the running of contraband goods over the frontiers.

The tape-stealing activities of the smugglers means interruptions in the mine-clearance work, extra risk for the detectors, and the possible delays in the Army's schedules for the destruction of the Line.

"AZAD HIND GOVERNMENT DAY"

On behalf of the All-India Secretariat of the Forward Bloc Mr. Sheel Bhadra Yajee and Mr. Mukundalal Sircar in a statement say:—

The coming 21st October reminds us of the most important day in the history of India's struggles, when Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose established the Provisional Azad Hind Government. It is hoped that the Forward Bloc units and members everywhere will celebrate this memorable day in a fitting manner. For the purpose of the celebration on a grand scale we invite the co-operation of all the revolutionary parties and progressive elements in the country for active participation.

New India Office Chief At Work

MENON INTRODUCES NIGHT SHIFT SYSTEM

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, (By Air Mail): No week passes without some function taking place at the India House But the function that took place this week was of an unusual kind. Of course the High Commissioner was the host but the guests were not the glamour boys and girls but chairmowmen and porters — little men and women of whom no one takes notice though they play quite an important part in the show. Naturally an invitation from the High Commissioner caused a stir. But their excitement was great when they found the High Commissioner was showing them courtesy and cordiality as though they were V.I.P.'s. But that is the Menon way. To him all men are alike whether porters or princes.

NO RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

Britishers might have discriminated against Indians on the ground of their race. But the India House is determined not to follow their bad example. There will be no racial discrimination of any kind. A Britisher will not be excluded from appointment simply because he is a Britisher. All those who want to serve India will find a welcome. Appointments will be made on grounds of merit and merit alone. At present a large number of key posts in India House are held by Britishers. Though naturally in course of time more and more Indians will be appointed, Britishers in the employment of India House will have nothing to fear so long as they continue to discharge their duties loyally and efficiently.

A BASKETFUL OF INNOVATIONS

As expected, Mr. Menon has introduced innovations, quite a basketful of them. Most important of these innovations is the appointment of shock troop officers. Education Department was overloaded with work. Every ship brings hundreds of new students. Naturally bottlenecks have formed. It will be the duty of the shock troop officer to clear the bottle-neck and see that there are no jams.

Another innovation is the introduction of night shift. This means India House can be contacted any hour of the day and night. The High Commissioner himself puts in night work. For the first time, representatives of Indian Press have been given a small room where they can do their work. All these reforms cannot but add to utility and popularity of the India House.

"CENSORSHIP" RUMOURS

India's High Commissioner Mr. Menon and Pakistan's High Commissioner Mr. Habib Ibrahim Rahmatullah were guests of honour at the luncheon of London Association of British Empire Newspapers Overseas. Mr. Douglas, Australian newspaperman, who presided, appeared to be in some difficulty as to who should be his right-hand guest and who left-hand guest. Finally, he decided to place Mr. Menon to his right and Mr. Rahmatullah to his left. But in order to give no room for complaint he called upon Mr. Rahmatullah to speak first. I do not think this deviation from the ordinary procedure was called for. Neither Mr. Menon nor Mr. Rahamatullah would have cared a noot as to who sat to the right of the chair or who spoke first. The chairman, in welcoming the guests, said that he was disturbed to learn about the imposition of censorship in India. He observed that Britain's determination to let the people know truth and whole truth during the war had been found to be useful even from Britain's point of view Mr. Rahmatullah did not refer to this observation in his reply, but Mr. Menon made a vigourous reply. He declared in unequivocal terms that there was no censorship on messages leaving India. Even though some correspondents had indulged in distortion the liberal minded men who had the charge of affairs in India would rather that freedom is abused than it should be restricted. Foreign correspondents were free to say what they liked. But they expected that they would say nothing but the whole truth. Mr Menon, also warned trade that while India was anxious to develop her trade with foreign countries, she could not be treated as a dumping ground for foreign products. India would buy what she needed and goods would sell entirely on their merit. It might be rememoered that as India advanced in prosperity, her power of consuming goods would increase and this would naturally result in increase in trade. India had no desire but to maintain the most cordial relations with the United Kingdom. But they must support causes of people fighting for their freedom like the people of Indonesia.

PRITI BHOJAN

Mr. M. S. Dananukar of Bombay of Vanaspati fame, entertained Indian journalists and others to what a speaker called Priti Bhojan at London's top-rank hotel, Grosvenor House.

"BRITAIN SHOULD RETURN TO INDIA"

Of course the foes of freedom are already busy exploiting reports of disturbances to build up their case for the reimposition of imperialist rule on India. Here is a letter in London's "Reville" which has been published in a box in antique type: "When is the Government going to admit that we made a grievous mistake in quitting India? The move that was expected to solve the Indian problem has only succeeded in intensifying it. If the situation is allowed to develop thousands will die—and the rest of the world will undoubtedly lay all the blame at Britain's door. Let us admit we were wrong. Let us admit that our plan for Indian independence, though it was made in good faith, has miscarried. Let us revoke the plan and return to India to clear up the disorder before it gets any worse. If we go back now and straighten things out perhaps we can give the Indians another chance later on. Let us do it now before it is too late."

GOOD BYE MR. LAL

Mr. Joyce gave a little party at the Burma House to wish bon voyage to Col. Lal who will be leaving for India in a few days. Col. Lal was Public Relations Officer at the India Office. Mr. Joyce highly praised his integrity and ability and said that he had succeeded in interesting Fleet Street in the achievements of the Indian army. He had built up contacts with British press which were the envy of many. Mr. Kabadi, President of Indian Journalists' Association paid a tribute to Col. Lal in appropriate terms.

Intensive Training For Housewives

The National Institute of Housewives has organised the most exacting tests for its pupils at the Housewives College at Oxford. The tests are comprehensive and lengthy too, as only five women are examined at a time, in order to preserve the atmosphere of a private household. Among other things, the women shop, select a menu, cook and serve meals for an imaginary household. There is a General Intelligence Test. Later, "general reactions" are noted in conditions which are identical with situations in everyday life. This is part of a Government plan to train home-helps. There will be 11 different centres, where the pupils will receive free training and a maintenance allowance. Girls under 18 train for nine months, the rest for six.

Princess Elizabeth's Parliamentary Debut

Princess Elizabeth will make her Parliamentary debut on October 21, at the State opening of the new parliament. The King will, as is customary, be accompanied by the Queen. On this occasion he will be joined by Princess Elizabeth as the Heiress Presumptive. In accordance with custom, the Queen will sit on the throne to the right of the King, and Princess Elizabeth will be seated on his left on a lower gilt chair of throne, facing the assembled company of Peers and M. P.'s. Wartime informality of dress will be observed. However, so ermine robes and coronets will not be worn by the Peers and Peeresses.

BULGARIA'S SLAP TO BRITAIN

Interference In Petkov Execution Resented

SOFIA, Oct. 3. (Reuter): The Bulgarian Government has sent a note to Britain rejecting as "a contradiction of all the principles of international law" the British protest last week on the execution of M. Petkov, Bulgarian Opposition leader.

Expressing "astonishment" at the British note, the Bulgarian Government declared that it could not recognise "the right of any State to interfere" in matter of Bulgarian law.

The execution of Petkov was in no way out of accord with the provisions of the armistice of the Peace Treaty, it declared.

Pocket-size British Star

Diminutive, husky-voiced film star Joan Dowling made a success of her character-parts in the play "No Room at the Inn" and the film "Hue and Cry". In both she was cast as a rough-edged Cockney child. Now, however, Joan comes nearer to earth as a demure young girl with Cupid in close attendance; she plays the starring role of 17-year-old "Joan" in "A Man's Affair"

WORKERS FIND NEW ENERGY

Trade expansion means extra work—and workers need that 'extra lift' to give them added nourishment and vitality. That is why thousands are turning to Vinkola—the proven-health tonic for persons of all ages.

GOOD RECORDS DESERVE SONGSTER NEEDLES

Steel Needles per tin of 200 Rs. 1-4
Bronze Pickup per tin of 100 Rs. 1/-
Golden Pickup per tin of 100 Rs. 2/-
SCOTT & PICKSTOCK LTD.

Kassels

FAULT-FREE FAN

Manufactured to British Standard specifications ...tested at Government Test House and approved for use by Department of Industries and Civil Supplies, Govt. of India, Kassels is your best buy in fans today. GUARANTEED two years trouble free service.

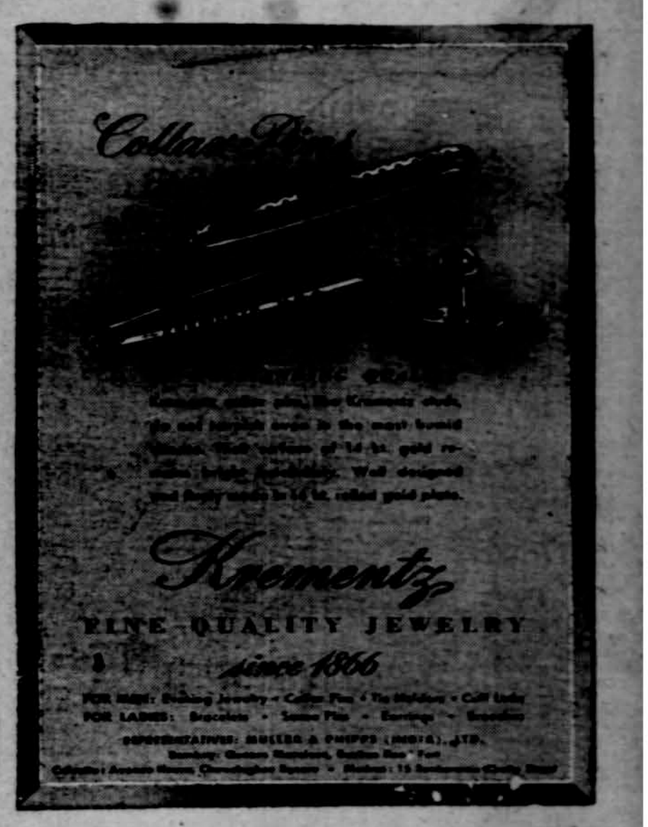
MODELS. "KASSELS" "LUCKY" "AZAD"

KASSELS LTD

LOANS UPTO RS. 5,000

Loans are given up to Rs. 5,000/- on very easy and attractive terms repayable by easy monthly instalments in 8 years. Write for terms:

THE BRITISH TRADE BUILDERS, No. 3, Sardarpura Road, JODHPUR.



a quick remedy for FILARIA

ARSENO-TYPHOID

Put an end to that fell and foul disease Filaria. Arseno-Typhoid is your Arsenal in fighting Filaria.

CALCUTTA CLINICAL RESEARCH ASSN. LTD. 6, Chowringhee Road, CALCUTTA. Branch: Sitabaldi, Nagpur.

When the Jumna was in spate the villages round Delhi were all flooded. Picture shows some of the people affected wading through knee-deep water to safer areas.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

"Government By Music"

Sir,—In the second meeting of the Mayor's Peace Committee Mr. Prithvi Raj Kapur suggested that the services of writers, poets and flim stars should be enlisted for peace propaganda in the shape of processions and broadcasting of 'unity' songs. The Sheriff of Bombay Mrs. Mithan Lam, said the idea of cultural squads appealed to her. Both these statements deserve wide publicity in the sense that they deal with that aspect of human life which has an important bearing on the speedy restoration of peaceful conditions. The efficacy of music is recognised and Government is urged to mobilise the Nation's best talents in literature and music towards evolving "unity" songs which may be broadcast by tried artists.—Yours, etc.

ARVIND L. MAJMUNDAR

Wages Of Drawers-In In Modern Mills

Sir,—In the statement issued by the Central Committee of the drawers-in to the press recently, which was published in the issue of your paper dated 29-9-1947, they have stated that at the Modern Mills, with which I am connected, the rate of 54-1/2 pies is being paid to the drawers-in, as against 46 pies fixed by the Award of the Industrial Court. They have conveniently forgotten to mention that the Court have fixed 46 pies for cotton healds but have given an additional allowance of 15 per cent for wire healds. In the Modern Mills, wire healds are used and the rate of 54-1/2 pies was based on the use of wire healds. The rate fixed by the Industrial Court, on the basis mentioned above, for wire healds will be 53 pies which all the mills using wire healds will have to pay in future. It is obvious, therefore, that the statement made by the Central Committee of the Drawers-in with reference to the Modern Mills that they have been paying a rate of 54-1/2 pies as against 46 pies fixed by the Court, is entirely misleading.—Yours, etc.

V. N. CHANDAVARKAR

Appeal To Muslims

Sir,—In view of the disturbances all over India and the bad blood between the different communities, I should like to appeal to the brother Muslims all over India not to slaughter cows in the coming Bakri-Id, which falls on or about the 25th of October.

The reasons for such a course are firstly that the Dassera festival falls at about the same time and it is extremely desirable to avoid any kind of clash during these auspicious days. Secondly, it would be a great gesture of goodwill on the part of the Muslims all over India if such forbearance is shown by us to our brother community, the Hindus. Thirdly, it should never be forgotten that our religion does not compel us necessarily to sacrifice cows; nor, indeed, is sacrifice a duty. It is only one of [illegible] recommended things [illegible] times such as these, it [illegible]t wisdom and the highest [illegible]d giving any kind of pain [illegible] community. I do not [illegible] any person has the right [illegible]with the religious practices [illegible]ly by others and I do not [illegible] is necessary to discuss [illegible]ental questions at the pre[illegible]ne. But, undoubtedly, this [illegible]ous gesture of goodwill, will I am sure, elicit a ready response from the other side, and the results are bound to be happy.

I hope my co-religionists will most carefully consider the urgent necessity of adopting this policy.—Yours, etc.

H. M. ANWAR.

Art Silk Cloth And Yarn

Sir,—I have seen the letter published under the above caption in your issue written by Mr. Bhogilal M. Shah of Messrs. Mahalaxmi Mills Ltd. of Bhavnagar, who are one of our members.

Mr. Shah seems to be labouring under some notional ideas. The position of art silk industry of the country after the new import policy of the Government of India was made clear beyond doubt in our telegram to the Government of India of 16th July, 1947 which was published in the local press. The Association was thereafter offered 29,50,000 lbs. of Japanese Rayon yarn by the Government of India in early August, and the Association accepted the same without the least delay and without a single vote of dissent from its members, including the Mahalaxmi Mills Ltd.

Our chairman, in his presidential speech at our eighth annual general meeting made it clear that this yarn will enable our mills to supply the demand for finer fabrics which are much in demand and which the cotton industry is not in a position to cope with. Our Chairman further made it clear that the cost at which the Japanese rayon yarn was coming was such that it would enable the silk mills to supply art silk fabrics to the consumers at a very cheap rate. Mr. Shah has evidently not cared to go through our chairman's speech before rushing to the press.

Regarding saving of foreign exchange for food and clothing Mr. Shah is perhaps not aware of the fact that the Government of India are getting this yarn along with cotton yarn and fabrics and some machinery from Japan in exchange of the supply of cotton from India to Japan and there is therefore no question of foreign exchange being mis-spent. On the contrary the export of Indian cotton will help our cotton growers, and we shall be re-establishing our lost market for Indian cotton in Japan.

The question of the Punjab market is not a new one. Punjab is out of the market for the last one year. One fails to understand why Mr. Shah was silent when lots of imports of art silk fabrics from foreign countries poured into India with the result that many of the merchants lost heavily. Besides the lack of demand from the Punjab market cannot be regarded as so serious now when imports of foreign art silk fabrics are completely banned. On the other hand, the import of this Japanese Rayon yarn will enable our industry to meet, even partially, the insistent demand for art silk fabrics at a cheap price from the rest of the country and will enable our industry to cater for the needs of India's natural foreign markets for this commodity giving life to the industry and employment to its skilled labour.

Mr. Shah's reference to cotton fabrics mixed with art silk yarn in borders shows his complete ignorance of the Cotton Control Orders and the pre-war production of cotton mills.—Yours etc.

R. J. ERRUNZA,
Secretary, Silk & Art Silk Mills Association, Ltd.

Grants To Secondary Schools

Sir,—Certain schools which cater to the rich or are richly endowed spend more on teachers' salaries and on other bills. Since they charge more fees or have other sources of income, they spend much more than the other schools. And even when the Government gives them grant at the same rate as to the other schools, the total amount that the Government has to spend by way of grant-in-aid to these schools is proportionately very high. That a few rich schools should feed fat at the cost of the many poorer scoools is highly unsocialistic in principle. The Government's liability to pay Grant-in-aid to Non-Government Secondary schools should not be considered to be co-extensive with the capacity of the parents to pay and that of the schools to spend. It is advisable, therefore, that the Government should lay down standard scales of pay and other expenses and Government's liability to pay grant-in-aid should be limited to a fixed percentage of these standard expenses only. Schools may spend more than what may be laid down as standard, but they should not expect any Government grants on the expenses in excess of the stand.

As notable examples of rich schools, mention may be made of the European and Anglo-Indian Schools, English Teaching Schools and some rich Indian Schools.

The European and Anglo-Indian Schools are the most favoured by the Government in the matter of Grant-in-aid. They get Rs. 3,19,131 out of a total of Rs. 15,82,794 available for all Non-Government Secondary Schools. The former are only 30 as against the latter—which are 933 in number.

The total cost per pupil in the European and Anglo-Indian Schools is about twice that in the English Teaching Schools, about one and half times that in the rich Indian schools and three and a half times that in the other Non-Government Secondary Schools.

The cost to the Government per pupil in the case of the European and Anglo-Indian Schools is ten times that in the other Non-Government Secondary Schools, more than three times that in the English Teaching Schools and about two and a half times that in the rich Indian Schools.

The Europeans and Anglo-Indian Schools charge about three times, the English Teaching Schools more than one and a half times and the rich Indian Schools more than one and a quarter times the fees charged in the other non-Government Secondary Schools.

The rich Indian Schools seem to depend proportionately more on endoments, the English Teaching Schools on fees and the European and Anglo-Indian Schools on the Government grants.—Yours, etc.,

M. K. DESAI,
Hd. Master, New English School, Jalgaon.

A Solution For Housing Problem

Sir,—Housing problem is becoming more and more serious every day and everybody is worried about it but it seems everybody is looking towards the Government with a helpless look for some relief. Schemes are reported to be under preparation in the Government offices but nothing is coming out in practical shape. From time to time only a plea is put forward that for want of steel and cement the Government is unable to pursue the schemes which are perhaps being made to provide palaces to every one. But there are thousands and lacs who cannot afford to wait and suffer till these palaces are planned, built and allotted to them by the Government and who are eager enough to build their own houses with nominal use of cement and use of wood in place of iron but they cannot do so because they are not getting suitable plots of land for the purpose on reasonable lease rent even upto Andheri and Kurla.

Thousands of plots of land, big and small, are lying vacant and unused upto Mahim and vast tracts of land are lying idle upto Borivli and Thana. Why should not the Government make it compulsory for every landholder to build houses on his plot, at least one storeyed ones, covering the maximum space allowable under the present rules. If the landholders fail to do so, the Government should divide their land at least upto Andheri and Kurla in well planned plots of 500 to 1,000 sq. yds. each and given them at a reasonable lease rent, to the needy and sucering people who cannot acord to purchase the land for a lump sum at a very high price, but can afford to pay the lease rent periodically and who can manage to build their own houses with the means at their disposal, of course, it should be declared illegal to hold land, unused simply with a wish to get manifold price for the same at a suitable opportunity.

May the suffering public of Bombay expect to get a favourable response from the local Government to this suggestion, which on the one hand assures a reasonable return to the landholder by way of lease rent and on the other hand helps in solving the housing problem to the maximum extent in the shortest possible time?—Yours, etc.,

S. G. CHOWDHARY.

Sukhadwalla Trust "Peoples' Free Libraries"

Sir,—It was the late Mr. Sukhadwalla, one of the munificent philanthropist Gujrati merchants, who founded the magnificent 'Sukhadwalla Charity Trust' during the early sixties of the last century. The main object of the trust is to cater to the needs of the reading public of this city and it can be averred that the institution of a "Peoples' Free Library" of the type was a pioneer achievement. Its utility increased steadily with the march of time and during the last two decades two more centres were opened besides the first in the Fort area. The second is situated at Dhobi Talao and the third is located in Dadar. All the three libraries are housed in spacious structures owned by the trust; and it has been so devised by the trustees that the normal expenditure on the maintenance of the staff and various requisites should be afforded by means of the amounts of rent accrued.

'A public library is one of the essential utilities' is admitted on all hands and as such the Government and the Local Authority are bound to institute, maintain and aid public libraries. But the Bombay Municipal Corporation nor the Government ever deemed it desirable up till now to help the trustees in their laudable work in any direction with a view to increasing the utility of the Peoples' Free Libraries. These three libraries contain about 70,000 books and more than 500 books are being issued for home-reading while 2,500 and more visit the libraries daily.

During and after the recent war-catastrophe, however, beneficial institutions have been financially hard hit; and inevitably the trustees could not replenish the libraries with any additions of new stock of books during the last seven years much to the chagrin of the reading public. The problem of over-mounting charges for the up-to-date up-keep of a growing dynamic institution like a public library, has entailed serious thought on the part of the trustees. The best way to circumvent the financial difficulties is to approach the Municipal Corporation for securing annual recurring grants adequate to meet a part of the expenses incurred.

It may be noted in this respect that the "Maharashtra Library Association" has successfully moved the Corporation a few years ago and it has been now the duty of that august body to institute, maintain and help Public Libraries in the city and I hope it will now rise to the occasion and readily respond.

At the same time the Trustees who form a veritable galaxy of knights and baronets, leaders of thought and learning holding high status in social and commercial circles, can ill-afford to cling complacently to the policy of drift any longer with regard to the Trust, Sirs Masani and Karanjia, Dewan Bahadur Javeri, Prof. Choksi and Dr. Joshi and others are big personalities in the position of trustees and it is high time they made a genuine move and appeal for funds with a view to safeguarding the interests of the citizens in quest of knowledge and for whom the trust is founded.

This can be easily achieved by the trustees by collecting requisite funds from munificent donors and charitable trusts. Adequate funds will alone enable them to reorganise the libraries on sound and modern methods of working extending their service and scope to women and children. Under the circumstances, may I appeal earnestly to the worthy trustees to lay the foundations of the proposed "Model Public Library" in the city of Bombay, which is aptly called 'the urbs prima in Indies' the consummation of which has been so devoutly wished by all lovers of education!—Yours etc.

D. W. JOSHI,
Hon. Sec. "Maharashtra Library Association.

Indian Languages

Sir,—How brilliantly has Ateek Sanjana applauded in your issue of Sept. 25, Mr. J. E. Sanjana, in rebuttal of my criticism of his silly review? He is, again trying to show off by dragging in English language, the Mahatma and the Pandit who had no place in his review or in my criticism.

Since "Mr. H. G. Mudgal" did not play any part in the life of an Oriental Translator, Mr. Sanjana has got all the facts about me wrong.

Here are the facts. I am not young. I am old enough to be the grandfather of Mr. Sanjana. I am not a "lion". My friends call me a mouse who is trying to release "lions of Sanjanas" from the snares of alien illusion. And I could not edit or review any book on Indian languages, because the only Indian language I know is "Oxford Gujarati". I am not educated. I gave up school since I failed my fourth standard five times. In fact, I don't know how to spell any of the words in this letter. My typist deserves all the credit for that.

I must thank Mr. Sanjana for informing me that "kartavya" means "farz" and "farz" means "kartavya" although I don't know what the hell either means. These words are not in my "Oxford Gujarati" dictionary. The Pandit got me completely stumped on that. By using these silly words he has lost my vote, i.e., if Mr. Sanjana doesn't throw me into jail by the time the next elections come round.

In conclusion, I like to know why Mr. Sanjana, just because I criticized his lack of perspective, should accuse me of patriotism, of being a follower of the Mahatma or an admirer of the Pandit! How come? Can a man not do a bit of thinking on his own in this country any more in spite of what Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Nehru or Mr. Sanjana may say or do?

Boot mon, Mr. Sanjana. If you have retired from thinking, don't stop others from thinking by calling them "patriote". Patriot baiting worked under the British, but not now!—Yours, etc.

H. G. MUDGAL.

Gandhiji's Statue

Sir,—The public are now aware of a proposal to raise a fund for the erection of a colossal statue of Gandhiji somewhere in Bombay probably out in the sea. The proposal envisages a mountainous expenditure of over a million rupees.

Truly, such a statue which will, indeed, call for the handiwork of a great sculptural genius will certainly be a marvel of the land. Towering high above the waves, seeming as it were the great soul of this land were going out upon the waters of the sea to receive the approaching foreigners descrying it from afar, the proposed statue will no doubt be an inspiration to the West and a commemoration for us.

But I pause a little. I pause to think whether this is the appropriate time to erect the statue of one who is in our midst as dominant as an oasis in the desert. The indebtedness of the nation to the Mahatma is great indeed and India and the world will remember him through the years to come.

But what I ask the originators of this proposal is whether it is because they feel a sense of relaxation from the great task of nation-building which still remains unattended that they think of diverting their resources otherwise? I tell them that it will be scant honour to the Mahatma himself to leave undone the reconstruction of this great nation—a gigantic task whose very fringes remain untouched. The Mahatma, I am sure, would delight more in seeing us plunge heart and soul into that work instead of observing a massive column rise up in the sea.

At this perilous moment it will be the most treacherous dereliction of duty on our part to turn deaf ears to the rising cry of our countrymen in the far-flung corners of India whose very dwellings are being burn or are turned into shambles washed in their blood! Horrid will be our callousness if we do not hasten to their succour.

And have we not a myriad other problems in our economic and social life which call forth tremendous tapping of all our resources? It will be stupidity more monstrous than that of the wise men of Gotham if we fall at this grave hour to face realities without being blown into the sea by sentiment.

Honour the Mahatma we must and posterity must know him in spirit and must be gladdened by the sight of his form perpetuated by statues. But in mid-stream, we are not yet to lie on our oars. Graver tasks first. For statues tarry awhile.—Yours, etc.

K. S. G.

Bombay, September 3.

Hyderabad State

Sir,—Of late colourful accounts have been appearing in a section of the press regarding the alleged partial treatment meted out by the Nizam's Government to Muslims. Sinister propaganda to that effect is being carried on by interested parties. The easily gullible section of the public is generally too prone to believe these fantastic stories. A recent instance of the propaganda which is being carried on against the Government of Hyderabad is a most irresponsible statement published in a Bezwada paper by an unknown entity. It alleges that the various categories of Government services in Hyderabad—from the highest functionaries down to "Patels" and "Patwaris"—are filled by Muslims alone. The truth of the matter is that there are 18,776 Hindu "Patwaris" as against 297 Muslim "Patwaris" and 35,804 Hindu as against 2,414 Muslim "Patels." The representation of Hindus in other services is not, generally speaking, in keeping with their percentage in population because of their natural inclination towards business and other independent professions. It is mischievous to say that the Hyderabad Government have adopted a policy whereby all avenues of Government employment have been closed to Hindus.

As regards the incidence of taxation, the tax per acre of land is O. S. Rs. 1-7-7 only for cultivated areas whereas in British India the incidence of taxation is Rs. 3/- per acre. Ill-informed criticism has also been levelled against the rationing machinery of Hyderabad and pointed references have been made to the alleged scarcity of sugar and kerosene. It will not be an exaggeration to say that the rationing system adopted by Hyderabad has been working most efficiently and there have hitherto been no well-founded complaints about the adequate supply of all rationed goods to all sections of people irrespective of their caste or creed or position in life. All are being treated on a level of equality in the matter of essential supplies.

The above facts and figures should convince all impartial and disinterested persons that the under relying intention of the irresponsible criticism so complacently levelled against the doings of the Hyderabad Government is only to mislead the outside public by feeding it on imaginary grievances of the people of Hyderabad.—Yours, etc.

VENKAT RAV.
Narayan Guda, Hyderabad (Dn.).

Why No National Flag?

Sir,—I was invited to attend a function organised by the Rashtriya Seva Sangha, Dharwar, on 31-8-1947 at the Kadapa Maidan. When I went to the meeting place, I found that there was no sign of the National Flag. Instead, I found a Flag other than the National Flag. The function was a public one to which people who did not belong to the organisation were invited. Were not the organisers bound or expected to hoist the National Flag on the occasion? Is it not "a-Rashtriya" to hoist a flag which has not been universally accepted as the National Flag? Will the organisers explain their attitude with regard to this? Will the custodians of the honour and dignity of the National Flag make necessary enquiries and take such steps as are found necessary?—Yours, etc.

K. S. KAMALAPUR, M.B.B.S
Dharwar, August 2.

National Anthem And National Language

Sir,—Controversy is going on in the papers regarding the proper national anthem and many are of opinion that Bankim Chandra's 'Vande Mataram', Iqbal's 'Sare Jehanse Achha' and Tagore's 'Jana Gana Mana' are not so suitable to the present time and changed conditions. If that be so would it not be advisable to hold a national song-writing competition so that a proper selection may be made out of the songs submitted by an expert committee? It is also necessary to give a suitable march-like and inspiring tune to the selected song to match with the tunes of the national anthems of other countries.

Regarding the national language it has already been suggested that it should be Hindi written in Devnagri script. There is no doubt that this language is understood by more people here than any other language—but the question is, is it Hindi or colloquial Hindustani? Sanskritised Hindi is not easily understood even by many Hindustanis themselves specially in rural areas. To my mind, the most feasible course would be to adopt easy Hindusthani (which is a blend of easy Hindi and easy Urdu) as the national language of India as Mahatma Gandhi advocates.

The script of the language, no doubt, presents a very thorny problem. I believe the most widely acceptable and more easily practicable medium would be the Romanised form in English. This view is held by reputed philologists like Dr. Suniti Kumar Chatterji, Head of the Department of Philology and Literature, University of Calcutta. It would be a boon to South Indians specially who will be spared the trouble of learning a script entirely foreign to their own, besides learning an additional new language.—Yours, etc.,

S. K. GHOSH

Bombay

School Of Economics And Sociology Exhibition

Sir,—After seeing the exhibition of the School of Economics and Sociology, one cannot help feeling that the organisers of the Silver Jubilee celebrations were not well advised when they decided to put up an exhibition of 200 statistical charts, 100 manuscript theses and 1,000 icons. It is regrettable that a premier Economics and Sociology post-graduate and research institution on the occasion of completing 25 years of its existence should borrow from the Administrative Intelligence Room some 200 charts and maps showing economic condition of India. One expects a university post-graduate and research institution to produce something original and of their own or at least charts and maps prepared by it and not show "borrowed" things. The charts and maps are, moreover, uninstructive for a layman. In one place showing public revenue and expenditure of India, two different scales are used in the same chart.

Not satisfied with the display of "second hand materials" the organisers have ventured to put up 100 historic Brahaminic and Jain icons. People cultivate all sorts of strange hobbies ranging from rare coins and manuscripts to ordinary feathers and cigarette packets. But to permit the collection (however wonderful and rare it may be) to be mixed up with economic charts and maps is hardy appropriate. The Sociology Department instead of showing a private museum of a member of staff should have devoted its attention to give to public an idea of social and sociological problems of India or atleast of the city.—Yours, etc.

"VIJAY."

Bombay Port Trust Employees Revision Of Pay Grades

Sir,—The proposed revision of scale of pay grades for the clerics, staff of B. P. Trust is very scanty and unsatisfactory compared with those sanctioned by the Banks, commercial firms and the Bombay Municipality.

There is no higher starting Pay for graduates and honours, double graduates in the B.P.T., neither is the starting pay fixed as Rs. 75/- for junior clerks, on the contrary not only is the maximum pay for junior clerks fixed so low as at Rs. 180/- but there is also the obnoxious efficiency bar fixed at Rs. 100/- for office clerks, and Rs. 90/- for outdoor dock clerks. Moreover in the cadre of 300 dock office clerks there are 5 head clerks and 11 senior office clerks grades consequently only five junior office clerks can rise to these grades, and the rest are left at Rs. 180 for the rest of their lives, whereas the banks, commercial firms and insurance companies have sanctioned liberal pay grades to junior clerks of Rs. 75-10, Rs. 275 plus allowances, the maximum of the pay grade to be completed within 20 years service, the same condition obtains in the Bombay municipality.

The Bombay Port Trust is paying a little more amount as temporary allowances to their employees, but such temporary allowances cannot be taken too seriously into consideration as they can be discontinued at any time. What is required for the junior clerks is a just and equitable basic living wage on a liberal scale.

If the old pay records of B. P. Trust clerks are compared with those of the Bombay Municipality then it will prove that the Port Trust were paying more than the latter body. Unfortunately, the special officer who prepared this scanty revision had joined the service as a clerk in 1918 must have now forgotten his old hardships and the present Board of Trustees is composed of a majority of capitalists, business magnates, and merchant princes who do not think it fit to improve the miserable living conditions which is the lot of the junior clerks so as to sanction them a liberal scale of pay and fix the obnoxious E. Bar at Rs. 100 for the junior clerks.

We do pray and request that Mr. A. H. Mirza, the present Labour trustee on the Board as well as Mr. Asoka Mehta, the Labour Union leader will use their influence and prevail upon the new Chairman Mr. V. S. Bhide I.C.S., and the trustees so as to induce them to sanction a liberal revised scale of pay grades to the junior clerks. Yours, etc.

"JUNIOR CLERKS"

Goan Freedom

Sir,—The Goan people have amply demonstrated since March 1946 their will to compel the Portuguese to quit and re-unite their destinies to those of the Indian Union. If at the moment there is a lull, it is only the lull before a storm.

If by any chance the Portuguese Government want to gauge the people's wishes and desires a new this must be done under the joint supervision of the present administration and the representatives of the Union Government, after assuring the people of full freedom of expression.

Another important factor that cannot be overlooked is the Goan emigrant who always through his hard earned remittances balances the budgets of Goa. The Goan emigrant also has more than once expressed his patriotic will to see that the Portuguese quit the shores of India.

And before everything else, the first duty of the Portuguese Government is to set free our brave brethren who are languishing in the fortress of Peniche off the coast of Portugal.—Yours, etc.,

MASSILLON ALMEIDA.

IN STOCK

ENGLISH MAKE ELECTRIC COFFEE GRINDING MILL, ONE LB. PER MINUTE.

AVAILABLE FOR SALE IN AMERICA A COMPLETE HOSIERY MILL CONSISTING OF TOMPKINS SPRING NEEDLE KNITTING MACHINES, SECONDHAND IN WORKING CONDITION, INCLUDING ELECTRIC MOTORS TO OPERATE ON VARIOUS UNITS

INTERESTED GENUINE BUYERS MAY APPLY TO:

RUSTOMJI NOWROJI BAPASOLA
INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY SUPPLIER.
62, Forbes Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

Telegrams: "BAPASOLA BOMBAY"
Telephone: 20683
From 2 p.m. to 6 p. m.

NATH BANK LIMITED

Central Office: 27/2C, Strand Road, Calcutta
Head Office: 135 Canning Street, Calcutta

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .. Rs. 1,00,00,000/-
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .. Rs. 50,00,000/-
PAID-UP CAPITAL .. Rs. 33,16,000/-
RESERVE FUND .. Rs. 20,00,000/-
DEPOSITS (as on 31st Dec. '46) .. Rs. 2,53,51,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sri S. K. Roy
Sri G. V. Swaika
Sri Pulin Krishna Roy
Sri R. Choudhury, Barat-Law
Sri Jagannath Kolay
Sri D. P. Das Gupta

Sri K. N. Daga (Managing Director)

BANKING BUSINESS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS INCLUDING FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSACTED

their FUTURE secured

The welfare of your wife and children, the present and future is a man's foremost concern. In every man's heart there is always a weighing sigh as to what will be the future of his family.....An Insurance Policy will relieve you of that anxiety and will assure your family of a bright and secured future. Take a Policy TODAY.

New Business 1946 over Rs. 12.48 Crores

HINDUSTHAN [illegible] CALCUTTA.

India's Leading [illegible] Office

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LTD.

Estd. in Bombay in 1919.

HEAD OFFICE: Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES:—Cotton Exchange Building, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay; Katha Bazar, Mandvi, Bombay, Rajkot (Civil Station).

LONDON AGENTS: WESTMINSTER BANK LTD.

CAPITAL PAID UP ..... Rs. 40,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 17,75,000
Dividend Equalisation Fund ..... Rs. 1,00,000
Deposits on 31-12-45 Over ..... Rs. 4,50,00,000

DIRECTORS:

M. S. Captain, Esq. (Chairman), Lachhmandas Harkhchanda Daga, Esq., K. R. P. Shroff, Esq., Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., Sir B. N. Kasandia, Kt., & Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq., and Seth Devji Rattansey.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 1/4 per cent per annum on daily balances up to Rupees 2 lakhs.

FIXED DEPOSITS for long and short periods received on favourable terms.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS Interest allowed at 1 1/4 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances up to Rs. 10,000. Withdrawals allowed once a week.

All kinds of Banking business transacted

F. K. F. NARIMAN,
Manager.

Now Showing !

CITY—LIGHT
Matunga (B. B.)
Daily: 1-15, 4, 6-45 & 9-30 p.m.
RAMNIK PICTURE
Taramati
SHOBHANA SAMARTH
Director: RAJA NENE
Sun. Morn. 10 A.M.
DEIVALM EETHI
(TAMIL)

RANJIT'S
BELA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
MINERVA

ROBUST HEALTHY PORTRAIT OF LIFE!
MANGAL Pictures
MARATHI Musical
Jai Malhar
Starring:
LALITA PAWAR, SUMATI GUPTE, BABURAO PENDHARKAR JOG, CHANDRAKANT
5TH HOUSE-FULL WEEK
MAJESTIC
Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p. m.
Sat Sun. Hol, 1 p.m.
A 'JAI HIND' Release

4TH WEEK
Daily 3-30, 6-30, & 9-30
Sun. & Holi. at 1 p.m.
G.M.A. CALCUTTAWALA presents
GIRIBALA
SCREEN ADAPTATION OF GURUDEV TAGORE'S ★ MAN-BHANJAN ★
Directed by: MODHU BOSE
Music KAMAL DAS GUPTA
AHIN CHOWDHARI, DHIRAJ, INDRANIDEVI, CHITRALEKHA
NOW SHOWING AT
OPERA HOUSE

REGAL Air-cooled Phone: 35017.
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
The Happiness Team Returns to the Screen!
Bing AND Barry IN THE "GOING MY WAY" STARS — TOGETHER AGAIN IN "Welcome Stranger" starring BING CROSBY JOAN CAULFIELD BARRY FITZGERALD
A Paramount Picture
Directed by ELLIOTT NUGENT
SUNDAY MORNING at 10
"TYPHOON"
in Technicolor
DOROTHY LAMOUR
ROBERT PRESTON

3rd WEEK
A BOMBAY TALKIES Picture
With a TAGORE STORY
MILAN
With RANJANA & DEELIP KUMAR
KAMAL Talkies
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
A SUNRICH Release

COOKS
Official Agents for ALL Railways in India, Pakistan, Burma & Ceylon. Purchase your Rail Tickets and make your Reservations at COOKS, who will arrange your Hotel, Insurance, and Currency requirements at the same time.
THOS. COOK & SON LIMITED
(Incorporated in England)
Offices at:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, KARACHI, LAHORE, MADRAS, NEW DELHI, RANGOON, SIMLA, SINGAPORE and throughout the world.
Always Carry COOKS Travellers Cheques.

On Stage See
PRITHVIRAJ KAMAL KAPOOR, SATI DEVI, PREM MALHOTRA, LEELA, SUDARSHAN SETHI
in
PATHAN
TODAY (4th) & SUN. 5th 9-30 a.m.
Plans Open Book Early
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

POPULAR STAR OF "SHARDA"—
SHIKARPURI
Now Popular Picture of Bombay with SHAMIM,
A. SHAH and others
3rd WEEK: SUPER
Sunday 1 p.m.
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
A SUNRICH Release

EDWARD
Kalbadevi Road
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
WADIA MOVIETONE'S Popular Hit
AMAR RAJ
NASIM (Jr. TRILOK KAPOOR
To-morrow Sun. Morn. at 10 A.M.
BLACK PANTHER
FRANKE THOMAS

PALACE Daily at 3-30 6-30 & 9-30 p. m.
As "Buck Privates" they were terrific! Now back in civvies they are irresistible!
BUD Abbott, LOU Costello in
"BUCK PRIVATES COME HOME"
with Joan Fulton, Tom Brown
DON'T MISS THIS RIP-ROARING COMEDY!
Tomorrow Morning At 10-30 A.M.
Stewart Granger in
"CARAVAN"

THE MARX BROS.
will raise the roof in their record-breaking riot of fun.... AT
'The Northern Lights of Bombay'
AURORA
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Tomorrow morning at 10-30 a.m.
"Naughty Nineties"
Abbott & Costello

Appeal For Transfer In "Pugree" Case Fails

THIS COMES UNDER 'ILLEGAL GRATIFICATION," SAYS C.P.M.

BOMBAY, Friday.

An application filed by Mrs. Malini Sukhtanker, City Corporator, for transfer of the case, in which she stood charged with acceptance of "pugree", from the Court of Mr. T. S. Vyas (Esplanade) to that of Mr. J. M. Barot at Mazgaon was dismissed today by Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The application was made on two grounds, first, that the alleged offence took place in the Jurisdiction of the Mazgaon police and, secondly, that according to an order of the C. P. M., cases concerning contravention of Control Orders should be heard by Presidency Magistrate J. M. Barot. Mr. C. N. Kanuga, Counsel for Mrs. Sukhtanker contended that the alleged offence in this case was contravention of Rent Control Order.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate pointed out that according to his order, all cases concerning illegal gratification should be heard by Mr. T. S. Vyas. Holding that this particular case was one which came under "illegal gratification", he dismissed the application for transfer.

CHIEF JUSTICE OF INDIA PRAISES DUAL SYSTEM

Cites Nagpur Move To Introduce It As Proof Of Its Beneficial Character

The Bombay Incorporated Law Society gave a Tea Party to Sir Harilal J. Kania, the Chief Justice of India at the Green's Hotel. Over 200 members of the Society attended. The President of the Society Mr. D. Ferreira offered felicitations on his appointment as the Chief Justice of India. Sir Harilal Kania in his reply thanked the members of the Society for the very warm reception given to him and said:—

"You have reminded me Mr. Chairman of what I stated as a Judge of the Bombay High Court on the eve of my departure to Delhi. On that occasion I had stated that the Dual System as worked in the High Court of Bombay had proved beneficial to the litigating public of a large commercial town like Bombay. Both as a practising Advocate for a number of years and as a Judge of the High Court, I had opportunity to watch closely the work that the attorneys did in their office and I say without any fear of contradiction that the spade work that an attorney does in the development of a suit is of the utmost importance in the final shaping and result of the suit. The attorney lays the foundation of the suit and if the foundation is not laid with due and proper care or if the foundation is weak, in spite of all the intelligence and ability that the Advocate handling the case in the court can bestow in the presentation thereof, the edifice cannot stand steady on weak foundation and the result is bound to be unsatisfactory. In complicated commercial matters, the work of a Solicitor, who has full acquaintance of the subject is an essential part in the shaping of the case and affords a great help both to the Advocate and to the Court which decides the case. An esteemed friend, who is a senior member of the Bar, recently informed me on reliable authority that the Bar of the Nagpur High Court was strongly in favour of introducing the Dual System in that Court, where it does not at present exist. This is a further proof (if any were needed) of the fact that advocates, who have to handle complicated cases, favour the introduction of the Dual System in the Court, so that important cases can be handled and developed in a systematic manner at the hands of attorneys."

Home Guards Join Drive Against "Sutta" Evil

Carry Out Raids On Suspected Premises; Arrest 80 Persons

BOMBAY, Friday.

The City Police have this week started making effective use of Home Guards in a fresh campaign they have launched against the "sutta" evil in Bombay.

During the last two days Policeofficers and Home Guards joined hands in a large-scale hunt of persons suspected to be involved either as bet receivers or punters, and after long vigils kept around Bombay's beehive of betting activity, the vicinity of the East India Cotton Exchange, they rounded up about eighty persons. In the course of this clean-up some Home Guards and Police officers, it is said also arrested people hovering about the area in an idle and suspicious manner. These were arrested not under the Gambling Act, but for causing obstruction on public roads They also entered some shady premises and arrested persons whom they suspected.

A Police Officer and the three Home Guards who entered a building on a similar errand were severely assaulted by the wanted men last night.

In this connection the Police have arrested three persons.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF TRAFFICKING IN ARMS

Vallidad Kadarbux and Abdul Kadar Maulabax of Andheri were arrested by the police on Wednesday on the charge of illegal traffic in firearms. They were released on bail today at the Esplanade Police Court.

SPECIFIC PRAYERS NECESSARY

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Coyajee)
Pritamdas H. Vaswani ..... Plaintiff
Versus
Lalchand H. Shahani and Others ..... Defendants.

Holding that the application was misconceived, his Lordship held that as the Plaint did not contain a specific prayer either for Receiver or for injunction, the Notice of Motion must be dismissed with costs.

The plaintiff had taken out this Notice of Motion for a Receiver to take charge of the assets of the firm of Lalchand Khanchand and Co., and for an injunction restraining the defendants from dealing with the assets of that firm.

In his Lordship's opinion the basis of the plaintiff's claim was moneys lent and advanced on an agreement to pay 50 per cent of the profits in lieu of interest. In his Lordship's opinon a prayer for Receiver or injunction could not flow from the nature of the plaint and it was therefore not surprising that no specific claim for Receiver or injunction had been made in the plaint. As no such relief was asked for in the plaint and no specific averments made on which those reliefs could be asked for, his Lordship upheld the defendants' preliminary objection and dismissed the plaintiff's application

Mr. R. S. Bilimoria instructed by Messrs. Dayalji and Dipchand appeared for the plaintiff in support of the Motion.

Mr. M. J. Mistree instructed by Messrs. Rustamji and Ginwalla appeared for the defendants to oppose it.

POLICE OFFICIAL & MOTHER SHOT

Boarder Kills Himself With Same Weapon

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sub-Inspector M. Ezekiel attached to the Santa Cruz Police Station and his mother were alleged to have been shot at their residence in the police quarters at Santa Cruz on Thursday by Ellis Ezekiel Pezarka, a boarder residing with them. Both the officer and his mother are stated to have been grievously hurt. They were removed to the K.E.M. Hospital.

Pezarka is stated to have shot himself dead with the same revolver.

On Thursday Sub-Inspector Ezekiel came back to his house at 1 p.m. after duty. It is stated he had an argument with Pezarka, a retired driver of B. B. & C.I. Railway, who was staying with him. As a result of this exchange of hot words, Pezarka is alleged to have snatched a service revolver lying in the open cupboard and fired two shots at the Police officer who fell down unconscious.

Then he was stated to have fired at the officer's mother who came to the rescue of her son.

Later, he is stated to have shot himself dead with the same revolver.

Case Against Textile Workers

The adjourned hearing of the application filed by the Millowners' Association for declaring as illegal the strike of 3500 drawers-in of several textile mills of the city which began on September 23 last was resumed before Sir Harsidhbhai Divatia. President of the Industrial Court. today.

Sir Jameshedji Kanga appearing on behalf of millowners stated that the strike was illegal in view of the fact that no adequate notice as required by law was given. He said that the procedure laid down under Industrial Disputes Act for launching a strike was not followed by the strike committee. Sir Jamshedji further contended that the object of the strike was to compel the millowners to yield to certain demands which were not valid.

The hearing is proceeding.

EMPLOYEE ON MISAPPROPRIATION CHARGE

The police arrested Hyderali Tahirili on Wednesday on a charge of misappropriation involving Rs. 3375/-.

On August 11 it was stated, the accused, who was in the service of Rasoolbhoy Adamji, a leather merchant at Dhaboo Street, was entrusted with Rs. 3375/- to be paid to the Imperial Bank and the National Bank.

It was further stated that the accused went to Habubhoy Husenibhoy, Khoka Bazar, and kept the amount with him. He wrongfully informed Rasoolbhoy Adamji that the money was stolen at Bhendi Bazar Later the complainant, it is said, found out that the accused had misappropriated the amount and left Bombay.

On his return to Bombay on Wednesday he was arrested. He was remanded into police custody at Mazgoan Court.

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 4, 2003.
Muslim: Zilkad 18, 1366.
Parsi: Ardibehest 1, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-30 a.m., Sunset: 6.25 p.m.
Hightide 02-17, 14-01 Lowtide: 08-03, 20-08.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

MR. MOHANLAL HEMCHAND JAVERI, a well-known Jain philantropnist, expired at his residence at Babulnath Road on the 3rd October at 7-30 p.m. at the age of 83, leaving behind him a big family and a vast circle of friends and admirers. During his long and busy life he had performed many works of charity and social service. During 1931-32 non-co-operation movement, he had established and supported the Congress Free Hospital. The Jain community suffered a great loss by his death.

To-day's Engagements

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY UNION: First debate on "In the Opinion of this House Linguistic Provinces will prove to be an obstacle in the way of India's progress. Today at 5 p. m. Convocation Hall. President: Hon'ble Mr. Justice Chagla. Messrs. K. M. Munshi; A. P. Sabavala; Purshottam Trikamdas and Prof. J. C. Daruvala will take part along with students.

BOMBAY PSYCHOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION: Blind Prof. S. C. Roy will speak on the "Psychology of the Physically Handicapped" today at 6.30 p.m. Wilson College.

RADICAL STUDENTS' UNION:— Lecture by Prof. G. R. Dalvi on Planning and Freedom today at 6.30 p.m. at Wilson College.

THE BOMBAY BOY-SCOUTS (LOCAL) ASSOCIATION: Special gathering at the Chunilal Mehta Scout Hut, Esplanade Road, today at 6 p.m. at the unveiling of the portrait of the late Dr. Mrs. Annie Besant by Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas.

SHETH ANANDILAL PODAR HIGH SCHOOL: Meeting of the citizens of Santacruz will be held in the Santacruz Gujarati Hindu Shri Mandal Hall at 8.30 p.m. today to consider the question of presenting an address to Shriyut M. A. Master President of the Federation of All India Merchants' Chambers of Commerce and Industries.

PRAVRITTI SANGH: Talk on Vrja-Poems at 6-30 p.m. in Forbes Gujarati Sabha Mandir today by Sjt. Jagannath Anivasi.

MYSORE AID COMMITTEE: Meeting at 5.30 p.m. today at Nappoo Garden, Matunga to demonstrate sympathy for freedom struggle. Speakers include Dr. Ambedkar, Shri. K. M. Munshi, Shri S. K. Patil.

UNIVERSAL PRIMARY EDUCATION SOCIETY, BOMBAY: Public talk on Basic Primary Education by Prof. K. P. Kulkarni M.A. under the Presidency of Prof. V. G. Rao, at the Social Service League's Hall, Servant's of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaum, at 5 p.m. today.

KANARA SARASWAT ASSOCIATION: Saraswat Convocation today at 5 p.m. in Anandashram Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo, when the Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil will address students.

CHETANA: 'Exhibition of Christian Paintings by Angela Trindade ' open from 3rd to 13th Oct. to the public at Chetana, 34, Rampart Row, Fort.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRESS INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYEES' UNION: Annual General Meeting of the Union will be held today at 2-30 p.m. in the Peoples' Jinnah Hall, under the Presidentship of Prof. Bidesh Kulkarni.

GIRGAUM DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Meeting at 9 p.m. today in Botawala Compound, Sleater Road, Near Grant Road Station. Speaker:— Sjt. Govindrao Deshpande.

DECCAN MERCHANTS' CO-OPERATIVE BANK: Tea party at Tilak Mandir Hall in Congress House today at 7-30 p.m.

TELEPHONE WORKERS UNION (District and Workshops), Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department: Extraordinary General Body Meeting of the Union today at 6 p.m. Marvari Vidyalaya Hall, Sandhurst Road, to protest against the apathy of departmental authorities over various grievances.

SOCIALIST PARTY: Comrade Jai Prakash will address the Gumastas of Bombay today at 9 p.m. at the Mulji Jetha Market Chowk on Gumasta problems.

MUMBAI DHOBIE GIRHAIKANCHI SAHAKARI MANDALI LTD.: Opening Ceremony of their store at the Municipal Dhobie Ghat Mahalaxmi, today at 5 p.m. Shri V. L. Mehta will preside.

STANDARD VACUUM OIL CO. WORKERS' UNION:— Joint meeting of workers union and staff union at 10.30 a.m. today at Cama Hall to consider result of deputation waited on Labour Commissioner.

'E' (BYCULLA WARD DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: Gandhi Jayanti today at 9 p.m. at Ghodapdeo "Vijayanand Mela".

BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION: Prof. K. T. Merchant of Elphinstone College will deliver a lecture on "Russia" at Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Institution, Opp. Charni Road Railway Station, Queen's Road, Bombay today (Saturday) at 5 p.m.

B.S.N. SAILINGS: Sailings to Dabhol, Vijaydurg and Vengurla will be resumed from today (Saturday) and to Panjim tomorrow (Sunday).

AMATEURS DRAMATIC PARTY The Amateurs' Dramatic Party, Matunga will put on boards the Tamil Drama "Sub-Assistant Magistrate of Sultanpet" by Mr. V. C. Gopalratnam, on Sunday the 5th inst. at 6 p.m. at the Khalsa College Hall, Matunga.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY ACCUSED REMANDED

BOMBAY, Friday:

Gopal Prasad Ramprasad, who was arrested by the police on Wednesday, for alleged attempt to snatch away Rs. 40,000 from Bhupatrai Karunashankar of the New Sun Mills near the Kalbadevi Branch of the Bank of India, was produced today at the Esplanade Police Court. He was ordered by the magistrate to be remanded into custody till October 8.

Dr. J. H. Holmes

The Rev. Dr. Holmes of New York, an ardent admirer of Mahatma Gandhi, who has been appointed the Rabindranath Tagore Memorial Visiting Professor of the Universities of India for the Watumull Foundation, was to arrive on Friday but due to bad weather TWA plane would be landing at about 8-45 a.m. today (Saturday) at Santa Cruz Aerodrome. The B.P.C.C. would be according reception to Dr. Holmes.

Rev. Dr. Holmes would be the guest of Mr. Amritlal D. Sheth, Managing Editor of Janmabhoomi Group of Newspapers. His Telephone Number is 28010.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

SATURDAY, Oct. 4.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shreedhar Parsekar (Violin) 8-45 Suman Banawalikar (Bhavgeet, Yeshwant) 9-0 Manik Dadarkar (Madhvanti) 12-0 Composite programme (M) 12-45 p.m. News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Madhur Geeten 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch Hour 4-30 Bhargavram Achrekar 4-50 Master Iqbal (Ghazal Iqbal) 5-0 E. R. Prabhu (Violin) 5-15 Bahuroopi 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Suman Banawalikar (Bhavgeet, V. N. Deshpande) 6-30 Master Iqbal (Ghazal Ghalib) 6-45 Sushama Divetia (Gujrati Geet) 7-0 Amritlal Navsariwala (Purvi) 7-30 Replies to Listeners' letters (M) 7-40 Sarangi Par Khamaj 7-45 Film Songs 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Recitation of Hindi poems from works of Ras Khan by M. Shukla 8-45 For Universities (Invitation to Laughter) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Amritlal Nazsariwala (Geeto) 10-0 Shreedhar Parsekar (Violin) 10-30 Manik Dadarkar Khayal, Bilambit and Drut.

41.44 m. (7240 kc/s)—7-40 a.m. Gujarati Geeto 6-15 p.m. Rural Listeners, (M & G) 7-45 Com. News 8-0 Sushama Divetia (Gujarati Geet) 8-15 Suman Banawalikar (Bhavgeet) 9-0 Bhargavram Achrekar (Stage song) 9-30 Master Iqbal (Ghazal Hasti).

Weather News For Farmers

FORECAST TILL THE MORNING OF 5-10-47 :—Thunder-showers will occur locally in the Konkanpatti, Mawal, Desh, Khandesh and Marathawada and at a few places in the Bombay Karnatak, Central Hyderabad, eastern Telungana, Gujarat and Gohelwad.

OUTLOOK FOR SUBSEQUENT 2 DAYS :—Rainfall will decrease in Khandesh, Mawal, Desh Marathawada, Gujarat and Gohelwad.

SELECTIONS FOR POONA RACES.

FINAL DAY

GOLDEN MEMORY, M. & B. AND GENTLE WHISPER PROPOSED FOR TREBLE EVENT

(By Our Racing Correspondent)

Khan Sahib Rashid Ahmed's M. & B. appears to me a safe bet, in the chief event at to-day's Poona races. Both Golden Memory and Gentle Whisper also possess outstanding chances in their respective event, and as all the three mentioned candidates complete in the races allotted to the Treble Pool, a small chance is worth taking.

Following are my selections:—

1st Race: 1 Put All, 2 Esmail Pasha if ab. Flying Jester.

2nd Race: 1 Sweetest Desire, 2 Mussoorie.

3rd Race: 1 Golden Memory, 2 Daisy Tripper.

4th Race: 1 Bright Maid, 2 Gleaming.

5th Race: 1 First Port, 2 Patakha.

6th Race: 1 M. & B., 2 Malayan.

7th Race: 1 Azad Hind, 2 Dolly.

8th Race: 1 Gentle Whisper, 2 Prime Minister if ab. Princess Padma.

CHOICE TREBLE

Golden Memory, M. & B. and Gentle Whisper.

FLUKES

Bounty and St. Etienne.

FEDERATION OF NATIONALIST MUSLIM CENTRES, BOMBAY

Mr. Abdulhussain Bharatputra, General Secretary, Federation of Nationalist Muslim Centres, Bombay, has issued the following statement:—

It is a very welcome and healthy news that the editors of most of the Urdu newspapers in Bombay, recently declared their allegiance to the Indian Union. But I would remind them that they have still not given up their old policy of incitement. They should stop their daily output of inflammatory outbursts and with their changed mentality prove their supreme loyalty to the Indian Union.

MAGNIFICENT SPECTACLE—
UNFORGETTABLE CHARACTERS—
INSPIRING DRAMA
in
RANJIT'S
CHHEEN LÉ AZADI
Starring VEENA
KHURSHID (Jr.), GULAM MOHMED, ALTAF & others.
Director: ASPI
2nd WEEK At NEW WEST END
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
Ad. Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6; A W.I.T. Ltd Release

FIGHTING HATE WITH LOVE!
DIN PICTURES' Musical Hit
Jagbiti
SURAIYA, SADIQ ALI, SULOCHANA
8th Week of Crowds
2nd week CHITRA (Dadar)
Daily: 4, 6-45 9-30. Sun. 1 p.m.
A Select Release
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 9-30. Sun. 1 p.m.
IMPERIAL

ADVOCATING WOMEN'S EMANCIPATION
2nd WEEK
जनता चित्र
JANATA
HOLDS THE MIRROR AGAINST INJUSTICE
KRISHNA — HINDMATA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. 1 p. m.
Reservation: 10 to 12, 4 to 6
Daily: 4, 7, 9-30 p. m.
Sat., Sun., Mat. 1 p. m.

DIFFICULTIES Never Come Alone!
She Became a Widow,
She had to leave her home
Her child was separated
"HOUSEFULL"
2nd WEEK
and—Many others! see yourselves how she solved these difficulties.
HIND PICTURES'
Director NAZIR
ABIDAH
Qawalis By Dr. IQBAL
Starring: SWARNALATA, KUMAR, MAJID ETC.
Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30.
Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.
Ad. Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5-30.
CAPITOL
Also INDEPENDENCE DAY REEL
ALL INDIA PICTURES Release

PAREKH & PARBHOO

ENGINEERS
Precision and Repair Work of ALL Description Undertaken
Address: Khetwadi Back Road Bombay 4
Telephone No. 41546
Bombay Port Trust Licensees of long standing for Dry Dock Repairs, Painting and Cleaning of Ships.
Estd. in 1907
STRUCTURAL and MECHANICAL

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Oct. 3, (API): Following is the weather chart showing maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hrs. from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08.00 hours (I.S.T.) on 3rd October 1947:—

Abu 77 63 0 42.8 minus 16.0, Ahmedabad 94 76 0 22.4 minus 5.7, Ahmednagar 83 70 0.3 25.7 plus 7.0, Allahabad 92 77 0 32.7 minus 3.8, Bangalore 85 69 0 23.3 plus 4.0, Belgaum 77 66 0 33.8 minus 6.6, Benares 94 77 T 24.0 minus 12.1, Bhopal 88 75 0 52.3 plus 4.2, Bhuj 97 75 0 9.1 minus 3.4, BOMBAY 83 70 0.2 73.6 plus 6.0, Calcutta 90 79 T 54.4 plus 6.3, Calicut 87 76 0 113.5 plus 21.9, Cherrapunji 71 63 0.8 320.2 minus 0.1, Lucknow 93 77 0 42.2 plus 6.6, Cochin 83 77 0 100.9 plus 26.7, Colombo 85 78 T 39.3 plus 15.7, Darjiling 62 54 0.3 85.2 minus 18.1, Delhi 90 73 0 19.0 minus 3.3, Hyderabad (Dn). 88 73 0 31.6 plus 9.3, Hyderabad (Sd). 103 76 0 3.5 minus 2.6, Karachi 80 75 0 2.0 minus 4.0, Kodaikanal 65 54 0.1 27.1 plus 3.1, Patna 89 75 0.2 38.9 minus 1.8, Madras 92 79 0.5 13.8 minus 1.7, Mahabaleshwar 66 59 0.9 204.6 minus 46.8, Mangalore 85 74 0 118.8 plus 3.1, Marmagao 84 73 0.1 104.2 plus 14.4, Mercara 72 61 0 121.5 plus 14.2, Mysore 85 68 0 13.9 minus 0.1, Ootacamund 68 53 0 20.9 minus 6.2, Peshawar 94 69 0 2.2 minus 2.2, Poona 85 70 0.1 20.9 plus 0.3, Sholapur 86 71 0 26.0 plus 5.0 Simla 63 49 — 35.9 minus 10.3, Surat 88 78 0 29.1 minus 10.5, Trivandrum 86 74 0 40.4 plus 9.8.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Progress is marked by originality and adventure; decay by imitativeness and routine. However perfect the wisdom of the past may be, the forms in which it is clothed are not final. They require to be broken and made afresh.

—RADHAKRISHNAN

The Bombay Chronicle

DO OR DIE

The first Gandhi Jayanti in free India was naturally celebrated with more than usual eclat in numerous places in India. It was officially celebrated by even British Ministers in London. Free men are respected by free men, whatever may be the other differences parting them. Gandhiji's greatness will be better appreciated now by non-Indians than it was ever before. There is a ring of sincerity in the tributes paid to him by Sir Stafford Cripps and by Mr. Arthur Henderson. Nor is there any exaggeration or the faintest touch of diplomacy in the remark of Rev. Scott of South Africa that "Gandhi's way of life and that of Christ come very close together." He rightly dismisses Gandhiji's description of himself as a "back number" and says that "Gandhiji's contribution to the solution of the innermost problem of civilisation has yet to be understood." Probably that is the very reason why Gandhiji often feels diffident about himself. But the naughty world takes a lot of time to follow precepts so different from its practice. Gandhiji's greatest miracle has yet to be achieved but we feel it will be achieved sooner than many expected. Gandhiji himself said once that the Hindu-Muslim problem would be the severest trial of his principles. He himself has stood by his principles steadfastly against tremendous odds and in the face of the gravest risks. And he has succeeded in restoring communal harmony to an appreciable extent in East Bengal, in Calcutta and in Delhi. That certainly holds out promise of further success. Only, the problem in the Punjab is much harder and demands more thought, better organisation and, above all, far more work for Gandhiji's lieutenants and followers in general. The common tendency among his admirers to leave him to work miracles must be resisted.

Many speakers at the Jayanti meetings justly admonished those who cry "Mahatma Gandhiki Jai" and proceed straight to give the lie direct to his principles of communal brotherhood, of non-retaliation, of meeting evil with good. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru referred to the incalculable harm done by those who swear by the Mahatma and at the same time pursue a policy of hatred towards their brethren. He also pointed out that Gandhiji's principles were not merely for the achievement of Swaraj, to be discarded thereafter, but were of a fundamental nature and needed to be followed in defending the very Swaraj which they made possible. The same view was urged by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel who said there was no point in celebrating Gandhiji's birthday or listening to the speeches of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru if people were not going to act in accordance with their wishes. The feeling in the hearts of numerous followers of Gandhiji was beautifully expressed by the Congress President, Acharya Kripalani, in his broadcast in the following words: "In the darkness that surrounds us, his is the only ray of light that points the way. In the confusion that prevails, his is the only voice that does not falter. We may lack the wisdom and the strength to walk the way and heed the voice. But it behoves us to know and to try to understand where the way leads and what the voice says. This is the least that we owe to him, who has led us to victory once and who is universally acclaimed as the Father of this Nation."

During the last many dark days Gandhiji has daily poured out his innermost feelings in his speeches at prayer meetings. But most moving was his speech on his own birthday. Referring to the numerous congratulations he had received he said that in his agonised heart he regarded them more as condolences at his finding hatred and vangeance all about him, his past work lying in ruins before him and finding himself practically "lone voice" We cannot believe that his is lone voice. It may be that now is the darkest day that precedes the dawn. On the very day he spoke in this vein he received a joint declaration from fifty-nine prominent citizens of Delhi, Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs who said: "We are one nation and resolutely oppose the theory of two nations. We are loyal to the Indian Union and shall try to preserve peace and prevent any further rioting and to preserve India's freedom. We also condemn the atrocities so far perpetrated. We shall lay down our lives to uphold our declaration." There are doubtless many in Delhi and other parts of the country who would gladly join these persons in their declaration. They should bestir themselves, place their services unreservedly at his disposal, and stand by him through thick and thin, determined, like him, to "do or die" in his mission to restore communal harmony in the country at any cost.

Vyshinsky And India

It is regrettable that M. Vyshinsky should have thought fit to intervene actively in the contest between India and Ukraine for membership of the Security Council and even more regrettable that he should have made statements and advanced arguments from which India should have been spared. In the General Assembly he virtually hinted that India was seeking election and was being supported as a member of the British Commonwealth. The Soviet Union, like every other nation knows that India's politics and international activities have been completely independent of the British Commonwealth and that much more often than otherwise India has taken an entirely different line from that of Britain and other Dominions. Does M. Vyshinsky require instances as proof of it? Nor are the Soviet Union and her statesmen ignorant of India's public declarations that she is not interested in the rivalries and mutually antagonistic international manoeuvres of the Big Powers. These Powers are busy playing the game of power politics and may be the Security Council elections are part of the game but why seek to insinuate that India is participating in it and why involve her in it?

India sought the election on merits and on certain principles. M. Vyshinsky agreed with those principles in the General Assembly except that, according to him, they did not apply "at the present time." In an interview with the United Press of America he has given more reasons. India, he said, "is a much newer member of the United Nations and also made nowhere near the contribution to the war effort as did the Ukraine." As to the first argument it is difficult to understand it except as an instance of palpable absurdity. As to the second, if comparative contribution to the war effort is to be the basic qualification of membership, then M. Vyshinsky is propounding a principle, which carried to its logical limit, makes nonsense of the Security Council, of all elections to it and, indeed, of the United Nations Charter. Most regrettable is M. Vyshinsky's observation to the effect that he believed that India had overreached herself in her aspiration to upset the geographical distribution in the Council's Election. To deny representation to the Pacific regions while other areas are well represented is an attitude the logic of which is peculiar. But what did he mean by using the word "overreach"? Assumption of superiority which it implies, is apart from being an uncalled-for slight to India, a kind of bourgeois snobbery which ought to have been regarded by M. Vyshinsky as unworthy of Communist Russia.

Frankly Speaking

Laski's Worry

Professor Harold Laski is a genuine socialist and democrat except when his Zionist sympathies dominate, as they invariably do, his principles. He has written an article in an American paper denouncing the British Government's so-called betrayal "of every pledge to the Jews" as "imperialist." If that is imperialist, how should Professor Laski's attitude to the Arabs be described? He just ignores them as if they had no right to Palestine, which has been their homeland for over a thousand years, as if they did not exist at all. It is a case of living in a fragile glass house and throwing stones at others. But Professor Laski is worried. He seeks to reassure himself and other similarly worried pro-Zionists that the United States will take over when the British retire. It is doubtful if the statesmen of the U. S. A. would, now that they have begun to be aware of realities, commit the blunder, which the Professor advocates. But if they do, the Arab world is ready.

Danger To Libya

The deputies of the Big Four Foreign Ministers are shortly meeting in London to discuss the future of the Italian colonies. The Egyptian Government has, therefore, sent a note to the Powers concerned about the views and demands of the Arab world regarding Libya. That "colony" comprising Tripolitana and Cyrenaica has become an unfortunate pawn in the imperialist and expansionist contest among the Big Powers. It is faced with two dangers: the danger of being split up and shared between Britain and Russia and the alternative danger of being handed back to Italy, of course, in the form of a United Nations trust. Libya deserves neither kind of fate, nor will the Arab world agree to it. The Arab people of Libya are fit enough to be given independence. If that is not possible, the only honest and just course would be to nominate an Arab Trustee for Libya. In any case, trusteeship of Italy or any of the Big Powers would be an ungracious and brutal betrayal of Libya.

Completing The Transfer

The public will not be much surprised to learn that the Governments of India and Pakistan have decided that all British officers and British other ranks now serving with the Supreme Commander's Headquarters or with the armed forces of India and Pakistan shall be given three months' notice of the termination of the present contract with effect from October 1, 1947. It was found by many during the past few weeks that inadequate Indianisation of the Army even after the transfer of power on 15th August was causing many administrative difficulties and misunderstandings. The Armed Forces Nationalisation Committee had first recommended that the Indian armed forces should be completely Indianised by June 1948, the dead-line for the transfer of power. But many of the detailed recommendations of the Committee became impracticable when power was actually transferred much earlier in August. In the altered circumstances Indianisation of the armed forces has got to be expedited at double-quick pace. Hence the decision mentioned above.

National Officers

The Government of India had earlier recommended that, after the complete transfer of power by June 1948, British Officers should be associated with the Indian Army purely in an advisory capacity as military missions. This recommendation also will have to be implemented much earlier than in June 1948. That does not mean that there will be no British officers at all in January 1948. There may be, probably there will be, some in each Dominion; but under new contracts on new terms to be published later. In any case, many Indian officers will have to be trained very soon to replace British officers, and we trust there will be no serious difficulty in obtaining suitable trainees or arranging for their speedy training. Great care should be taken to reassure the public that the defence forces will be rather strengthened than weakened by the new policy of completely nationalising the army.

Portuguese & The Indian Ocean

Naval Officer's History With Fallacies And Fascist Propaganda

BY DR. J. MENEZES.

(This reviewer was studying in Berlin during the period the Nazis propagated their race theories. He possesses firsthand knowledge of them. Although a medical graduate, he took special interest in German Indology Since his return in 1939, he founded the 'Gomantak Prajamandal' and carried on the Goan political movement.)

Even a casual glance at the bulky pages of 'Os Portuguese e o Mars das Indias' (The Portuguese and the Indian Ocean) by Julio Gonsalves, Lisbon, 1947, should convince the reader that the book is more propaganda of the Catholic-fascist myth of the Portuguese 'mission of civilization' than any genuine or reliable history.

Renaissance—In Reverse

The preface to the book written by Caetano Gonsalves commends it not only to the Portuguese but also to the European reader. He calls the Portuguese invaders, Albuquerque and Nuno Cunha (grandes vultos da Renascensa'—great figures of the Renaissance—and the author himself seeks elaborately to build up the legend of Albuquerque as a hero.

Yet all students of European history know that the Portuguese and Spaniards in Albuquerque's time had set up the Inquisition for physical destruction of men and women who represented the forces of the liberal renaissance. Albuquerque imported the inquisitorial spirit to India when he overran this country. We thus find him writing and asking the Portuguese King (the author does not refer to this whether he might exterminate the Jews one by one as he came across them. Surely he could hardly be associated with the spirit of liberal thought and tolerance of the Renaissance. He was actually a bigot, fanatic and freebooter. The renaissance came to Portugal much later and 'via' France and modern Portugal has long outlawed it.

The book is divided into two parts. The first deals with old India and the second with the Portuguese occupation of this country. The first part is a rehash of the writing of British imperialist writers and the author gives the impression of being a fact-finding clerk. He refers to the research scholars of European origin and ignores Indian scholars and maintains that the modern research is 10 years' old and much too recent. Actually, the interpretation of the European scholars is in consonance with that of Indian scholars.

Racial Myth

Although the author is not conversant with the latest Indological research, he appears to be attracted by the race theories of Germany. He thus interprets Albuquerque in terms of racialism and fallaciously interprets the German race theory. The German race theorists interpreted every great achievement of history by ascribing it to the 'German racial stock.' Now Albuquerque had not had any blood in his veins. The Portuguese had lived under the rule of Semites of the Ottoman empire and the semites had injected strong doses of their blood into the Portuguese race. The Portuguese writers themselves have admitted this. It is also a historical fact that one of the Portuguese Kings had imported Negroes and crossed them with Portuguese women in order to save the Portuguese from racial extinction. There are several provinces in Portugal where the negroid type is predominant.

There is nothing Germanic about Albuquerque. He had no Germanic instinct for empire. The empire's builders are required to preserve racial purity and we find Albuquerque promoting Indo-Portuguese marriages perhaps in response to the call of his own mixed blood. And if we take into consideration the racial values ascribed to the pure German race, we come to the conclusion that the author's hero, Albuquerque, was a racially decadent Lusitanian.

The author's thesis is that India is not a homogenous country'. She is a 'mixture without physical, racial, economic, religious or political unity'. He is clearly not conversant with Indo-Aryan thought which throughout underlies classic and modern Indian thought. When he describes Indian history, he opposes the Brahmin—whom he calls Aryan although there are no Aryans from Kashmir to Tranvancore—to the Shudra—whom he describes with the insulting terms of 'gentalha hindu' and 'canarim'.

When he comes to the Muslim domination, he praises Rajas whom he imagines to be of Aryan blood and condemns Muslim Sultans. He is showing in fact a hostility and bias that are out of place for a historian but which are explained by the fact that the Portuguese interests in those times clashed with the Muslim. They hated the 'Moors' because of their trade rivalry and jealousy and they tried to exterminate their rivals in the name of the 'true faith'.

"Historical Mistake"

The author supports our thesis that the 'Lucitunization of our country was synonymous with 'Christianization! This was 'an efficient instrument of nationalization'. At the end of this chapter the author says that those Indians who have been 'Christianized with the secular arm of the Lusitanian States' were grateful of the hour of their Christianization because they were taken to the 'Portuguese agallitarian and liberal spirit'. This is of course a complete falsehood. Because, the Portuguese invaders had never been liberal except in 1910 when Portugal became a Republic and the period of 1910 to the establishment of the Salazar dictatorship has been described by the authentic Portuguese spokesman of the Salazar regime, Patriarch Jose Nunes, as 'Historical mistake'. The contact between the Indian and the Portuguese' was the child of the fundamentally geneous and liberal spirit of the Portuguese, one of their racial characteristics which makes them, the Portuguese, "par excellence", a civilized people'. So ends the author of this 'history'.

The contents of the book clearly show that it has probably been subsidized by the Salazar Government to popularize the fascist myth of Portuguese superiority and mission of Roman Christianity. It has nothing new to offer. He skips over the more unsavoury chapters of cruelty of the missionaries of 'civilization'. Thus, the chapter on the Inquisition is short. The acts of the Inquisition are attributed to the small fry of the Church.

History Falsified

We are familiar with organised falsification of history as an instrument of political control. Imitating the Nazis, the Italian, Spanish and Portuguese imperialists and fascisti, despite their Latin background and tolerance on the racial plane, have sought to create a ridiculous myth of the 'pure race' and superiority of the European 'civilization' propagated by the evangelists of Christianity in this and other countries invaded by European imperialists. The Salazar Government in Portugal has launched an imitative Kulturkampf and this book is typical of this politico-cultural propaganda of clerical-fascism. But it is not only preposterous but thoroughly ridiculous as the theories put forward as historical analysis are not based on objective historical truth as established by the Portuguese archives themselves.

I need hardly add that our history has been presented and interpreted not only by a large number of Indian historians who are accepted as scholars with a genuine historical sense, integrity and above all high regard for truth but also by our own Luis de Menezes Braganza, the intellectual and political giant who also brought to the Goan people the inspiring message of Indian national thought. I can only describe this pompous book of 'history as the work of a typical Portuguese ignoramus who does not know the ABC of history.

"National News"

The first number of the "National News", a monthly bulletin issued by the National Advertising Service Ltd., of Bombay is a timely publication intended to provide information on the condition of markets in the Dominions of India and Pakistan as well as the States. Mr. Harish C. Jain, the Editor, aims at fostering trade relations between the Dominions and other countries by providing dependable marketing information. The first number contains useful data about riot-ridden Punjab and an attractive map of the Dominions.

PLANS FOR IRAN

An Interview With The Shah

The writer, grandson of the late President Theodore Roosevelt, was an assistant to Dean Acheson in the State Department before joining the Army during the war, by way of the Office of Strategic Services. He is at present on a tour of Europe and the Middle East.

BY KERMIT ROOSEVELT

The fight for Iranian progress will be won on the civilian front, the army-trained Shah of Shahs asserted in an interview. As long as the Iranian people are ill-fed, ill clothed, ill educated and just plain ill, he said, there could be no real security against outside aggression. An army can be defeated, he pointed out, a people cannot. But the people must be strong, united, convinced of the rightness of their cause: and the social progress he is instituting in Iran will do that for them.

Though only a young man of 27, his Imperial Majesty Mohammed Reza Shah Pahlevi, ruler of Iran, shows the strain of the last few years. He talks seriously, with an occasional flash of humour which does not detract from the over-all impression he leaves with a visitor: an impression of great earnestness.

He outlined his plans for Iran: The Government must institute a programme of free public education, free hospitals and clinics, and general economic improvement, particularly in irrigation and agricultural methods, which will provide the Iranian with his basic necessities in food and clothing.

In this programme Iran will need financial assistance, at least initially, and is counting upon the friendly support of the United States in obtaining such assistance —either by a loan from the international bank or by arrangement with private firms and investors, who would contract to build or finance a specific project, such as a dam which would rapidly pay for itself.

INTERNAL PROBLEM

In addition to the social and economic reforms, Iran faces a major internal political problem before it can achieve unity, Shah Pahlevi went on. Many of the big tribes are, in effect, small kingdoms in themselves, tribal loyalties taking precedence over national faith. During the war, from one source or another, the tribes acquired large quantities of arms. Without foreign agitation or support, the tribes are not too intractable, after the Russian withdrawal from Azerbaijan and the fall of the Pishevari Government, for example, most of the Azerbaijan tribes surrendered their arms without trouble.

But in the south there has been trouble, particularly with the powerful Qashqai tribe, which last fall waged open warfare against the Government. The Shah emphasised that no state which intends to perform its full duties for its citizens can allow the existence of private unauthorized arms within its frontiers.

If Iran can make the social advances and achieve the unity she requires, outside threats need not frighten her. But until then, she is most susceptible to attack — which need not be open, but merely threatened. Iran has a long way to go and very little time in which to get there. Vigorous, even drastic measures will be necessary.

Democracy, to survive, must rest on strong foundations of education and economic security neither of which are adequate in Iran today. Given time and world stability, the present inadequate Iranian democracy would improve itself and make its slow advance. But is there time, and is the world stable? That is the difficulty which the Government and people of Iran must overcome. (Copyright by the North American Newspaper Alliance.)

Russo-Canadian Wrangle Over Soviet Marriage Ban

LAKE SUCCESS, Oct. 3, (U. P. A.): The Canadian delegate to the Assembly's Social Commission, Beaudoin, charged yesterday that Russia forbids foreigners to marry Soviet women and drew the sharp Soviet retort that he is attempting to meddle in the internal affairs of Russia.

The brief exchange between the Canadian and Soviet delegates occurred when Beaudoin replied to the charges made last week by the Ukrainain delegate, Demtchenko, to the effect that Canada is employing slave labour and that D.P. workers are not allowed to marry freely.

Beaudoin said that they have the same rights as Canadian citizens and added, "This freedom is in sharp contrast with the situation created by the marriage laws which were recently adopted by Russia. Under these laws it appears that no alien resident of the U. S. S. R. will be permitted to marry a Soviet citizen."

The Russian delegate declared that the Soviet Union will not ask Canada for permission to enact laws that it sees fit to enact. This is an attempt to meddle in the internal affairs.

KARACHI, Oct. 3, (A. P. I.): The second list of cash contributions to the Quaid-e-Azam's Relief Fund shows a total of Rs. 9,862-0-9 and a grad total of Rs. 26,983-10-9. The second list of cheque contributions to the Quid-e-Azam's relief fund shows a total of Rs. 5,74,572-2-0 and grand total of Rs. 9,20,871-8-0.

No Russian Visas To U.S. Senators

MOSCOW, October 3 (Reuter):—Members of the United States Senate Appropriations Committee now visiting Europe were refused visas to enter Russia to visit the American Embassy because their purpose was "to investigate", organ of Soviet Government, "Izvestia" declared to-day.

Large numbers of Congressmen were now travelling in many countries "interfering in the internal affairs of States which for this or that reason are inspirers of dollar diplomacy," the newspaper stated.

The Soviet Union was not among the countries which could be subjected to investigation. The trip of the United States Senators was therefore unsuitable and did not conform to elementary principles of sovereignty of States.

MASTER RACE THEORIES OF HITLER

"South Africa Can Defy Decision Of U.N."

CHICAGO, Oct. 3 (Reuter): The traditionally isolationist "Chicago Tribune"—the large circulation Mid-Western daily—in a leading article today accuses South Africa and Britain among others, of carrying on the "Master Race Theories of Adolf Hitler", in their attitude towards the Coloured Races of Africa. It asserts that the United Nations is unlikely to intervene and "as years go by, it will be increasingly apparent that the United Nations is a device for maintaining European Sovereignity over the Coloured races of the world".

"The Union of South Africa knows it can safely defy any decision made by the United Nations which contains no members willing or able to help the oppressed people of Africa", the editorial declares and proceeds to cite cases of France, Belgium, Portugal and Britain all of whom, it says, can be counted on to resist United Nations intervention with their relations with Africa's Native population.

DEFIANCE OF U.N.

Characterising as "a summing up of the attitude of all the Colonial Powers" the South African Prime Minister, General Jan Smuts', recent declaration against any alteration in the policy of Parliamentary representation by Europeans for the maintenance of Western civilisation in Africa, the editorial comments "the Master Race Theories of Adolf Hitler thus are carried on by others. No more attention will be paid to United Nations pronouncements on Africa than were paid to the fifth of President Wilson's 14 points for settling world war one, which called for 'an impartial adjustment of all Colonial claims on the principle that the interests of the population must have equal claims with the claims of the Government'".

HUNGARY WILL MOVE TO EXTREME LEFT

BUDAPEST, October 3 (Reuter):—The United Nations Security Council's rejection on Wednesday of Hungary's application to join the United Nations has caused deep concern in moderate political circles here. They fear that it will hasten Hungary's trend towards the extreme left and weaken her relations with Western Powers.

In an official statement the Government accepted the United Nations' decision with regret. Hungary hoped the Security Council would reconsider the application, the statement added.

SECOND IMMIGRANT SHIP INTERCEPTED

Royal Navy Foils Attempt To Run Palestine Blockade

HAIFA, Oct. 3 (Reuter): Northlands, the second illegal immigrant ship in 24 hours to be intercepted by the Royal Navy while attempting to run the Palestine blockade, anchored off Haifa today with 2,000 Jews on board as semi-official sources here said that five immigrant vessels were making for Palestine from Mediterranean ports.

Northlands, renamed Medina Ivrit (Jewish State) by Haganah, the Jewish defence organisation in Palestine, was escorted by two British destroyers into Haifa Bay where the motor vessel Paducah, carrying about 1,500 immigrants, was brought yesterday by the Royal Navy. Both ships were reported to have sailed from a Rumanian Black Sea port at the weekend.

Light resistance had been offered to naval boarding parties by the immigrants in the "Paducah" but those in "Northlands" offered none.

Some of the Jews from the "Paducah" have embarked for Cyprus in the ferryships "Empire Rest" and "Empire Comfort", but 700 were today still waiting for ships to take them to Cyprus.

Reuter reported from New York today that appeals urging that Jews from the "Paducah" and the "Northlands" "be permitted to enter Palestine peacefully" have been sent to Mr. Ernest Bevin, British Foreign Secretary, President Truman and the United Nations by Mr. Abraham Feinberg, President of "Americans for Haganah."

ARABS GO ON STRIKE

As Haifa's waterfront district was sealed off to prevent possible demonstrations against deportation to Cyprus of the latest batch of illegal immigrants, the authorities today faced another security problem—the strike called by the Arab Higher Committee as a protest against the United Nations Investigating Committee's report on the Palestine problem.

Arabs throughout Palestine were "fully observing" the strike. All Arab shops were closed and traffic was very light since Arab taxis, omnibuses and lorries were off the streets.

The strike opened without demonstrations. The Jewish population behaved quietly to offer no provocation.

A Reuter despatch from Tangier, Morocco, said the strike was observed there today by all Moorish firms and ships, but labourers were working and the town was quiet.

BRITISH DENIAL OF THREAT TO JEWS

LONDON, Oct. 3 (U.P.A.): British and Jewish official sources here and in Palestine denied reports that Britain threatened the Jewish Agency with a "shooting war" if Royal Naval vessels suffered further damage in incidents with Jewish refugee ships.

Egyptian General Strike Averted

CAIRO, Oct. 3. (Reuter): The Egyptian Government's ban on strikes and demonstrations because of the cholera epidemic prevented a three-hour general strike due throughout Egypt today as a protest against the proposal of the United Nations Palestine Committee.

After the Friday morning prayers, a number of youths tried to form a procession but police quickly dispersed them and continued to patrol the streets to quell any other demonstration.

The situation was normal in Alexandria where some youths were arrested distributing pamphlets.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

...PARIS, Oct. 1: Admiral D'Argenlieu, Carmelite monk who left his monastery to fight for France during the war went back to monastic life at the Carmelite monastery at Avon in the forest of Fontainbleau near Paris, on September 15, it was disclosed today.

He was Commanding Officer of the Free French naval forces during the war and later French High Commissioner in Indo-China.

—Reuter.

* * *

In an interview with the U.P.A., M. Vyshinsky has offered two shattering arguments against India's candidature for the Security Council membership.

First that India is a "much newer member of the United Nations".

Who can deny that India, a founder member, is a newer, in fact, much newer member of the United Nations than—ahem—the Ukraine?

* * *

Secondly, India has "made nowhere near the contribution to the war effort as did the Ukraine."

We suggest that not only the Ukraine but also Byelo-Russia, Poland, Czecho-Slovakia and Yugo-Slavia—but not Greece, Abyssinia, Holland etc.—should, in fact, be made permanently non-permanent members of the Security Council.

* * *

And India must humbly apologise, M. Vyshinsky said that he believed India had over-reached (SIC) herself in her aspiration to upset the geographical distribution in the Council's elections.

India has been getting uppish and must be put in her plebeian place by the aristocracy of nations.

* * *

Says Professor Harold Laski: "The breaking by the British Labour Party of every pledge they made to the Jews is one of the best known examples of the imperialist patterns".

The breaking by Professor Laski of all socialist and democratic principles and professions by ignoring the inhabitants of Palestine is also an interesting example of something or the other.

* * *

"Almost every argument, which Mr. Bevin advanced in defence of his policy in Palestine is", Professor Harold Laski authoritatively rules, "plain nonsense"

Especially the myth of the rights of the Arabs.

The Professor should write brilliantly classical book exposing the Arab myth. He really should.

* * *

Azzam Pasha, the Secretary-General of the Arab League, is reported by Reuter's Cairo correspondent to have referred to the possibility of the formation of a Mediterranean Entente between Greece, Turkey, the Arab League States and possibly Italy.

Either Azzam Pasha or Reuter's Cairo correspondent had better think again.

* * *

Marshall Tito has denounced the "Truman Doctrine" as "nothing but an endeavour to provoke war in Europe and to enslave other peoples".

War with peoples who don't need any further enslavement?

REV. SCOTT STILL HELD UP

American Embassy In London Awaiting Johannesburg Instructions

LONDON, October 3 (Reuter): The efforts of the Reverend Michael Scott, former Johannesburg and London Curate, to present a petition on behalf of the South-West African tribes to the Secretary General of the United Nations are still being held up. Mr. Scott, who has played a leading role in South Africa in a challenge to alleged racial discrimination, was today awaiting here an American visa in order to proceed to Lake Success, New York.

Reverend Scott, who arrived by air from Johannesburg on Monday night, told a press conference this afternoon that the American Embassy in London had told him that up to now, no instructions had been received from Johannesburg "where his case was being investigated."

20 P. C. CUT IN BR. FORCES?

LONDON, Oct. 3, (Reuter): Cuts in Britain's Armed Forces, requested by Prime Minister Clement Attlee to save overseas dollar expenditure, have now been accepted in principle by the Service Chiefs after consultation with the Cabinet, it was learned today.

The Army, Navy and Air Force have made a thorough investigation of possible economies ranging up to about 20 per cent of their budgets and the main lines of the savings have been worked out.

It was indicated today that each of the three arms would contribute proportionally to its strength. The Army, which has the biggest budget, and on which the brunt of occupation falls would thereby make the biggest sacrifice.

BR. TROOPS TO BE WITHDRAWN "ALL ALONG THE LINE"

BEDFORD, Oct. 3 (Reuter): British Paymaster-General H. A. Marquand said here last night that Britain would be withdrawing troops from abroad "all along the line" and that the Government had by no means made its last announcement about the reduction of the forces. "We have to maintain our forces abroad with foreign exchange," he declared. "We have already brought home a large number from India and Burma and our withdrawal from Palestine must eventually result from our decision to put the matter to the United Nations. We shall be withdrawing all along the line."

DARJEELING, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): The Municipal employees of Darjeeling are on strike from last evening, resulting in the stoppage of all essential services, including electricity, water supply and conservancy work.

Maintaining Cultural Unity Of Bengal

Dr. J. C. Ghosh On Need For Setting Up U.B.E.S.C.O.: C.R.'s Advice To New Graduates Of Calcutta University

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3 (API): About 2,300 new graduates took their degrees at the Convocation of the Calcutta University today. They included 11 women medalists. Six new graduates had qualified for the Ph. D. ten for the D.Sc., one for the D.Phil., and one for M.D.

RAINS CAME

The proceedings of the Convocation were marked by torrential rain which trickled down on guests and visitors through the specially erected pandal, making the speeches at times inaudible. To protect the Chancellor, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, from rain water, an umbrella was held over his head.

NEED FOR U.B.E.S.C.O.

Dr. Jnan Chandra Ghosh in his Convocation address emphasised the need for establishing a United Bengal Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation—UBESCO, as he called it—charged with the duties of maintaining the cultural unity of Bengal, although the Province had been partitioned.

The organisation, he said, should be adequately financed by the Governments of India and Bengal and should rank in importance with the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation in Delhi. The organisation should be competent to tackle successfully the task of reconciling the people in the Eastern Frontier of India, who had parted company in peace only under the superhuman influence of Mahatma Gandhi.

FOR PERMANENT RECONCILIATION

Dr. Ghosh added: "In order to make such reconciliation permanent, the people will have to be educated in such ways that they resolve their differences by persuasion and discussion. A conflict at the political boundary that divides Bengal in two should be as unthinkable as one at the boundary that separated the U.S.A. from Canada. This cannot be achieved by wishful thinking. Continuous efforts must be made to reshape men's minds according to this ideal".

"We are confident", Dr. Ghosh continued, "that as our people begin to enjoy freedom for some time, they will no doubt themselves proclaim that the inter-dependence of the various parts of India is essential for the rational solution of many problems that face the country.

Dr. Ghosh also suggested the establishment of an occupational institute in Calcutta and said that the University of Calcutta should be given sufficient funds to develop a residential college of science near Calcutta with the most up-to-date laboratory facilities for research and post-graduate training in different subjects.

POLITICAL BOUNDARY NO BARRIER

A political boundary should be no hindrance to the migration of university students seeking knowledge and communion with kindred spirits. The slums of Calcutta must be cleared and the United Bengal Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation should build its students home on the model of the international students homes of the Rockefeller Foundation. It would not do Bengal much good if all young men, after passing the matriculation examination joined the University. A large section of such students should be diverted to occupational institutes of the type that was established some years ago in Bangalore.

"Now that national leaders holding and practising high ideals, are at the helm of affairs, it would not be difficult to inspire the student community with reckless enthusiasm and selfless service for the creation of a better world for the common man of India", Dr. Ghosh concluded.

C. R.'S PLEA FOR GOOD HUMOR AND TOLERANCE

The Chancellor, Mr. Rajagopalachari, thanked the audience for their patience and tolerance towards the nature around them. "If you can only maintain this good humour and this tolerance and a little capacity for suffering you can do a great deal," he said.

Addressing the students, the Chancellor said that those who received their degrees today unofficially constituted members of the organisation suggested by Dr. Ghosh. "All of you are officially charged with the duty of maintaining the unity of culture in Bengal, if not of India together. It is your duty, wherever you may be, faithfully and sincerely to carry the message of goodwill, the mission of tolerance and the spirit of courage, in place of the spirit of fear and suspicion. I urge you, therefore, to remember that when you are off your guard in natural conversation, then is the time to remember such mission as you are charged with."

MOTHER TONGUE AS MEDIUM

The chancellor urged all the universities in India to accept the mother tongue of the Province as the medium of instruction and said "Government may be separated. But the culture of India is indivisible and cannot be divided even by artificial means."

Universities, he said, were not merely for convocation meetings and graduate manufacture. They must be the fountain source of all life activities guided in a cultured and civilised manner.

EDUCATION FOR CITIZENSHIP

"If our boys and girls have to help the country we must change the method of education in the universities, thereby inspiring changes in lower institutions also. You must remember that your education is now for altogether a different purpose. Your education is not the education of a slave or a servant. Your education is for the full-fledged citizenship of India. You will carry your equipment for the befit of India. You must take education for productive purpose not merely for getting jobs. You will carry on with the mission of trust, goodwill and courage and tolerance and not bellicosity, fear and suspicion", he concluded.

Enthusiastic multitudes cheered and greeted the Peace procession of writers and artistes, which went round the city to celebrate the birthday of the "Father of the Nation", Mahatma Gandhi on Thursday.

Raiders Attack Villages

Punjab Floods Delay Movement Of Refugees

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3, (A.P.I.): A Military spokesman said to-day that the floods in the East Punjab were subsiding but it was still difficult to assess the extent of damage caused by the recent rains or to estimate the casualties. Food was being made available to sufferers by the East Punjab civil authorities.

The movement of refugees coming on foot from Pakistan to India has been seriously affected by the recent floods which have breached roads and damaged bridges. Many refugees, however, were being brought in motor transport; 2,100 were brought from Khanewal to Amritsar yesterday.

Ten thousand refugees who were at Beas were expected to move to Kilchian on foot. There were 40,000 in the Amritsar camp. They were expected to move to Wagah today through the city along the Grand Trunk Road.

The following is a summary of events in the 24 hours ending at 6 a.m.

DELHI: One or two stray incidents of looting occurred but prompt action was taken. Some arrests have been made

AMBALA: There were incidents of stabbing and looting. Troops of the Assam Regiment carried out a flag march in Ambala City and Cantonment. Curfew was imposed on October 1.

In the Jagadhari area, villagers who were grazing cattle were attacked. Two were killed. Four were wounded when the village of Nadawas was attacked. Five of the raiders have been arrested.

HISSAR: There have been attempts by some persons to attack villages in the District. There is a report that about 100 of them from Sewani, 15 miles south-south-west of Hissar, attacked a place called Chaudhriwas and killed 15 persons. It is also reported that raiders, about to attack the villages of Banawala, Mohammedpur and Hasanga, were intercepted in time by a Military patrol. The raiders were dispersed by fire.

No reports are available from other areas, including West Punjab, Sind and the North-West Frontier Province.

LIAQUAT-NEOGY CONFERENCE AT LAHORE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3, (A.P.I.): At a meeting of the Emergency Committee of the Cabinet today, the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, made a report on his recent talks with the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, says a press communique.

Mr. Neogy, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, and Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Minister without Portfolio, are flying to Lahore on Sunday to discuss various problems arising out of the movement of refugees with the Prime Minister of Pakistan.

PEACE PREVAILS IN EAST PUNJAB

JULLUNDUR, Oct. 3, (A. P. I.): Peace prevails in greater part of East Punjab, says a Press 'Communique' issued by the East Punjab Government today. The Districts of Simla and Hoshiarpur continue to be quiet. Troops escorting refugees, the 'Communique' adds, killed one person and wounded some in police station Jandiala. They also forcibly took away 35 cattle and some bullock carts. When the sub-inspector requested for the return of the looted property, the troops threatened the police and illegally detained their staff posting a sentry at the police gate and placed a Brengun in front of it. Refugees committed dacoities at Nurpur in Ludhiana District.

Refugees in Karnal District raided a village and caused heavy casualties. Three dead bodies have been found in the place.

Three kidnapped girls were restored to their parents at the refugee camp at Fillore.

3,000 TO QUIT KARACHI DAILY

KARACHI, Oct 3, (A.P.I.): Following a series of conference between the officials of the Commerce Department of Pakistan, the Collector of Karachi Customs House and the local agents of some of the steamship companies, it has been decided to clear by steamer 3,000 instead of 1,000 evacuees per day as hitherto from Karachi.

No Incident In Bombay

BOMBAY, Friday.

"There was no incident in the city since morning on Friday", says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity tonight.

EXPLOSION HITS ONE NEAR GAMDEVI

The Director of Publicity Bombay in a press note issued this morning states "a pedestrian was injured when an explosive burst in east Gamdevi area early this morning".

KOLABA BAN EXTENDED

The ban on the holding of public meetings in the Kolaba District, without previous intimation to the nearest Magistrate has been extended for a further period of one month from October 6.

OFFERS TO ACCOMMODATE REFUGEES

The Government of Bombay has received offers from Mr. K. C. Patel, Joint Honorary Secretary, Rotary Club of Nadiad, Nadiad, Mr. Natvarlal Motiram Gor, President of the Gram Samiti, Uttersanda and Mr. Jeramdas B. Desai, Desai Building, Nadiad to accommodate and maintain 50 persons, 10 families and 150 families, respectively.

AHMEDABAD BAN ON ARMS DEALS

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 3, (A.P.I.): The District Magistrate has prohibited under Section 144 Criminal Procedure Code all persons holding arms licences from selling without his written permission their arms to persons holding licences under the Arms Act but residing outside the Province of Bombay. This order will remain in force for a month.

ONE INCIDENT IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3, (A.P.I.): Only one incident was reported last night to police headquarters in the Town Hall, Old Delhi. No incidents were reported in New Delhi last night and this morning.

The body of a youth was found near a place of worship on Malkaganj Road. Arms and ammunition seized by the police yesterday included a pistol, three bottle-bombs, one coconut-shell bomb and 62 cartridges from Paharganj and five shell heads from Subzi Mandi.

AHMEDABAD VOLUNTEERS FOR RELIEF WORK IN DELHI

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 3.

In response of a letter received from Sardar Patel by St. John Ambulance Corps, Ahmedabad a batch of ten members is starting to Delhi on Monday for doing relief work among refugees.

Illegal Possession Of Arms In Karachi

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 3.

Following the announcement of the Sind Government to exonerate citizens who are in illegal possession of arms and ammunition provided they surrender these to the nearest Police Station by October 1st, a good number of sowrds, revolvers, cartridges etc. are stated to have been either surrendered or dumped overnight in public parks, gardens and some other secluded places, which are recovered by the police in the mornings. After October 1st, it is proposed to carry on house to house searches in this connection all over the city.

KARACHI MERCHANT SHOT DEAD BY ROBBERS

KARACHI, October 3 (API): An armed robbery, in which the robbers are alleged to have shot dead a diamond merchant named Lokumal, took place near the depot lines in the early hours of this morning. The robbers carried away property worth Rs. 12,000.

The police soon arrived on the scene and combed the area in search of the assailants.

LINKING UP RURAL ECONOMY WITH CREDIT RESOURCES

(Continued from Page 1)

serve Bank, consulted the Central Government and had come forward with the present Bill.

PROVISIONS OF BILL

Mr. Mehta proceeded to explain in detail the provisions of the Bill relating to the issue of licenses, the duties and responsibilities of the warehouseman, the care he had to exercise to maintain the identity of the goods and preserve their identity, the maintenance of accounts and inspection by the licensing authority, the inspection, weighing and classification of goods and the penal provisions.

He said that under the provisions of the Bill there could be various types of agencies conducting warehouses. These could be private persons, companies regulated markets, co-operative societies of various kinds including marketing societies as well as special warehouse societies district local boards and and Government. Once this legislation was passed a responsibility would fall on the Government not only to enforce the provisions of the Bill but to assist in the process of actually building up the warehouses Fortunately the Civil Supplie. Department had acquired a good deal of experience in storing and he envisaged a time when the godowns now used by that Department might be released and form a nucleus of godowns which may be run by Government That Department had also required considerable experience in the matter of grading and classification, which might also prove useful to the producer of agricultural commodities later on.

A FACT AND A FEAR

Mr. H. Shamsuddin, welcoming the Bill, pointed out that in the absence of warehouse facilities was forcing the agriculturists to sell at unfavourable prices But he wondered if private enterprise could be induced to build up godowns of the required standard, particularly in the backward areas, without a sufficient margin of profit. Besides conformity with all the conditions of the Bill may make the cost of storing prohibitive.

Mr. Bhiwanji Arjun Khimji made a plea for the exemption of commission agents and mukadams who were at present doing large scale business in warehousing from the operation of the Bill He urged that warehouses privately run would cost less than those conducted by Government or co-operative societies and therefore private enterprise should be encouraged. An interesting suggestion made by him was that the products of village industries should also be brought into the scope of the Bill. This would greatly help the rural population to enlarge their field of credit.

The only person who went beyond a matter of detail and made a radical complaint was Mr. Sivbishalsing Harpaising, Communist member, who said that this measure would not benefit the poor cultivator because the traders in grains ultilise it fully to make more profits.

MISPLACED CRITICISM

In replying to the debate, Mr. V. L. Mehta clarified the position of Government with regard to certain criticisms made. The criticism of the Reserve Bank which had been voiced in the House was misplaced. The Reserve Bank could only advance rural credit against a document of title to goods. As such a document had not yet been created and the Reserve Bank could not be blamed for not lending money freely. After all when the Central Bank of the country was to advance money, the security must be made as nearly perfect as possible. The other misconceptions that the Finance Minister cleared could be summed up as follows.

The Bill does not come in the way of those who are now dealing in grains and rendering warehouse service also on the basis of actual possession of commodities. But it was for them to consider if they should come under the provisions of the Bill and thereby establish a relationship with the central credit system of the country.

The provision banning the warehouseman from dealing in the goods in his custody or lending money on it was a salutary one. Otherwise he would be a in a position to exert undue influence in the matter of prices. Co-operative societies had been exempted from this provision, but as a Minister in charge of co-operation, he stated that he would be chary to permit co-operative societies connected with the marketing or financing to take advantage of this exemption.

NO PRECEDENT

The Bill was completely novel and there was no precedent or experience on which they could fall back. They were trying to benefit by experience of such measures as they operated in other countries like the United States of America and Canada. If the working of the legislation disclosed any defects Government would be ready to undertake amendments.

Meanwhile Government was determined to see that it did not merely remain an ornament on the Statute Book but to see that it was effectively put into operation.

Although the Government did not intend to preclude any agency, he was doubtful if private agencies eager for profit would care to come forward as licensed warehouse keepers. The agencies which Government would assist readily would be co-operative societies and controlled markets.

Having passed the first reading, the House took up consideration of second reading which was in progress when the House rose for the day.

"LIFE IMPOSSIBLE FOR MINORITIES IN WEST PAKISTAN"

(Continued from Page 1)

resettle in Western Pakistan. There can be no going back.

WE ARE NOT "REFUGEES"

"But we are no "refugees." We confess we detest the very word in its application to us. This systematic description of the minorities of Western Pakistan has, unfortunately, given birth to ignoble complexes of superiority and inferiority among our brethren in India and among our brethren from Western Pakistan respectively.

We don't think we contributed our due share to the long and hard struggle of India's deliverance from bondage to render ourselves as 'refugees' in India on her emancipation.

We feel called upon to asseverate that whatever demands we make of the Government of India, are made as a matter of right without bringing in any debasing sentiments of pity, compassion and mercy. Our sufferings are the direct results of the vivisection of India."

DEAL FIRMLY WITH PAKISTAN GOVERNMENT

It is a pity, however, that the Government of India have not been fully alive to the gravity of the situation and left much to be desired in rising equal to the task with which they are confronted in this connection. While we have no desire to embarrass the members of the Government of India, while we fully realise the unprecedentedly gigantic nature of the task before them, and while we appreciate their efforts in this connection, we feel the time has come when we would be failing in our duty if we do not tell our Government publicly that in the matter of handling the problem of evacuation of the minorities of Western Pakistan, the Government of India have not acted with the immediacy and efficiency which the task called for. The Government of India have not shown much firmness either in dealing with the Pakistan Government. While the Pakistan Government are brazen-facedly trampling under their feet the agreements arrived at between the two Dominion Governments relating to the evacuation of minorities, the Government of India appear to be content with making rather imbecile representations and protests and avoid taking really effective steps to put the Pakistan Government in a reasonable frame of mind. We believe there are many civilised ways open to the Government of India, such as retaliatory steps at Governmental level which can make the Pakistan Government behave and respect their agreements in action.

END PRIVATE RETALIATION.

"We should like to make it clear that we do not believe in private retaliation. Nay, we regard it as highly detrimental to the best interests of the country. We feel ashamed of the fact that some of our brethren indulged in private retaliation and took the law in their own hands. With all the sincerity and emphasis at our command, we appeal to our brethren to desist forthwith from having any recourse to private retaliation and give the Government of India ample and untrammeled opportunities to fight the cataclysmic calamity that has befallen us.

SOME SUGGESTIONS.

It is, of course, or privilege and duty to make suggestions to the Government of India which we believe are urgent and essential. Accordingly, we hereby make the following suggestions to the Government of India in the earnest hope that they will take immediate steps to clothe them in the robes of reality.

(1) Top-priority should be accorded to the immediate and safe evacuation of minorities from Western Pakistan including Baluchistan. The Government of India should mobilise all their resources for this purpose just as Governments do in wartime.

(2) Evacuation should be with all the belongings of the evacuees just as is the general practice, about evacuees from the West Punjab.

(3) All possible efforts should be made for the recovery of abducted and converted women. No Government should tolerate the dishonour of women.

(4) Conditions in the evacuees' camps are far from satisfactory. Food, medical supplies, etc., should be adequately supplied to the evacuees in the evacuees' camps.

SECURE ADEQUATE COMPENSATION FOR PROPERTY LEFT BEHIND

(5) The Pakistan Government, or failing that the Government of India should guarantee the evacuees adequate compensation for the movable and immovable property which they have left behind. The cheap and frivolous terms at which the Pakistan Government are disposing of and acquisitioning any land, houses and shops belonging to the evacuees have caused bitter resentment among them. Contrast it with the democratic machinery which is operating in Delhi for looking after the property of the Delhi evacuees. The Government of India should exert their utmost pressure on the Pakistan Government to cry an immediate halt to the above stated practice and compensate the evacuees adequately in this respect.

(6) After completion of evacuation, the Government of India as well as the Provincial Government should give top priority to the rehabilitation of the evacuees. The task is so gigantic that the country shall have to muster all its strength and resources in scientifically planned way. We hope that such planning will be devised in consultation with the representatives of the evacuees.

D. F. Karaka: Off My Chest

Back to the column!

"The City Police have this week started making effective use of the Home Guards in a fresh campaign they have launched against the "sutta" evil in Bombay," says a Press report in yesterday's "Sentinel" (Front Page).

Recently, when I wrote about the need for the creation of a Volunteer Corps, a leading member of the Home Guard approached me to ask why I would not support the Home Guards, work for it and combine the two organisations.

The press note I have quoted above answers that question.

I will not be a party to recruiting men to do the dirty work of raiding "Sutta" dens. I will not urge men, who have a full's day of work to do, to do the jobs for which we keep a fully-paid police organisation.

It is WRONG for Government to use the Home Guards for raiding "sutta" dens. It distorts the whole purpose for which the Home Guards were formed—namely, to protect the people in an emergency.

That was the distinguishing character of the Home Guards and the authorities concerned are spoiling that character.

Could you ever visualise the Home Guards in any other country used for raiding gambling dens?

Mahatma Spends Quietest Day

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): Today was perhaps the quietest day for Mahatma Gandhi since he came to Delhi about three weeks ago. Much in contrast with the busy time he had yesterday, he had very few visitors today.

Mahatma Gandhi spent most of his time resting. In the morning, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy had talks with him The Raja of Bobili called for some time.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, called on him just before the prayer meeting and Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister came after prayers. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, joined prayer and stayed on with Mahatma Gandhi for some time.

Many more telegrams from home and abroad congratulating Mahatma Gandhi on his 79th birthday were received today.

BIHAR ASSEMBLY'S TRIBUTE

RANCHI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): The Bihar Legislative Council today adopted a resolution paying homage to Mahatma Gandhi on the occasion of his 79th birthday.

Puzzle To Westerners But None To His Countrymen

London "Times" On Mahatma's Recent Great Success In Bengal

LONDON, Oct. 3, (Reuter): Mr. Gandhi's conduct is often incalculable by Western standards, but he is no puzzle to his own countrymen, "The Times" stated today in a note on his birthday. "This frail and dogmatic figure, by turns ascetic, reformer, statesman and revolutionary leader, present a constant puzzle to Western observers, who try to classify him in accordance either with their own political predilections, or with the activities which engage him at a given moment", "The Times" stated.

DEFIES CLASSIFICATION

"He defies classification. By Western standards his conduct is often incalculable, at times clearly irresponsible; and his lifelong adherence to the philosophy of non-violence is of itself no sufficient clue to the workings of his complex intelligence on particular occasions. To his own countrymen he is no puzzle, since his personality and his creed appeal to emotions that are fundamental to their outlook on life. In this lies his strength,

"Time and again, admirers and opponents alike have believed that his political sun had set, but on each occasion the prophecy has proved wrong and he has emerged from the vicissitudes of public life with his influence renewed."

Today the 'Times' went on every Mr. Gandhi's most casual word may be an event of major political importance to millions of his countrymen.

"His personal influence has moulded the character as well as the form of the national movement that has brought political independence to one-fifth of humanity. That influence has been lately conspicuous in the present crisis. His services as a "one man Boundary Commission" in Lord Mountbatten's phrase, have saved millions of lives in Bengal.

HIGH HOPES

"Never in all his career has his gospel of non-violence been more needed by his countrymen than it is at the moment. Men of goodwill everywhere will look to him so to wield the power he exercises over the minds of those who revere him that peace may be brought to the suffering Punjab and mutual confidence to the sister Dominions".

BRITAIN TO SHARE AUSTRALIAN WHEAT WITH INDIA

LONDON, October 3, (Reuter): Britain is said to have suggested to Australia that, in view of the difficult food position in India, some of the Australian wheat intended for the United Kingdom should be sent there, Melbourne radio reported today.

The Indian Government has asked the Australian Government for additional wheat supplies and France, South Africa and many other countries have also made applications, the radio stated, adding that it would be some weeks before the Australian Government decided on allocations.

INDIA TO GET SUBSTANTIAL QUANTITY

India may receive substantial quantities on wheat from Australia's current harvest; according to Australian sources in London and Melbourne.

Melbourne radio reported today that Britain had suggested the diversion of some wheat, earmarked for herself, India because of the critical food position there. But Australian sources in London said they believed the harvest would be so large that India could have substantial quantities and still leave for Britain the 50,000,000 bushels of wheat which they hoped she would receive under an agreement they expected to be concluded shortly.

This wheat for Britain, added to the 160,000,000 bushels from Canada already contracted for will probably permit us to dispense with Argentine and United States grain this season, thus saving hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Ispahani Meets Lovett

WASHINGTON, October 3 (Reuter): The Pakistan Ambassador to the United States, Mr. Ispahani, as preliminary to the formal presentation of his credentials, to-day called upon Acting Secretary of State Robert Lovett at the State Department.

After visiting New York, where he is representing Pakistan at the United Natons Assembly, Mr. Ispahani is expected, early next week, to return to Washington to meet President Truman at the White House.

N.I. Congress Resignations

DURBAN, Oct. 3 (Reuter): Mr. I. W. Bawa, Executive Member of the Natal Indian Congress, has resigned from the Congress. Mr. Bawa and Mr. M. R. Parekh, Treasurer of the Congress, who announced his resignation yesterday, stated that they resigned because they disagreed with the present policy of Passive Resistance which, they say, has failed.

Congress And Minorities

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 3 (U.P.I.): The A.I.C.C. has just brought out a book entitled "Congress and the problem of minorities" which is compilation of the resolutions passed from time to time by the Congress, the All-India Congress Committee and the Working Committee on the communal problem during the last 60 years. It also contains the substance of the correspondence exchanged between the Congress and other organisations for the solution of the communal problem.

INDIAN 3 P.C. STERLING LOAN TO BE REDEEMED

LONDON October 3 (Reuter): Indian three per cent sterling stock outstanding on October 5, 1948, will be redeemed at par on that date. the Commonwealth Relations Office announced to-night.

Repayment will be made at the Bank of England together with interest accrued to the date of redemption As from October 5, 1948, interest on the stock will cease to be payable, the announcement added.

Calcutta-Delhi Mails Diverted Via Agra

CALCUTTA, Oct. 3, (API): The damage to the rail line between Ghaziabad and Delhi caused by the flood has now been found to be worse than what was anticipated earlier, and is likely to take sometime to repair, states the Public Relations Officer, Calcutta Railways. Consequently, the through running of trains between Ghaziabad and Delhi will continue to remain suspended..

Effort, however, is being made by the East Indian Railway authorities, in consultation with the Great Indian Peninsula Railway to divert the Up and Down Delhi Mails between Calcutta and Delhi to be routed via Agra and Muttra. The date from which such diversion may commence will be intimated later.

Laski Indicts Truman!

Professor Harold J. Laski, analyses the likely repercussions to the 'Truman Doctrine', in an exclusive article in the next "Bombay Chronicle Weekly".

T.V.A.'S Precursor

West Europe's Greatest Dam. Planned after the first world war, but held up by France's many difficulties the Rhone Valley Scheme that gave America the T.V.A. idea, is at last nearing completion.

Existentialism

An interview with the prophet of the cult, Jean-Paul Sartre, who explains that this neo-fatalism is not really gloomy and nihilist but creative and alive!

Press Pry

The fourth estate in Free India—Can it maintain its patriotic and progressive traditions?

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

Weekly

Sunday October 5

32-PAGE BOOKLET
"VITALITY SUPREME", by Gambers – a rational, scientific course on Vitality-Building is sent FREE on request. This must-be-studied course is sure to benefit you. Do drop a postcard for it this very day.
BRIJMOHAN & CO. BOMBAY. 1.
VITALITY SUPREME

PARIS
DIRECT FROM BOMBAY
We now have 3 weekly passenger services DIRECT from Bombay to the United States with a stop at PARIS. Immediate passenger reservations are available. Contact your nearest TRAVEL AGENT or our General Agents—AIR INDIA LTD.
SKYCARGO
A weekly 'ALL CARGO' service to the Middle East, Europe and America. Send your parcels and freight 'Sky Cargo' to ensure quick delivery
TWA
TRANS WORLD AIRLINE

HERNIA
Wonderful remedy by outward application. Thousands benefited without operation. Apply for testimonials and directions.—H. C. Roy, Specialist in Hernia. DIVINE TREATMENT HALL, 118, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta. 9.

GANDHI ASTROLOGER
Health, Wealth, Journey etc., Lucky numbers, days, by monthly details 1 year Rs. 5 Weekly Rs. 15. Five questions Rs. 2. V. P. As. 5 State sex, age and writing time Hanuman Jothisha Ashrama, Tirutani, S. India.

ATOMIC EXPERIMENTS
have not yet succeeded in benefiting mankind but ARGOTONE Nasal Drops confer the greatest possible benefit by giving instant relief to all sufferers from colds and catarrh.

★

The formula of Argotone Nasal Drops is printed BOLDLY and PROUDLY on every carton and label because it is quickly recognised by doctors as the IDEAL TREATMENT FOR CATARRH, COLDS, AND HAY FEVER.
Medical opinions agree that a stable solution of Silver Vitellin and Ephedrine Hydrochloride in normal saline clears congestion of the nose and throat, soothes and heals the inflamed membranes.
The wide use of Argotone throughout the world today is the result of consistent recommendation by doctors and chemists. You cannot do better than take their advice at the first sign of a cold or catarrh. Get a bottle of Argotone today—complete with dropper 8a. 3 available at all chemists.

ARGOTONE
NASAL DROPS
Made in England by
RONA LABORATORIES LIMITED

THE LURE OF THE STUDIOS

Advice To Film Aspirants

By "SARDI"

Lalita Pawar in "Jai Malhar."

Why a mere film critic should be presumed to know the "open sesame" that permits entry into filmdom, I cannot imagine. Yet the fact remains that I am often the target of queries, both written and verbal, seeking information as to how young aspirants may find for themselves a place in the shifting sands of the movie world.

NO ROYAL ROAD

There seems to be no royal road to stardom. Lucky persons such as ASHOK KUMAR and SURAIYA are known to have been discovered by enterprising producers who sky-rocketed them to film fame. Women especially, seem to hold the golden key that opens studio gates. What type of key is this?—Charm, sex-appeal, an arresting personality, perhaps; brains, however, do not always accompany such glamorous beings. That is why so many of our top stars, who have won fame the easy way, display little histrionic talent.

The real artistes of today, particularly among the men, have reached their way by dint of hard work more than anything else. For instance SHANTARAM, famous producer-director-star, started as an apprentice of Baburao Painter, learning the ropes of the trade over the years, till today he is on top of the tree. MAZHAR KHAN, MEHBOOB and NAZIR, amongst others, worked on bare pittances, acquiring a working knowledge of film technique before reaching the position they occupy today.

FROM THE LOWEST RUNG

My advice to all aspirants is to start from the bottom-most rung of the ladder. No matter how rich you may be, learn to do the humblest jobs connected with film-making rather than get places by pulling wires. Some of our finest actors and actresses and those of foreign countries, started out as 'extras' So must YOU. If you must become an actor, try to be a good one. Not a 'ham' who has got to the top through influence.

Apart from obtaining experience as an extra, it is vital for the would-be star to study elocution in Hindi and Urdu. A good singing voice is, of course, an asset, considering most of our films are semi-operatic. One does not necessarily have to be born with a good voice to be a reasonably good singer. One can acquire pleasant enough vocalism through training.

Another great asset, is a knowledge of dancing. This not only helps in dance sequences, but also enables the performer to acquire grace of movement. SADHONA BOSE was a splendid example of a film star who combined many talents in one person.

PERSEVERANCE SPELLS SUCCESS

As far as I am aware, there is no general casting bureau through which aspirants may apply for roles, apart from the arrangements made for selecting 'extras' at every studio. What ever the procedure, the aspirant, after acquiring the qualifications mentioned, should storm the film citadel through the extras' gate and endeavour to climb the ladder by means of hard work and ability.

Gulam Mohamed in "Cheen Le Azadi"

Perseverance—if you ask me, that is the "open sesame" to film stardom, and may be luck in one or two cases. If you are not amongst the lucky ones, try the other and more creditable way. Good luck!

★

"Sardi" Reviews Our Screen

—CURRENT—

New West End
FREEDOM FIGHT

From a novel by Gunvantrai Acharya Ranjit's CHHEEN LE AZADI narrates the story of a freedom struggle as its title indicates.

Finding the liberty of her people at stake, Madhavi the heroine, urges her lover Randhir to action by exhorting him to fight against the machinations of the foe who attempts to widen the rivalry of two neighbouring states.

Veena plays the central figure competently, with Altaf giving a powerful though over-done characterisation as the foe. The songs of Pandit Indra serve as an added attraction.

★

Capitol
WIDOW'S WEEDS

Widowhood often serves producers with an interesting theme, or so atleast they seem to imagine. In Hind Pictures' ABIDAH, we have yet another widow who overcomes the usual obstacles and lives to see her children grow up to become either saints or sinners.

Swarnalata dons many kinds of make-up to depict the transition from youth to age. Kumar and Majid Kashmiri lend support. The direction is by Nazir.

★

Chitra
GHOST OF THE PAST

A rather hackneyed theme is that of Din Pictures' JAG BITI which sets out to show how a man's past indiscretions mar his married life when his wife discovers his affair with another woman. Melodrama is piled on thick when the proceeds to commit a crime or two, following her sorry discovery.

Sadiq Ali plays the part of the illogical doctor who does not bury his past, Sulochana Chatterji enacts the role of the wife with many flourishes and Suraiya plays the other love rather coyly.

★

Majestic
RURAL ALLEGORY

The farm will, doubtless, never quite retire from our films, for does it not provide scope for some enchanting rustic scenery to say nothing of the attractive village belle?

Mangal Pictures' JAI MALHAR presents us with the story of two rural families who indulge in the old old feuds that ever prevail in the great outdoors. The lesson one is supposed to learn at the end, is that hatchets are best buried.

Lalita Pawar, Sumati Gupte, Chandrakant and Baburao Pendharkar have played under the baton of Ambapkar.

★

Krishna
PURPOSEFUL PICTURE

Janak Pictures' JANATA comes to highlight contemporary evils in the different spheres of life.

The heroine is a very modern miss who acts out on a campaign of social emancipation. She is played by Lalita Pawar, with David lending the film its humour in the role of a happy-go-lucky fellow. Nayampally gives one of his usual old-school characterisations. Young lovers are played by Satyapal Bhatia and Vijaya Dass.

—PHOTOPLAYS

For Hair's BEAUTY AND STRENGTH
PREFECT HAIR OIL
TIL ★ COCONUT ★ CASTOR
MODI SOAP WORKS
MODINAGAR (MEERUT), U.P.
Agents: M/S. DEAN & WEBBER,
Hassan Chamber, Parsi Bazar Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

Smoother riding—
ON ROUGH ROADS
One make of cycle can be easier to ride than another—Rudge proves it. Up-country or on city streets, the sturdy Rudge rides with a smoothness and balanced ease that makes every mile a pleasure. Most bicycles are in short supply, so you may have to wait a little time before you can own a Rudge.
Ride a RUDGE
Britain's best bicycle since 1869
K.W.R.

NEW RATION CARDS FOR E AND F WARDS

The distribution of new foodgrains and sugar ration cards at all the Ration Shops, including Communal Stores, Co-operative Societies and Government Grain Shops, falling in E(East) and F(South) Wards will be taken up during the week commencing from October 5 to October 11 1947.

All the foodgrains ration cards (including supplementary ration cards) in respect of which a declaration has been made are required to be produced along with sugar and kerosene cards and cloth registration sheets, at the shop, where the foodgrains ration cards are registered. New foodgrains and sugar cards will be issued in exchange for the present one. If any of the cards were declared but have been subsequently deposited, the deposit receipt should also be presented along with the other ration documents.

The following is the list of Central Shops falling in "D" Ward, where the work of distributing will be continued for the second week commencing from October 5 to October 11, 1947,

RATION SHOPS—NOS. 80 86 88 89 90 93 101 102 120 122 125 129 130 132 135 137 141 142 144 146 149 153 156 158 160 370 411 437 474 475 485 489 499 and 544.

GOVT. GRAIN SHOP NO. 114.

All the ration shops in D, E(East) and F(South) Wards will remain open on Sunday, October 5, 1947 and closed on Saturday, October 11, 1947.

The working hours for Government Grain Shops will be 8.30 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. and for all other ration shops 8.30 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 7 p.m.

CONTROL ON SUGAR & GUR TO CONTINUE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 3 (A.P.I.): After a careful consideration of the views of Provincial and State Governments, the Government of India have decided to continue the control on sugar and gur.

No Revision Of Hand-Printing Rates

The rates fixed by the Government of Bombay for handprinting cloth are quite adequate and reasonable and need no revision is the opinion of the Advisory Committee appointed by the Government to consider if the rates should be revised. The Government has accepted the recommendations of the Committee and propose to implement them as soon as possible.

The following are some of the important findings and recommendations of the Committee:

The practice of printing in "Kachha colours" should be stopped altogether.

The charges for printing in more than three colours should be the same as those for printing in three colours.

The printers should be compelled to stamp the words "Fast to Bleach" on all cloth printed by them and should also stamp the actual length of the piece.

The Government of India may be requested to make suitable arrangement for supply of dyes and chemicals for the use of handprinters, through their Associations at controlled rates.

LUCKNOW, October 3 (API): Dr. Brij Mohan Sharma, Secretary, Indian Political Science Association, announces that the tenth Indian Political Science Conference will be held at the end of this year under the presidentship of Dr. N. Khosla, head of the Political Department, Punjab University at Trivandrum. The exact date will be notified later.

Philip Mountbatten Leaves Greek Church

LONDON, October 3 (Reuter):—Philip Mountbatten has left the Greek Orthodox Church and been formally received into the Church of England in preparation for his forthcoming marriage to Princess Elizabeth, heiress presumptive to the British throne, it was learned to-day.

The proceedings were conducted privately by the Archbishop of Canterbury in the chapel of Lambeth Palace, London.

Press Laws Inquiry Committee

NEW DELHI, October 3 (API): The Government of India appointed in March, 1947, a Committee to review the laws relating to the press in India with a view to bringing them into line with the press laws of other progressive countries.

Due to constitutional changes, certain vacancies have occurred and the following have been appointed as members of the Press Laws Inquiry Committee in these vacancies: Shri Mohan Lal Saxena, Nawab Mohammad Ismail Khan and Mr. Hossain Imam, members of the Constituent Assembly, in place of Messrs. Sri Prakasa, Khurshid Ali Khan and Siddiq Ali Khan.

In addition to the two original terms of reference, the Committee will also review the press laws of India with a view to examining how far they are in accord with the fundamental rights formulated by the Constituent Assembly.

British Delegation To Study Jap Economy

POOLE (Dorset), October 3 (Reuter): A British Parliamentary Delegation of three Labour members and one Conservative led by the Reverend Gordon Lang left here to-day by BOAC flying boat for Tokyo to see how the occupation was working out and to gain firsthand knowledge of the experiment in democracy taking place in Japan.

The Delegation will also investigate how far the Japanese trade and economic situation is being restored.

Alleged Attack On Congressmen By Armed Mob

(From A Correspondent)

UNCHEHRA, Oct. 3

At Maihar railway station where four Congressmen had taken shelter was attacked, it is alleged, by an armed mob, headed by some Maihar State officers and Police. The Stationmaster saved the situation with sagacity and courage, calling out immediate police aid from Katni and Satna.

Allahabad Students Picket University

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 3.

The seventh day of the students strike here witnessed most educational institutions closed. Strike at Allahabad University was complete and picketing was vigorous but peaceful that no teachers could get into the university premises. At a mass meeting of the students held at the University Union Hall, speeches favouring the continuation of strike were made. One girl student who wanted to support the Government was hooted down, whereupon all girl students staged a walkout. The meeting was inconclusive. There was a suggestion to hold a ballot to decide whether the strike should be continued.

CENTRAL FOOD RESERVE FOR PAKISTAN

Ministers To Discuss Question At Lahore Conference

KARACHI, Oct. 3, (A.P.I.): The Pakistan Minister for Food, Agriculture and Health, Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan, has convened a food and agriculture conference at Lahore on October 13 and 14, 1947. The Prime Minister of Pakistan, and the Food and Agriculture Ministers and other representatives of all Pakistan Provinces and of Junagadh State have been invited to the conference.

In addition to the Ministry of Food and Agriculture, representatives of several other Ministries of Pakistan Government will also take part in the deliberations.

According to a press note issued today by the Ministry of Food, the conference will review the general food position in Pakistan and also the machinery for food procurement and the measures to improve it. The question whether a Central Food Reserve for Pakistan should be built up will also be taken up. It will consider whether a permanent food and Agriculture Council should be set up to tackle problems relating to agricultural commodities.

Amongst other things the conference will consider a "grow more food" campaign, the lines of which agricultural research should be planned and the part that co-operation, especially co-operative marketing, should play in the future economy of Pakistan. It will also review arrangements for harvesting and marketing the present cotton crop.

Lord Nathan In Karachi

KARACHI, Oct. 3, (API): The British Minister for Civil Aviation, Lord Nathan, accompanied by his son the Hon'ble Roger Nathan and his Private Secretary, Mr. R. D. Poland, arrived in Karachi at 3.15 p.m. today from Colombo in a special B. O. A. C. Northampton.

Lord Nathan and party will be staying in Karachi for two days before leaving for London by air.

CHOLERA IN SUKKUR

KARACHI, Oct. 3, (API): Cholera is reported to have broken out in the town of Sukkur and the District Magistrate has notified the town as cholera-infected area and all area within a radious of five miles from the town as "threatened area".

MORE PARLIAMENTARY SECRETARIES IN SIND

KARACHI, Oct. 3, (API): The Sind Governor has appointed six New Parliamentary Secretaries attached to the four Sind Ministers. Three of them including Mr. J. G. Allana and Kazi Mohamed Mujtaba, who will represent the special interests of Women and the Labour respectively, are attached to the Premier.

The Parliamentary Secretaries will draw a salary of Rs. 1,000 per month each.

INTER-ASIAN HOMOEOPATHIC MEDICAL CONFERENCE, GAYA.

A meeting of leading homoeopaths of India has decided to hold a Inter-Asian Homoeopathic Conference next year to champion the cause of Homoeopathy. The venue for the conference shall be Budh Gaya (Behar). A provisional committee has been formed, under the secretaryship of Dr. K. N. Palit. It is estimated that about two lacs of rupees will be spent in this conference. For further information please write to:—The Gen. Secretary, R. C. Inter-Asian Homoeopathic Conference, Post Box No. 61, GAYA, (Behar).

International Congress Of Surgeons

40 Countries Represented At London Meeting

By G. V. T. CHURCH

The largest gathering of surgeons seen for a quarter of a century has just concluded its deliberations in London. It was the 12th Congress of the International Society of Surgery, which opened on September 15, and was attended by representatives from more than 40 countries.

Opening the Congress, Sir Alfred Webb-Johnson, President of the Royal College of Surgeons, said: "By virtue of our calling we are patriots of humanity and know no frontiers. We are also ambassadors of our own countries and as such can help to promote peace, concord and understanding between nations."

The Congress provided an opportunity for surgeons to pool their knowledge and to review the recent achievements of medical science. Overseas delegates were also provided with facilities to visit the London hospitals and to study their organisation.

PHYSICIANS IN CONFERENCE

Earlier in the month, London was also the scene of another conference of medical experts — the six-day International Congress of Physicians. This meeting was attended by no fewer than 1,300 delegates, representing 29 countries. Among those who went from India were Major Shone, I.M.S., Professor of Medicine at Andhra Medical College, Vizagapatam, Dr. S. M. K. Mallick of the University of the Punjab; and Dr. I. K. Babur of the Karachi Medical Association.

An important item on the agenda of the conference was Britain's contribution to the world in the form of penicillin. Its discoverer, Sir Alexander Fleming, opened the discussion. Describing the efforts made to simplify the administering of the drug, Sir Alexander said that in the ordinary sense it was impossible to give an overdose of Penicillin.

Dr. R. V. Christie of St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, said that Penicillin had revolutionized the treatment of bacterial diseases of the valves of the heart, which were almost 100 per cent fatal before the drug was discovered. Infection was now controlled in 93 per cent of the cases.

Britain To Resume Trade Talks With Russia

LONDON, Oct. 2, (I.P.A.): It is understood that the British Government will resume trade talks with Russia as hopes of a speedy Marshall Plan aid have vanished. It is reported that the Soviet Ambassador, M. Zarubin, has returned from Moscow earlier this week with the message from the Trade Commissar, M. Mikoyan which expressed Russian willingness for the resumption of talks.

It is thought here that Mr. Harold Wilson is likely to fly to Moscow soon for reopening negotiations.

CALCUTTA, October 3 (API): The six-man British Parliamentary delegation to China, headed by Lord Ammon, arrived in Calcutta to-day on its way to Nanking. The delegation leaves to-morrow for China.

Policy
WORLD WIDE POLICY NO. 558
A Gold pointed Investment
THAT WILL PAY YOU DIVIDENDS FOR YEARS
. . . because the Mentmore Autoflow is specially made from materials proved to withstand the Indian climate. Available in drop-filling, Lever and Stud-filling models. The nib is solid, 14-ct. gold, tipped with osmi-iridium. Look for the Mentmore name engraved on every barrel, every nib—your assurance of life-long service.
Rs 15!
MADE IN ENGLAND.
MENTMORE
Auto-Flow
FOUNTAIN PEN
Trade Enquiries to Sole Distributors:
MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) LTD., P. O. Box 773, Bombay.

★ ZEPHROL
cough syrup
IS AN M & B PRODUCT
M·B
OBTAINABLE FROM ALL CHEMISTS
MAY & BAKER

Active Realising On Stock Exchange After Firm Opening

TWO-SIDED MOVEMENT IN COTTON MARKET

Bullion Prices Move Within Narrow Range

The Bombay Stock Exchange opened firm to-day and quotations improved further under moderate buying but the rise induced increased liquidation resulting in sharp decline from earlier higher levels. Sudden sharp spurt on Tuesday forced heavy short covering It is said that buyers confidently expected increase in steel prices and early settlement of labour disputes at Jamshedpur. So far we have no confirmation of such advices and we prefer to await developments.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,850/- and improved at Rs. 1,865/- but downturned at Rs. 1,800/- and steadied at Rs. 1,807/-. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 373/- and declined at Rs. 366/-. Bombay Dyeing Shares opened at Rs. 1,133/- and quitened at Rs. 1,110/-. Kohinoors opened at at Rs. 592/- and declined at Rs. 580/-. Simplex Shares opened at Rs. 249/- and eased off at Rs. 240/-. Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 622/- and declined at Rs. 609/-. Scindia Shares opened at Rs. 34/10 and after advancing at Rs. 35/- declined at Rs. 34/2. The market was steady at the decline.

Towards the close there was scattered buying and Tata Steel Defd. Shares were quoted at Rs. 1,820/- while Ordinary Shares changed hands at Rs. 367/-. Mill Shares did not show any marked change. Central Bank Shares were done at Rs. 88/2 and Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 490/-. Tone of the market was steady and realising sales were well absorbed.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1113/12 Kohinoor 52 Swadeshi 611 Nagpur 315 Simplex 249 New Great 381 Gokak 344 Indore 5[illegible]/8 Century 982/3 Colaba 250 I. Bleaching 145 Swan 355 Finlay 311/8 Morarji 551/4 Edward 700 Meyer 230 Apollo 4/2/6 I. U. Ordinary 16 I. U. Defd. 3/0/9 Madhusudan 290 Poddar 335 Khatau 342/8

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 368 Tata Steel Defd. 1822/8 Second 152/8

CEMENT

Associated Meger 165/8

INDUSTRIES

Burma 491/4 Belapur 275 Shivrajpur 37 Scinda 34/11 Construction 200 Tata Chemical 14/4 Tata Oil 67 Indian Iron 35/6 Bengal Steel 28/2

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord. 126/12 Tata Sydro 179 Andhra 1585 Power 1762/8

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 85 Phoenix 1305 Ind. Mfg. 4460 Kooria 257/8 Dawn 1545 David 152/8 New City 210 Minerva 200 Bradbury 615 Bharucha (Defd.) 7/4 Bharat 49 Mysore 285 Madhavji 19 Model 206/4 Laxmi 1655 Vishnu 665 Western 4325 Standard 508/12 Sholapur 6060 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4500 Tata 77/8 Ahmedabad Advance 427/8 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 19/12 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 400 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 245 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 52 Simplex Cpn. 122

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 147/8 (New) 115 Surat 171/14 New Prem 110 Karachi 156/14 Broach 12/8 Ajmer 12/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 165 Bombay Suburban 156/4 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 90

BANK SHARES

Reserve 116/8 Imperial 2250 P. P. 556/4 Central 88/8 Coupon 21 India 242/9 Union 10 Baroda 159 Habib 149 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 67 Jaipur 53 Hindustan Com. 43 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord.) 46 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 760 New India 72/8 Jupiter 33/12 Vulcan 15 Indian Mercantile 54/8 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 22 Ind Prud. 36/8 Neptune 7/8 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS.

C. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 605 Steamer 557/8 Burma New 161/4 B. B. Petrol 3/2/9 Mackenzie 150 Port Canning 75 Kemp 500 Zandu Pharmacy 190 Indian Investment Trust 101/8 Wimco 272/8 Dharamsey Chemical 33/8 Mukund Iron 12/2 Dena Trust 20 Alembic 252/8 Supreme India 142/8 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries 310 United Motor 79 A.C.C. New 96 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydro Construction 17/14

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 206/4 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1390 Tata Power 1460 Hydro 135 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 710 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 852/8 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 126/4 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec. 171/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127/8 (Second Pref.) 128/12 Amalgamated 138 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 145 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1959 (8) 107 I Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/4 B. I. C. 8/10 Burma Corporation 4/3 New Victoria 5 New Victoria Preference 6/10 Raja 28 Phalton 90 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 255 Ajamshahi 220 Air Service 13/8 Air India 173/12 Ambica 14 Hind Motors 7/13 I. Steam 13/12 Sone Valley 9/8

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

On the Bullion Exchange, Silver Market was steady on reported demand of delivery by professional operators while Gold was quiet on increased selling.

Forward Silver opened to-day at Rs. 165/4 and declined at Rs. 164/12 under some realising. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 165/2. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 109/4 and declined at Rs. 108/12. Ready Gold was also offered at Rs. 108/12 and Sovereigns were quoted at Rs 71/8.

The market improved on scattered buying and closed as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	164	14	0
Forward Silver	164	10	0
Ready Gold	108	6	0
Current Settlement	108	6	0
Next Settlement	107	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

The Cotton Market opened steady and after initial buying the market turned down on increased selling by professional operators.

At the opening January contract was placed at Rs. 469/8 and improved at Rs. 470/-. At this level there was some professional liquidation and January contract declined at Rs. 468/12 while March delivery was quoted at Rs. 473/4.

There was steady selling which resulted in further decline and January was quoted at Rs. 468/- and March stood at Rs. 472/4.

January delivery declined at Rs. 467-8 when renewed support appeared and the market rallied at Rs. 469-8. The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:

I.C.C. January	Rs.	469	8 0
I.C.C. March	Rs.	474	4 0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.
BOMBAY, Oct. 1.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
January	471-1/2	469	469
March	476	473-1/4	473-1/4

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton January contract is 1270 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98	12	0
2-1/2 p.c 1950	100	14	0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	101	4	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	100	0	0
2-3/4 p.c. 1975	99	8	0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable ..	100	12	0
3 p.c. 1986 Com. X.H. ...	101	2	6
3 p.c. 1949-52	102	7	0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102	14	0
3 p.c. 1953-55	102	14	0
3 p.c. 1957	102	13	0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102	7	0
3 p.c. 1966-68	102	2	0
3 p.c. 1970-75	102	1	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1947-50	100	6	0
3-1/2 p.c. 1954-57 ..	105	14	0
4 p.c. 1948-53	103	0	0
4 p.c. 1960-70	113	12	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1950-55	106	0	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60 ..	114	6	0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68 ...	117	8	0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961 .	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955 ...	102	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958 ...	102	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952 ...	100	8	0
3 p.c. U. P. 1961-66 ..	101	2	0
3 Bombay Port Trust ...	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	118	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	122	0	0
3-1/4 p.c. 1977	101	5	0
6 p.c. K P. T.	122	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Oct. 3.

Tata Ordinary 368, Tata Deferred 1822-8, Indian Iron 35-6, Steel Corpn. of Bengal 28-2, Bombay Dyeing 1113-12, Central India 315, Gokak 343-12, Kohinoor 578-2, Simplex 242, Swadeshi 611-4, Tata Power 1762-8, Associated Cement 165-8, Belapur 275, Bombay Burma (Old) 491-4, Scindia 34-11, Central Bank 88-2, New India 72-8, Tata 2nd Pref. 152-8.

CHICAGO WHEAT

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.

December	2.83-3/4 to 2.86
March	2.84 to 2.84
May	2.75-1/2 to 2.76
July	2.54 to 2.53-3/4

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

MILLS.

Ahmedabad Advance 426/4 27/8
Apollo 4/2/6 4/3 4/2 4/2/6 4/2 4/2/6
Bharat 49/4 49
B. Dyeing 1130 35 25 30 15 25 7/6 13/12
C. India 318 8 13 10 13 12 16 15
Colaba 250
David 152/8
E. Textiles 685 700
Elphinstone 85
Finlay 312 14 10 11 10/8 12 11/8
Gokak 346 40 45 41 44
I. U. (Defd.) 3/1 3 3/1 3/0/6 3/0/9
I. U. (Ord.) 16/2 15/14 16
Indore 590 95 90 95 90 97/8 92/8
Khatau 355 56/4 55/10
Kohinoor 598 83 88 85 91 78
Laxmi 1645 55
Madhusudan 290 85 90
Meyer 230
Morarji 560 70 51/4
New Great 377 83 80 81
Podar 335 32/8 35
Sholapur 6060
Simplex 253 43 45 38 42 41 42
Swadeshi 625 17 18 12 15 12 14 11 18 7 11
Swan 357 55
Tata Mills 77 77/8
Vishnu 660 65

BANKS

Baroda 159
Central 89/8 89/12 88/4 88/8
Imperial (Old) 2240 50
Imperial (New) 557/8 55 56/4
India 242 43/8 42/8
Reserve 117 16/8
Union 10/2 10
U. Commercial 67

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 145 47/8
Andhra Valley 1600 1585
B. Tram (Ord.) 127/8 26/12 27 26/4 26/12
Hydro 177 79
Power 1767/8 70 62/8

INSURANCE.

Empire 760
New India 72/4 73/8 72/8

STEAMER.

B. Steam 555 57/8
Scindia 34/8 34/6 34/12 34/4 34/14 34/9 34/11

STEEL.

B. Steel 27/12 28/12 28/2
I. Iron 35/12 36/3 36/1 36/2 35/10 35/11 35/6
Tata (Defd.) 1845 40 60 45 65 30 60 10 17/8 5 20 12/8 30 7/8 22/8
Tata (Ord.) 368 73 65 71 65 66 64 69 68
Tata (IInd Pref.) 152/8 53 52/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 605 7/8 5
A. C. C. (Old) 172 67 68/8 66 67 64/8 65/8
A. C. C. (New) 98 96
Belapur 275 71/8 78 75
B. B. (Old) 500 492/8 93/12 90 91/4
B. B. (New) 163/12 61/4
B. B. Petrol 3/2 3/3 3/2 3/2/9
Dharamshey Chem. 33/8
I. Bleaching 145
I. I. Trust 101/8
P. Const. 201 3 198/8 200
Shivrajpur 37
Tata Chem. 14/2 14/4 14 14/4
Tata Oil 68 66/8 67 66/8 67
Wimco 271/4 72/8 70 72/8

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 20 21
Central Bank (New) 90
Kohinoor Coupon 51 52
Simplex Coupon 122 24 22
Cooria Mills 255 57/8
Indian Mfg. 4450 60
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 115
Haydari Const. 17/14

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

The Produce Market was quiet today with increased selling groundnuts. Khandesh quality ready were quoted at Rs. 32/- while Bold and Caromandal stood at Rs. 31/- Khandesh quality November was quoted at Rs. 27/8. Bold November December was placed at Rs. 27/1 and December January was quoted at Rs. 26/-. Oil October was quoted at Rs. 17/12. November Rs. 16/12 and December Rs. 16/2. Castorseeds ready were quoted at Rs. 32/12 and Cawnpore Bold at Rs. 31/8. May delivery opened at Rs. 130/3 and declined at Rs. 129/2 Linseed ready was quoted at Rs. 31/- September October was placed at Rs. 30/8 and February March at Rs. 26/8.

Casterseeds May delivery declined at Rs. 128-2 but recovered at Rs. 129-8 on short covering at the close.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 26th September:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	6,22,50,000
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	283,79,33,000
Sundries	1,10,74,000
Total Rs.	296,75,07,000

ASSETS.

	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—	
Government Securities	144,05,96,000
Other Authorised Investments	5,31,05,000
ADVANCES:—	
Loans	25,74,68,000
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	43,56,09,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,57,93,000
Dead Stock	1,55,22,000
Sundries	1,04,93,000
CASH:—	
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India and with the Central Treasury in Rangoon	67,70,66,000
Balances with other Banks	4,18,55,000
Total Rs.	296,75,07,000

Decline In N. Y. Cotton Prices

AFTER EARLY COVERING INCREASED HEDGE TELLS

NEW YORK, Oct. 2 (UPA): Prices turned irregular and the demand was less active on the New York Cotton Exchange today. Prices weakened with grains after steadiness in the forenoon. The erratic action of grains kept professionals jumping to either side. New Orleans operators pressed the selling side manoeuvring to shake out grain traders who had built up the long position during Wednesday's advance. Mill demand had considerably abated, suggesting that manufacturers had covered their requirements for the time being. Conversely, the overall hedge selling was still surprisingly light despite continued large sales in the Southern markets. Transactions in ten markets for three days this week totalled 175,000 bales, almost double the amount for the same period last year. While the action of grains and other commodities proved to be a big price shaping influence, many traders were turning their attention to the next government crop estimates scheduled for October 8th.

CROP DAMAGE.

The conviction is growing that the official figure will show a sharp reduction because of the damage by the two recent tropical storms on the top of normal deterioration and estimates of the reduction very widely ranging from 100,000 to 350,000 bales under the September indication figure of 11,889,000 bales.

The market opened six higher to two lower. Prices crept up to net gains of 14 to 22 points in the forenoon. Covering against cotton sold by the government to Japan and extensive Wednesday's late buying movement explained the rise. The demand ebbed on the basis of December at 31.14 and slumped sharply during the last hour with grains, closing 11 to 26 lower.

The circulation of one delivery notice brought recurring flurries of liquidation in October but the spot position was losing influence in the market. It was pointed out that the open position was now below 58,000 bales with a fortnight available to even up before the expiration of the period.

BRAZILIAN COTTON.

Reports that the U. S. Government was a buyer of Brazilian cotton for shipment to German mills were appearing again but still lack confirmation. The latest version is that one American firm had sold 60,000 bales of South American staple to the Government with payment to be made once manufactured textiles are sold. The firm mentioned in the arrangement denied the report but there are recurring rumours on that score on 'the premise that "where there is smoke, there is fire."

Tokyo advices here say that the Japanese Cotton Spinners Association has declared it would be impossible to install 4,000,000 spindles by the end of next year as planned by the Government. Spinners plan the rehabilitation of 3,360,000 spindles of the four million by June 1949 at the earliest.

While selling pressure and the action of outside markets are to be reckoned with, the market is showing impressively stubborn resistance to declines.

Trade Contacts With Japan

BOMBAY, Oct. 3. (A.P.I.): Mr. Trikamlal Maneklal, a Member of the Committee of the Textile Stores and Machinery Merchants' Association, Bombay, has been permitted by the Government of India to establish trade contacts with Japan. Mr. Trikamlal will leave for Japan in the middle of October.

BOMBAY COTTON CONTROL ACT

A Bill to repeal and re-enact the Bombay Cotton Control Act, 1942, has been published in the Bombay Government "Gazette" dated October 3.

Any law made by the Governor during the Section 93 regime continues to have effect until two years have elapsed from the date on which the Proclamation ceases to have effect, unless sooner repealed or re-enacted by an Act of the Provincial Legislature. It is considered desirable to put the Bombay Cotton Control Act, 1942, made during the Section 93 regime, permanently on the Statute Book with certain modifications namely prohibiting mixing of one standard cotton with any other standard cotton and permitting factories to mix prohibited varieties of cotton or one standard cotton with any other standard cotton, provided such mixed cotton is exclusively used in the manufacture of yarn or cloth.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 2.

For the greater part of the day little business was put through other than small offerings of British Government securities which often left off half a point down. Just before the close, however, investment support was accorded certain industrials especially stores issues which imparted a firmer tone generally.

Burmahs were little changed by the maintenance of the two and a half per cent interim dividend announcement which was as generally expected. The feature in this section was a sharp upward move in ultramars, a sudden demand finding the market short of supplies.

German and Japanese stocks tended higher but the chief movement in the foreign bond market was the fall in Italian bonds.

San Paulo Railways caused a flurry of excitement on hopes of early payment in connection with the takeover and despite periodical profittaking closed higher. Leopoldianas sympathetically moved ahead but lost their improvement before the close.

Rubbers were again bought.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 2.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p c	83-3/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961	104-5/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after	103-1/8
Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90	111-1/8
Victory Bonds 4 p c	112-3/4
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-1/4
Hongkong Bank of India (Lon. Reg.)	116-1/2
National Bank of India	33-1/4

LONDON BULLION.

London, Oct. 2.

Silver Spot 43-1/4 pence. Silver Forward 42-3/4 pence. Gold £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Oct. 2.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 109/6 Oct.-Nov.

NEW YORK SILVER.

New York, Oct. 2.

U. S. Price of Foreign Silver 71-3/8 cents.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Oct. 2.

Hesitancy prevailed whilst buyers allowed the market to consolidate its position after three successive days recovery. Early steadiness gave way to mixed tendencies in most groups and the volume was considerably reduced. Price changes were fractional, losses barely predominating. The averages were industrials 177.91 and rails 48.53. Dribble of profittaking continued to produce on balance losses mostly fractional in restricted trading. Assorted department stores, rubbers, rails, farm implements, motors and amusements were easier. Amusements were only mildly unsettled by reports that American films were banned in Denmark due to United States producers refusal to accept the Government ruling limiting withdrawal profits. Late covering shifted the market to unbalance gains. The market closed irregular.

American Telephone and Telegraph 157-1/4, Amerex Holding Co. 29-1/4, Anaconda Copper Mining 35, Chase National Bank ex-dividend 34-3/4, Sinclair Oil 15-7/8, Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. ex-dividend 50, General Electric Co. 36-1/4, General Motors 59, Ingersol Rand 126-1/2, International Nickel 28-1/8, National City Bank of New York 41, New York Central Rail Road Co. 14-3/4, Socony Vacuum Corporation 16-1/4, Texas Corporation 56-1/4, Union Carbon and Carbide 101-7/8, U.S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. 46-1/2, U.S. Steel Corporation Common 71-5/8, Western Union Telegraph 24-3/4.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates I. T. D. D. 1/8 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/8 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s† 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s† 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s† 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/s† 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/s† 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/s† 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329.

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

Montreal Rs. 328 1/2 dot under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs 3550.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. ——

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

New York London Cross Rate dol. 1.02 15/16 to 4.03 1/16

London Discts. 3 Months 17/32 p.c.

London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money:—Call 1/2 p.c 3 Months 1/2 p.c. 6 Months 3/4 p.c. 12 Months 1 1/4 p.c.

Tone.—Easy

Our London Letter

Censorship Through P.R.O's

INSTITUTE OF JOURNALISTS' STATEMENT TO ROYAL COMMISSION

LONDON, (By Air Mail).—The raid on gold reserves, the first since the war, which took place yesterday, is not likely to diminish the bewilderment of the common man who feels like Alice in the Economic Wonderland. But that it was inevitable was known to those who understand the secrets of statistics. The battle of gap must be fought. There are not enough exports to fill the gap. There is no American loan to draw upon. Gold was the only reserve left to fight the gap. Already £20,000,000 worth of gold has been thrown in the gap. More of gold may be thrown again. But Britain has still £600,000,000 worth of gold left, though this gold does not belong to Britain alone. Some of it belongs to the members of the Sterling area. If all gold reserves are spent Britain would be broke. But sooner or later, other resources would be forthcoming to fill the breach. The new export drive, which has received wide support, is calculated to close at least part of the gap, and it is believed that once this happens, the remainder of the breach would be bridged for a time by the confidence of Overseas holders of Sterling and by their agreement to refrain from another run on the bank.

Censorship Through P. R. O's

The part which Public Relations Officers tend to play in the dissemination of news has come in for a good deal of criticism in the statement submitted by the Institute of Journalists to the Royal Commission on the Press. The Institute of Journalists is the rival of N.U.J. Some call it the handmaid of newspaper proprietors. But with much of what it says about P.R.O's even its opponents are inclined to agree. Public Relations Officers, says the Institute, tend to play up the successes of Government Departments they serve and to suppress news of its failures. The charge of suppression of news of failures cannot be substantiated. But its fears that the existence of the Public Relations Department tends to seal all other sources of official news are not imaginary. It is perfectly right that the press must retain its right of independent enquiry and access to information. If the road to public relation section was the only one left open to journalists, and newspapers had to take their news solely from handouts, a condition approximating to a censorship of officia. news would be established. Indeed were newspapers compelled to rely completely for their information on handouts a situation might easily develop that would not be helpful to the cause of freedom of press. That is precisely why at one of the meetings at the India House, Mr. Sundar Katadi President of the Indian Journalists' Association, stated that they had no intention to be contented with official handouts. Handouts have their value. But it will be dangerous to make them the sole basis of newspaper reports.

Funniest Story Of The Week

Here is the funniest story of the week going rounds in Fleet St.

A bunch of B.B.C. boys it is said, got together to entertain a colleague on the eve of his departure from London. One of the visitors got a bit tipsy but was determined to make a speech. He had made notes on the back of his menu. But when he got up to speak, he had turned over the menu without noticing it. So when he got up and looking at the menu he said "Ladies and gentlemen, tomato soup roast lamb baked potatoes peas chocolate pudding and coffee. I thank you. The laughter and applause that greeted this speech gave him the impression that he had made the speech of the evening. He bowed supremely satisfied and sat down and fell asleep.

WIDESPREAD DAMAGE TO U.P. CROPS

NAND PRAYAG (U.P.) Oct. 2. (A.P.I.): Continued rains in Upper Gharwal have caused widespread damage to crops which are in the process of being harvested with the destruction of ripe paddy and Hangora millet crop, the hill farmers are faced with the grim prospect of famine in the coming winter.

In Nalarl and other upland vallevs snow has covered the crop and in the vallevs unusually heavy snow has fallen

Money In Circulation Shows Increase

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2 (UPA) The Federal reserve Board today reported that money in circulation increased by 3,000,000 dollars to 28,659,000,000 dollars during the week ended October first.

Gold stocks advanced by 5,000,000 dollars, at a rate smaller than in recent weeks.

The moderate rise brought total gold stocks to 21,955,000,000 dollars which again is the highest since January 19, 1944.

Chicago Grains Market

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.

After advancing at the outset on further commercial buying of wheat against substantial sales to the C.C.C. prices slumped sharply on heavy profittaking and stopless selling induced by slower demand for cash maize. Favourable weather and rumours that the C.C.C. had withdrawn from the wheat market were additional factors. In final trading, December wheat rallied from 281-1/2 to 287 on renewed commercial demand. The C.C.C. Minneapolis office purchased 2,121,000 bushels of wheat yesterday, Kansas city 705,000 and Chicago 275,000.

Silver Mine Sold To Mexican Govt.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 3. (U.P.A.): The "Real del Monte" silver mine, which had been producing 1,000,000 ounces of silver monthly, has been sold by the United States Smelting and Refining Company to the Mexican Government for the equivalent of dol. 2,000,000. The United States company sold the mine because of increased operating costs, lower grade ore, high silver taxes, and reduced reserves.

SILVER COINS IN MEXICO

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 3. (U.P.A.): Mexicans like their new silver money so much that they are reluctant to spend it.

Although crowds continue to line up at the Banco de Mexico to convert bank-notes into shiny one-peso and five-peso coins relatively few of the new pieces have been seen in circulation.

Bank officials conclude that the public is hoarding coins. They predict hundreds of millions of silver coins will have to be minted before the demand is satiated.

KARACHI MARKETS

KARACHI, Oct. 2.

Cottonseed N. T. ready 10/10, January 8/8, easier under selling pressure from Sind Commission Houses. Gold Ready 104, sovereigns 68, steadier Cotton ready figure 48/8, Sind N. T. roller 58, Punjab L.S.S. roller 54/8, steadier with good ready demand. Yesterday business 4,000 bales and exports 6,492 out of which 5,000 for Bombay.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Oct. 2

October	30.95—17
December	30.80—12
December Highest	31.14+22
December Lowest	30.75—17
January	30.8- 13
March	30.93—11
May	30.72—26
July	30.34—16
October	28.87—08
December	28.53—10
Middling Spot	31.15—15

NEW ORLEANS

NEW YORK Oct. -

October	30.91—1.
December	30.87—02
March	30.96—02
May	30.87—01
July	30.43—04
Middling Spot	30.35—20

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1906
Capital Subscribed Rs 3,00,00,000
Capital Paid up ... Rs. 1,50,00,000
Reserve ... Rs 2,00,00,000
HEAD OFFICE
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.
BRANCHES.
AHMEDABAD
Bhadra (Main Office) Ellis Bridge.
Manek Chowk Station Branch
AMRITSAR
ANDHERI: Near Bombay
BANDRA Near Bombay
BOMBAY: Bullion Exchange.
Colaba
Kalbadevi
Malabar Hill
BHUJ (Kutch)
CALICUT
COIMBATORE
CALCUTTA.
Clive Street (Main Office), Bara Bazar, Chowringhee Square.
HYDERABAD Sind.
JAMSHEDPUR.
JUNAGADH.
KARACHI
MADRAS
NAGPUR. Kingsway, Itwari Bazar.
PALANPUR
POONA
POONA CITY.
RAJKOT
SURAT
SHOLAPUR
VERAVAL
LONDON BRANCH—11 ROBGATE LONDON E C 2
NEW YORK AGENTS
THE CHASE NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS. Except in certain places interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent per annum interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement.
FIXED SHORT AND SAVINGS, BANK DEPOSITS received on favourable terms. Rates on application.
The Bank acts as EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE UNDER WILLS AND SETTLEMENTS and undertakes trustee business generally. Rules may be obtained on application.
General Banking Business Transacted.
A. C. CLARKE, General Manager

Time Tested Team
P.K. Sen's
CHALMUGRA SOAP & OINTMENT

INDIA'S ANCIENT INFALLIBLE SPECIFICS MADE MORE EFFECTIVE BY MODERN RESEARCH FOR EVERY SKIN DISEASE AT EVERY STAGE
P.K. SEN'S DRUGS & CHEMICAL WORKS
CHITTAGONG

MUTT AND JEFF—At Least The Chicken Had Toes On Her Shoes — By BUD FISHER

TWO BUCKS AS IS! YES OR NO?
O.K. I'LL BUY IT!
JEFF, JUST A SECOND! HOW ABOUT SELLING ME THAT CHICKEN?
I'LL GIVE YOU $2.50
BUT, MEATS HARD TO GET!
YES, I KNOW, BUT YOU'RE SINGLE! I GOT A FAMILY! HERE'S THREE BUCKS!
YOO HOO! M'LOVE! I HAVE A LITTLE SUPRISE FOR YOU!
?
Bud Fisher

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Goan, East Indian or Mangalorian society girl, age over 20, educated, handsome and well connected, for a bachelor age 33, having a very good business in Bombay with a net income of nearly Rs. 4,000/- monthly. Kindly give full details to Box No. 7127, "Bombay Chronicle." Correspondence strictly confidential.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a shorthand Typist, residing at Vile-Parle for Casual and Urgent Work on Sundays, Holidays and Spare-time. Write Box No. 7111 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for Power House class I, competence certificate holder or one holding diploma of any recognised Institution. Apply Box No. 7133 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Qualified Mechanical Engineer with following minimum qualification. Technical: A Diploma in Mechanical Engineering from V. J. Tech., Poona Engineering College or similar institution. Practical subsequent to technical training 5 years in Marine, Railway or similar large Engineering works. Salary Rs. 250 rising to 400 per month. Apply Box No. 7099, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified Chief Engineer for a Hydrogenation Plant, to take complete charge of a 25-ton Vegetable Ghee Factory, under erection, in Berar: and One Civil Engineer fully qualified with experience of factory for the above: Please apply with the full particulars to Box No. 5458, "Bombay Chronicle".

Globe Informations Society, Agra, promptly arranges employments of every nature in India and abroad. Apply stating qualifications. (7105)

Wanted Door-to-Door Salesmen. Liberal Commission. Apply enclosing Postage. Parijat Powder Depot. Bombay 4. (7135)

SITUATIONS WANTED

Christian of sterling character, Matriculate General Clerk. 8 years' Mercantile and services experience. Knows typing. Contact to Box No. 7128, "Bombay Chronicle."

SOCIAL

Pen, personal friends introduced for social contact, arts, hobbies business. India, abroad. Prospectus free. Aesthetic Society, Post Box 5531, Bombay. (5731)

Make Friends: For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional, Social and such other connections. Particulars from: The Universal League of Introduction, 5 Hamam St., Fort, Bombay. (7115)

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Available on lease ideal site for picture house in the heart of civil lines Ludhiana. Correspond No. 6972, "Bombay Chronicle"

Vispee Company (House Agents) procures Residential and Business Premises for any community, anywhere from single double rooms to large flats. Strictly on commission only. Call personally, Balaram House, Charni Road Tram Junction. Holidays closed. (7136)

(HOTELS IN HILL STATION)

Deolali Grand Hotel. Good Rooms available with Baths. Terms Moderate. Phone No. 12. Apply Manager. (6927)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Bombay Matric. General and Textual English. Intensive Coaching Postal/Oral Tuition. Join immediately: Office Training Institute, Above Govt. Grain Shop 188, Lady Jamshetji Road, Shivaji Park, Bombay 28. (7139)

Matric Students!! Don't be without "Lakhani's Latest Price List" before preparing for the Examination. Sent free on request from Lakhani Book Depot, Girgaon, Bombay. (7140)

Homoeopathy. Easily learnt by Post. For Particulars See Grace Mission's Display Advt. on page 2 this issue. (197)

ASTROLOGICAL

Thoroughly accurate Life Reading Rs. 10, one question Rs. 2, Birth Time necessary. Consult Famous Astrologer, V. P. Kanhere, 129, Shukurwar, Poona City. (7103)

Know your Future regarding finance, health, marriage, business, children, speculation, partnership, longevity, landed-property, legacies, loss, travel, etc! Answers to Five questions Rs. 3. Ten years' Life-Reading Rs. 10. Life-Reading Rs. 25. Correct birth time, place and date of birth or worked-out Oriental or Occidental Horoscope required. Works prepared according to Oriental System, and sent by V.P.P. Write Box No. 7009 "Bombay Chronicle"

MEDICAL ADLETS

A very powerful and world renowned remedy which cures Asthma completely by one dose to be taken on full moon night of 29-10-1947. Apply Shree Mahatma Maunibaba, Ayurvedic Ashram, Chitrakot, Dist. Banda, U.P. (7142)

Insanity Mental Derangement either partial or complete insanity or any mental derangement, of youngsters or old people will be undertaken in Bombay and suburbs at moderate charge. Please communicate Box No. 7100, "Bombay Chronicle".

Asthma and Nerve diseases radically cured by Massage. Write Dr. Kale Bismillah Building, Ranade Rd., Dadar. (7138)

MOTOR-DRIVING

Motor-Driving Taught, within two weeks' time, to Gents and Ladies (special arrangements for ladies) guaranteed, for the licence. Apply sharp Box No. 7141 "Bombay Chronicle."

LIVE STOCK

For Dog's Sickness Consult Seervai of Bellemont Kennels. Post Box 6505, or Phone 43245. (5471)

IMPORT-EXPORT

General Export Agents. European and Overseas Service Co., Ltd., 565, Fulham Road, London, S.W.6. (Cables Euroseas, London) desire to contact import agents, etc., with view to business.

INVESTMENT.

Bengal Cotton Cultivation & Mills Ltd. Estd.—1940, Dividend paid 55% up-to-date, unique combination of cotton plantation and Mill (with Company's invented spinning plant) in India. Expansion of business offers scope for respectable share-selling Agents. Apply to Planters Syndicate Ltd., Mg. Agents, "Grosvenor House" 21, Old Court House St., Calcutta—1. (5472)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Stocks of Beryl, lying at Bhilwara and Nasirabad are available for Sale. For further particulars interested parties should immediately correspond with M/s. Narendra Mineral Products, Outside Hathipole, Udaipur (Mewar). 7101

Stainless Steel—For Sale.—Offers are invited for two tons of Stainless Steel Sheets, 20 and 24 gauge. Delivery from stock. Apply Kuttan & Co., Trichur, Cochin State. (7106)

MOTOR CAR FOR SALE

For Sale Baby Ford, lovely sport model (1936) strong body in excellent condition 10 H.P. offer Rs. 4,500 or more. No brokers. Apply Box No. 7050 "Bombay Chronicle."

For Immediate Sale one Fiat Motor Car, 1938 model, 4 cylinder, 11 horsepower in perfect running condition price about Rs. 4,300 Phone 41274 between 9 to 11 A.M. 7110

MOTOR TRUCKS FOR SALE

For Immediate Sale 2 Chevrolet lorries 5 Ton. 1944 model in good running condition. Phone 41274 between 9 to 11 A.M. 7109

Sale of Vehicles. Registered and Unregistered Motor Trucks of Well Known Makers, such as Chevrolet, Ford, Austin, Albion, etc. Chevrolet Station Wagons, Special Delux Cars, Crane, etc. Contact New Bombay Transport Company, Near Adamji Lookmanji Petrol Pump, Frere Road, Bombay. Telephone No. 28493. (7132)

PROPERTIES WANTED

Industrial Concern requires 45/50 acres of land suitable for industrial purposes within easy reach of railway facilities and roads—should be level and well drained and a reasonable distance from Electric Supply. Andheri-Borivli District preferred. Write in first instance to Box No. 5503. "Bombay Chronicle"

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale Bungalow belonging to late Mrs. Baker, built on European style, very comfortable for 2/3 families, or several families in servants quarters and compound by fixing tent, compound alone 2½ acres with one Well and two Tube Wells, situated at Kolshet Road, Thana, Bungalow 3½ miles from Thana Station and 23 miles from Bombay, half mile from Bus stand. Beautiful climate, site and scene. Bears absolute comforts for owners of conveyance or cyclists. Price Rs. 30,000/-, or three years rent in advance Rs. 7,200/-. Apply The Jwala Palace, Borivli or telephone 84019. 5396

For Sale:—Land, 700 Yards, near Premier Mill, Worli and One shed having Shops, Katrak Road, Wadala. D. S. C/o. Kazi, Madina Manzil, Suparibag Road, Parel. Tel. No. 61528. (7130)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Manganese Mining Machinery—For Sale. Tram Line Track and Accessories— Pump-Sets, Electric Motors and High Tension Transformers— Haulage Gear—Underground Cables, Switch Boards, etc. Pipes, Specials and Accessories—Tools such as Die and Tap Sets, Files, Spanners, etc. All in good working condition. Useful for working Manganese Mines. For detailed particulars apply to: Kutty & Rao (Engineers) Ltd., 195, Broadway, Madras. (5488)

For Sale Hill brand American Verticle Diesel Oil Engines available in 3 sizes ranging from 6 to 48 H.P. complete with electric starting equipment, RPM 600 to 1600. Most efficient and durable. Already shipped. Expected soon at Calcutta Port. Apply to: Bahri & Company, (1) P-39, Mission Row, Extn. Cal: (2) Latouche Road, Cawnpore. 5385

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Coloured Views of Dakohineswar Kali temple where Ramkrishna Paramhangsa obtained Attainment of Success A complete set of 16 Re. 1 only. V. P. charges extra. Apply, Secretary, Ravi Rani Rashmonic Smrity Samiti, 19, S. N. Banerji Road, Calcutta. 5461

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 180/- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors, Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S cables all sizes. good discounts for quantities Apply **Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle."**

PUBLIC NOTICES

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, on or before 12 noon on the 5th November, 1947.

Tender No. SP/Gb. 2/374/A for the supply of Lamps Brake Van Tail complete.

Tender forms can be obtained from the undernoted official on payment of the following charge to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

Tender form at Rs. 2/- per copy from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, Calcutta.

Firms outside Calcutta may, however, remit the amount for tender forms to the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, Calcutta, direct by money order.

Once these documents are issued no refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager (Works) room by the tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.

(5490)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited before 15-11-1947, from natives of Bombay Province, for one post of SENIOR VETERINARY SURGEON, Haffkine Institute, Bombay. AGE:—Not more than 30 years on 1-1-1948, relaxable in the case of highly qualified and experienced candidates. PAY:—Rs. 220-500 PLUS free quarters after training period. Higher starting pay admissible. QUALIFICATIONS:—(i) A degree in Veterinary Science, (ii) postgraduate training in bacteriology and pathology for two years, and (iii) experience in care of horses, management of personnel and large scale production of antitoxins and sera for not less than three years. Knowledge of standardisation of antitoxins and sera preferred. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 3½ annas stamps and CROSSED Postal Order for Rupee one payable to the "Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay", who will also supply full details on request. CANVASSING IN ANY FORM WILL DISQUALIFY THE CANDIDATE CONCERNED.

(5489)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
CENTRAL P.W.D.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED by the undersigned for enlistment as Contractors in the following categories, in the C.P.W.D.:

A:—BUILDINGS AND ROADS:—
- (a) Class I:—Qualified to tender for works upto any amount.
- (b) Class II:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs.
- (c) Class III:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Re. 1 lakh.
- (d) Class IV:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Rs. 50,000/-.
- (e) Class V:—Qualified to tender for works not exceeding Rs. 10,000/-.

B:—SANITARY AND WATER SUPPLY:—
- (a) Class I:—Qualified to tender for works upto any amount
- (b) Class II:—Qualified to tender for works upto 10,000/-.
- (c) Class III:—Qualified to tender for works upto Rs. 2,000/-.

C:—FURNITURE:—
- (a) Class I:—Qualified to tender for works upto any amount.
- (b) Class II:—Qualified to tender for works upto Rs. 10,000/-.
- (c) Class III:—Qualified to tender for works upto Rs 2,000/-.

The contractors already enlisted in the C.P.W.D. should also apply for fresh enlistment under any one of the new classes. It is proposed to cancel the existing list of contractors as soon as possible.

Revised rules and qualifications required for enlistment under the various categories, can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of one rupee.

It is proposed to consider the applications for enlistment on 1st November, 1947 and contractors are requested to submit their applications so as to reach the office of the undersigned before that date

B. S. PURI,
Chief Engineer.
Central P.W.D
NEW DELHI

5304

BUSINESS FOR SALE

New Palacial Cinema House complete with building latest up-to-date Machinery. Well paying in big City in Bombay Presidency. Apply Box No. 7134 "Bombay Chronicle."

Absolutely exclusive, most profitable, guaranteed safest business, offered only to genuine party ready to give immediately Rs. 1,00,000/- least. Apply Box No. 7131 "Bombay Chronicle."

FINANCE & PARTNERSHIPS

Wanted a financier for Rs. 10,000/- against a sound Business Amount repayable in (3) years with interest. Apply **Box No. 7129 "Bombay Chronicle."**

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE M. S. M. & S. I. RAILWAYS JOINT SERVICE COMMISSION, MADRAS.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts on the M.S.M and S.I. Railways. All appointments are temporary in the first instance.

2. Details regarding approximate number of vacancies available, communal Reservation, Pay, Qualifications, age limit, etc. are given below for each category. In the case of applications from scheduled Caste candidates, the upper age limit will be three years more than that specified below against each category. The following abbreviations have been used:

NB. for Non-Brahmin Hindu.

B. for Brahmin.

SC. for Scheduled Caste Hindu.

AI. for Anglo-Indian or Domiciled European.

M. for Muslim.

OMC. for Other Minority Communities, i.e., Indian Christian, Parsee or Sikh.

3. QUALIFICATIONS.

"Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent" means:—

(i) Candidates who are declared eligible for College Course and/or Public Service;

or (ii) Passed Junior Cambridge or European Middle School;

or (iii) Matriculation; or Army, Navy or Air Force Certificates declared by the Government as equal to Matriculation."

FOR M. & S. M. RAILWAY.

Category I. SANITARY INSPECTORS—3.

NB 1; SC 1; M. 1 Pay Rs. 57½-2½-75 plus Cycle Allowance of Rs. 5/- per mensem. Candidates should be fully qualified Sanitary Inspectors possessing Sanitary Inspector's Diploma. Candidates having previous experience in Municipalities and Local Boards and in the Army will be preferred. Age below 30 years on 1-10-1947.

Category II. APPRENTICE BRIDGE INSPECTORS—4

NB. 1; SC. 1; M. 1; OMC. 1. Pay Rs. 60-10-100. Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent; proficiency in Mathematics essential; proficiency in Science will be an additional qualification. Candidates with L.C.E. or Upper Subordinate qualifications preferred. Age between 18 and 22 years on 1-10-1947.

Category III. PROBATIONARY JUNIOR INSPECTOR OF STATION ACCOUNTS—1.

SC. or OMC. Pay Rs. 100/- fixed during training. Candidates should possess a degree in Arts, Science or Commerce of a recognised University and should be physically fit in every respect for outdoor and travelling duties. Age between 18 and 25 years on 1-10-1947

Category IV. PROBATIONARY JUNIOR CLERKS —12.

SC. 50; AI 20; M 10; OMC. 10; NB. 20; B. 10. Pay Rs. 20/- fixed during training and Rs. 31/- fixed thereafter. Height 5 ft. 4 in. Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent. Eyesight normal without glasses. Age 18 to 21 years on 1-10-1947. Selected candidates are required to furnish a cash security of Rs. 500/- before appointment.

Category V. APPRENTICE TRAIN EXAMINERS—8.

SC. 3; AI. 2; M. 2; OMC. 1. Pay Rs. 21-1½-27. Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent. Height 5 ft. 4 in. Age 17 to 19 years on 1-10-1947.

Category VI. ASSISTANT TRAIN EXAMINERS—12.

NB. 4; B. 2; SC. 2; M. 2; AI. 1; OMC. 1. Pay Rs. 42½-2½-55. Candidates should have passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent and should have undergone prescribed course of five years in carriage and wagon workshops as Apprentice Assistant Train Examiner on any railway. Eyesight normal without glasses. Age below 40 years on 1-10-1947.

Category VII. DRAFTSMEN-SURVEYORS—34.

NB. 12; SC. 6; M. 6; AI. 6; OMC. 4 (Applications from qualified candidates of other communities will also be considered). Pay according to qualifications. B.E. Rs. 155/- fixed; Diploma holders of Engineering College Rs. 140/- fixed: Upper Subordinates/L.C.E.s Rs. 100/- fixed: Lower Subordinates Rs. 62/8/- fixed. Age 18 to 24 years on 1-10-1947.

Category VIII. ASSISTANT SCHOOL MISTRESSES—10

AI. only. Pay Rs. 70-2½-85. Should possess European High School or Secondary School Leaving Certificate and Middle Grade Teachers' training or Secondary Grade teachers' training certificate. Preference to those with Needlework, Domestic Science, Physical Training or Music Certificates No strict age limit, but those below 40 on 1-10-1947 and without encumbrances preferred.

Category IX. ELECTRICIAN—1.

Other than NB. or B. Pay Rs. 57½-2½-75. Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent. L.E.E. diploma and at least 2 years' training and practical experience in an Electric supply undertaking. No age limit.

Category IX A. LADY ASSISTANT OR SUB. ASSISTANT SURGEONS —2.

NB. B. SC. or M Pay Rs. 150-10-200 for Assistant Surgeons and 125-5-150 for Sub Asst. Surgeons. One of the two posts is at Hubli and the incumbent of this post will get a conveyance allowance of Rs. 20/- p.m. while the incumbent of the other post will be paid a conveyance allowance of Rs. 10/- p.m. Qualifications required —M.B.B.S., L.M.S., D.M. & S. or L.M.T. M.B. (Calcutta), L.M.F. (Bengal) and L.C.P.S. (Bombay) also acceptable. Candidates should have training in House Surgeoncy. Those with experience in child welfare work preferred.

FOR S.I. RAILWAY

Category X. CHIEF ENGINEER FOR DHANUSHKODI-TALAIMANNAR FERRY SERVICE STEAMER—1.

Candidates of Indian Domicile only need apply. Pay Rs. 600/- for the first year and Rs. 650/- on completion of one year's satisfactory service. Shore quarters are provided on payment of the usual rent recoverable as per Railway rules. Candidates should possess a Second Class B.O.T. (Steam) or a Colonial Engineer's Certificate of equal standing and should also have a minimum of 5 years' seagoing experience as a holder of 2nd Class B.O.T. (Steam) Certificate or the equivalent Colonial Engineer's Certificate. Age between 25 and 50 years as on 1-10-1947.

Category XI. ASSISTANT SCHOOL MISTRESSES—2

AI. only and should be unmarried. Pay Rs. 70-2½-85. Middle Grade Trained (High School minimum). Should hold certificate in Physical Training, Needle Work, Domestic Science or Music. Age below 40 years on 1-10-1947.

Category XII ASSISTANT SURGEON —1

SC. or M. Pay Rs. 200/- fixed. Candidate must be a registered medical practitioner, whose name is borne on one of the Indian Provincial Medical Registers and must be in possession of a qualification not lower than an M.B.B.S. degree of a recognised university, or a qualification registerable in the United Kingdom. Candidates with L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. etc. may also apply. Free unfurnished quarters will be allowed, if available. Age below 30 years on 1-10-1947.

Category XIII. SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS—2

SC. 1; M. 1. Pay Rs. 75-5-150. L.M.P. or equivalent qualification or higher. Medical graduates will be offered a higher starting salary. Free quarters will be provided, if available. Age below 30 years on 1-10-1947.

Category XIV. STIPEND APPRENTICES FOR CENTRAL WORKSHOPS AND FOR CHIEF MECHANICAL ENGINEER'S OFFICE, GOLDEN ROCK—7.

NB. 4; B. 2; SC. 1. Must have passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent with Mathematics, physics or Chemistry as optional subject. Age between 16 and 19 years on 1-10-1947. Candidates will be given free boarding and lodging in the Railway Hostels where they are bound to stay. In addition, they will be given annas three per day as pocket money. The Apprenticeship shall be for a period of 5 years. Selected candidates should furnish a security deposit of Rs. 50/ Preference will be given to sons of employees.

4. In addition to pay detailed above for each category, Dearness Allowance under the rules and an Interim Relief of Rs. 4/8/- p.m. (for so long as it is sanctioned) will be admissible. This Interim Relief will not however, be admissible to category XIV. The scales of pay are likely to be revised on the basis of the Central Pay Commission's recommendations.

5. Applications should be made on the prescribed form obtainable at a cost of Re. 1/- from the Secretary, M.S.M. and S.I. Railways Joint Service Commission, 53, Gangadhareswar Koil Street, Vepery, Madras 7, by writing to him by POST so as to reach him on or before 20-10-1947 enclosing a sufficiently stamped self-addressed envelope and a crossed Indian Postal Order for Rupee One, payable to the Paymaster and Cashier, M. & S. M. Railway, Madras. Requisitions for application forms and correspondence on the subject, should be addressed to the Secretary, M.S.M. & S.I. Railways Joint Service Commission and not to the Paymaster and Cashier, M. & S. M. Railway. If addressed to the latter, application forms will not be supplied. Also, money orders should not, under any circumstances, be sent when applying for application forms. Scheduled Caste candidates who are Hindus, need only send four one anna postage stamps in place of the crossed Indian Postal Order for Rupee One.

6. Ex-Servicemen can obtain application forms free of cost from the nearest Employment Office in Madras Presidency. They must also send their applications through the same office.

7. The applicant must clearly specify on his application form THE CATEGORY of the post applied for and the ADVERTISEMENT NUMBER. On completion, the application form must be sent by post to the Secretary, so as to reach him on or before 24-10-1947

8. Unselected candidates will not be informed of the result of their applications. Letters from candidates asking for further information regarding their applications will not be replied to.

JSC/47/ADV 12.

Madras, Dated 29/9/47. 5482

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS

The Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, desires the public to note that the advertisement for the sale of Shorts Khaki Drill and Jerkins Leather, published in the issue of our paper dated 28th September, 1947, should be treated as cancelled.

ISSUED BY

The Director General of Disposals,

NEW DELHI

(5494)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DISPOSALS

The Director General of Disposals, New Delhi, desires the public to note that X-Ray Sets and Equipment, recently advertised for sale, will NOT (repeat NOT) now be sold.

ISSUED BY

The Directorate General of Disposals,

NEW DELHI

(5493)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
ASSISTANT SHIPWRIGHT FOREMAN

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for an appointment of an Assistant Shipwright Foreman in the grade of Rs. 350-20-450 plus free unfurnished quarters or house allowance in lieu of the quarters with 17½% war allowance, subject to revision in the light of Central Government's decision on the Pay Commission's Report.

Applicants must be of Indian Domicile and should not be more than 30 years of age. They must possess a theoretical knowledge of ship construction including strength of materials, stresses in ships, stability, displacement, etc. and must also have served a full term apprenticeship in an approved shipyard building various types of vessels, six months of which should have been spent in the Mould loft.

The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of one year and will be confirmed if found satisfactory after that period. He will be required to produce a certificate of physical fitness from the Chief Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust. The post is subject to the usual leave and Provident Fund Rules of the Bombay Port Trust as amended from time to time.

Applications which must be in the candidate's handwriting giving age, nationality, place of birth, full particulars of qualifications and experience, present pay and appointment with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, must reach this office not later than Tuesday, the 28th October, 1947 and should be addressed to the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, in sealed cover with the endorsement "Appointment of Assistant Shipwright Foreman."

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees or any of their Officers will disqualify the candidate concerned.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road. Fort. Bombay

(5413)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
RELIEVING DREDGING MASTER

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for an appointment of a Relieving Dredging Master in the grade of Rs. 500-25-550 plus free unfurnished quarters or house allowance in lieu of the quarters with 17½% war allowance, subject to revision in the light of Central Government's decision on the Pay Commission's Report.

Applicants must be of Indian Domicile, should not be more than possession of Master Mariner's 35 years of age and must be in Certificate. Experience in the working of Bucket or Suction Dredgers will be regarded as an additional qualification.

It is proposed to train the successful candidate in Drag Suction Dredging with a view to appointing him to the post of Dredging Master when a vacancy arises.

The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of six months and will be confirmed if found satisfactory after that period. He will be required to produce a certificate of physical fitness from the Chief Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust. The post is subject to the usual Leave and Provident Fund Rules of the Bombay Port Trust as amended from time to time.

Applications, which must be in the candidate's handwriting, giving age, nationality, place of birth, full particulars of qualifications and experience, present pay and appointment with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, must reach this office not later than Tuesday, the 28th October, 1947, and should be addressed to the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, in sealed cover with the endorsement "Appointment of Relieving Dredging Master."

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees or any of their Officers will disqualify the candidate concerned.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

(5412)

BOMBAY PORT TRUST
ASSISTANT FOREMAN DIVER

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for an appointed of an Assistant Foreman Diver in the grade of Rs. 250-15-325 plus free unfurnished quarters or house allowance in lieu of the quarters with 17½% war allowance, subject to revision in the light of Central Government's decision on the Pay Commission's Report.

Applicants must be of Indian Domicile, should not be more than 30 years of age and must be trained as Diver and Shipwright and able to carry out the usual minor under-water repairs to ships, etc. Experience in salvage works will be regarded as an additional qualification

It is proposed to train the successful candidate in salvage work in the Docks with a view to appointing him to the post of Junior Foreman Diver when a vacancy arises.

The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of six months and will be confirmed if found satisfactory after that period. He will be required to produce a certificate of physical fitness from the Chief Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust. The post is subject to the usual leave and Provident Fund Rules of the Bombay Port Trust as amended from time to time.

Applications which must be in the candidate's handwriting giving age, nationality, place of birth, full particulars of qualifications and experience, present pay and appointment with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, must reach this office not later than Tuesday, the 28th October, 1947 and should be addressed to the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, in sealed cover with the endorsement "Appointment of Assistant Foreman Diver."

Any attempt to bring personal influence to bear upon the members of the Board of Trustees or any of their Officers will disqualify the candidate concerned.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

(5414)

NOTICE.
GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY, AUCTION SALE.

THERE WILL BE an Auction Sale of the following articles on MONDAY, the 6th October, 1947, as per particulars given below:—

(I) Thick empty cardboard cartons of approximate sizes 19" x 13" x 7" about 3,000 in number, at the Central Separated Milk Powder Depot, Brabourne Stadium, Churchgate Street; Extension, at 11-30 A.M.

(II) Empty 5 lbs. milk powder tins, about 2,500 in number, at the Readymoney Terrace, Lovegrove Road, Worli at 3 P.M.

TERMS: 25% spot cash and the balance to be paid and the empties to be removed within 8 days of the date of auction.

D. N. KHURODY.
Milk Commissioner,
Bombay.

Bombay, 26th September, 1947.

(5481)

TENDER NOTICE

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER "Construction", G.I.P. Railway, Loco Offices' Building, Parel, invites tenders upto 3 P.M. on 27-10-1947 for 11 units of Mitra 'A' type quarters at Kalyan and 8 units of Mitra 'A' type quarters at Igatpuri. The tender, schedule and conditions of contract can be had from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. A set of Drawings for the work can be seen in his office on working days during office hours or can be purchased on an additional payment of Rs. 8/- per set. These sums will not be refunded in any case.

(5492)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co. Ltd. by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press Red Building Parsi Bazar Street Fort, Bombay.